# Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

for

Black & Veatch Limited

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# Company Information For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

**DIRECTORS:** 

B A Ainsworth D W McCarthy

D R Still

G W Townsend A E Collins E K Wrighton

**SECRETARIES:** 

G C Hedemann

C A Kıernan

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

Grosvenor House

69 London Road

Redhill Surrey RH1 1LQ

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

03163649 (England and Wales)

**AUDITORS:** 

KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants 8 Salisbury Square

London EC4Y 8BB

Report of the Directors For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2007

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Black & Veatch Holding Company, a corporation whose principal place of business is at 8400 Ward Parkway, Kansas City, Missouri 64114, United States of America

The principal activities of the company in the year under review was that of the design, manufacture, construction and installation of water production, filtration, effluent, sewage treatment plants and electricity generation plants for municipal and industrial applications in the United Kingdom and throughout the world

### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

The results for the year and financial position of the company are as shown in the annexed financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2007, revenue increased by £239 1 million from the previous year. The increase was primarily attributable to the acquisition of the civil contracting business of MJ Gleeson Plc in October 2006. Excluding the acquisition, total revenue growth for the year ended 31 December 2007 would have been £61 3 million, an increase of 18 7% over 2006, primarily driven by new design/build work secured and being executed in the Asia Pacific region.

Black & Veatch has long been a leader in delivering essential and reliable technology to clients. The holding company invests heavily in research and development activities appropriate to the nature and size of its operations with the aim of supporting the future development of the company, in the medium to long-term future. Strategic planning activities have identified a number of best-of-class technologies that resulted in a number of updates to existing services.

As shown in the company's profit and loss account on page 7, the company's turnover has improved. The major factors resulting in the movements were

- 1 The business expansion from the acquisition of the assets of the M J Gleeson water business. The acquisition more than doubles the size of Black & Veatch's existing UK Water operations and brings added project delivery capabilities to clients. With these additional construction capabilities, the company is now a single source provider of engineering design, process engineering and construction for UK water clients.
- 2 Successful implementation of Drive for Value strategy that strengthened the financial position while also enhancing service to clients, driving higher levels of project execution and addressing issues the employees faced
- 3 Foreign exchange movements resulting from changes in the rates between Sterling and the U.S. Dollar

There have been no significant events since the balance sheet date which should be considered for a proper understanding of these financial statements

The company manages its operations on a matrix organisation structure which divides its operation into regional business sector and regional function sector. The regional business directors will be responsible for all activities and business within their respective areas, whereas, the functional regional directors will be responsible for setting and monitoring goals, expectations and performance in their respective areas of operation. For this reason, the company's directors believe that further key performance indicators for the company are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

### **DIVIDENDS**

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2006 nil)

### **DIRECTORS**

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2007 to the date of this report

B A Ainsworth D W McCarthy D R Still G W Townsend

Report of the Directors
For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

### **DIRECTORS** - continued

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows

C A Johnson III - resigned 21 December 2007 A E Collins - appointed 21 December 2007 E K Wrighton - appointed 21 December 2007

### **DIRECTORS INDEMNITY**

Certain directors benefited from qualifying third party indemnity provisions in place during the financial year and at 31 December 2007

### ISSUE OF SHARE CAPITAL

During the year the company issued £14,527,845 shares at par

### POLITICAL AND CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

The company made no charitable donations during the year (2006 £100). The company made no political donations in the current year and prior year.

# **ELECTIVE RESOLUTION**

The company has passed resolutions to dispense with the requirement to hold Annual General Meetings and to re-appoint the auditors on an annual basis KPMG will therefore continue in office

# PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Competitive pressure is a continuing risk for the company, which could result in it losing sales to its key competitors. To manage this risk, the company strives to provide enhancing service to its clients, driving higher levels of project execution and addressing issues promptly, and through the maintenance of strong relationships with customers.

Nearly 9% of the company's turnover is derived from overseas trade (2006 14%) and it is therefore exposed to currency movements on such sales. Where appropriate, the company manages this risk with forward foreign exchange contracts in line with its treasury policies.

The company's businesses may be affected by fluctuations in the price and supply of key raw materials, although purchasing policies and practices seek to mitigate, where practicable, such risks

The company operates a hybrid pension scheme comprising a defined contribution section and a defined benefit section. The defined benefit section is closed to new members and is currently in deficit. The funding level of this pension plan is subject to adverse change resulting from movements in the actuarial assumptions underlying the calculation of plan liabilities, including decreasing discount rates and increasing longevity of plan members, as well as declines in the market value of plan investments. Significant adverse changes in the actuarial assumptions underlying the UK plan valuation and the company's share of any deficit-reduction contributions made into the plan could materially impact the company's financial position.

Report of the Directors For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

### **ENVIRONMENT**

The company recognises the importance of its environmental responsibilities, monitors its impact on the environment, and designs and implements policies to mitigate any adverse impact that might be caused by its activities. The company operates through its four initiatives - People, Clients, Environment and Financial, as noted in its Annual Review, which does not form part of this Report. The company recognises the important impact of climate change by developing management and technology solutions in its business that help mitigate the problem. Other initiatives aimed at minimising the company's impact on the environment include safe disposal of manufacturing waste, recycling and reducing energy consumption.

### **EMPLOYEES**

Details of the number of employees and related costs can be found in note 5 to the financial statements

It is the policy of the company to give full and fair consideration to applications for employment made by disabled persons having regard to their particular aptitudes and abilities, to continue wherever possible the employment of and to arrange appropriate training for those who become disabled and to provide equal opportunities for the training and career development of disabled employees

It is also the policy of the company to maintain and develop the involvement of all employees in the affairs of the company by which each is employed. Local managers provide, on a regular basis, information of concern to employees using a variety of methods such as business review meetings, briefing discussions and training sessions. The views of employees are also sought on matters affecting them

The group of companies set another record year for safety and health excellence in 2007 globally. In addition to producing industry-leading statistical performance, Black & Veatch employees also earned recognition from clients and governing agencies around the world. The company operates the Target Zero Incidents initiative and Behaviour Based Safety (BBS) program. In addition, with the acquisition of MJ Gleeson's water business in 2006, Black & Veatch adopted multiple elements of Gleeson's safety and health programs including construction safety procedures and a positive safety culture.

### THE FUTURE

The company is well-positioned to seize market opportunities as an organisation with diverse talent and world-class execution capabilities. As the company is now a single source provider of engineering design, process engineering and construction for UK water clients, the business opportunities is endless. At no time in history has there been such volatility in the marketplace, where energy, water, safety and security issues are equally discussed and debated in social settings, at the highest levels of government and among policy-making bodies. The economic challenges that exist today create unsettling times, but with this challenge comes with enormous opportunity for the company future development.

The company is energised by the outlook of the markets and the talented growing workforce. The company commitment remains steadfast to invest in people, processes, technologies and solutions because they are imperative to the company success and its profitable long term growth.

Black & Veatch is committed to its never-ending quest to improve the quality of life in the world and fulfil its Mission of Building a World of Difference

### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

Report of the Directors For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

# STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES - continued

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985 They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities

# DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he/ she ought to have taken as a director to make himself/ herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

B A Ainsworth - Director

Date Od July 2008



# KPMG LLP

8 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8BB United Kingdom

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Black & Veatch Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Black & Veatch Limited for the year ended 31 December 2007 which comprise of the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the statement of total recognised gains and losses and the related notes These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 4

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements

### Opinion

In our opinion

- The financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2007 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- The financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- The information given in the Directors Report is consistent with the financial statements

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KPMG LLP Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor Date 2/7/08

Black & Veatch Limited

# Profit and Loss Account For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

		2007		2006	
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
TURNOVER Continuing operations Acquisitions	2	418,819	418,819	143,634 36,057 179,691	179,691
Cost of sales	3		392,237		164,524
GROSS PROFIT	3		26,582		15,167
Net operating expenses	3		23,567		17,706
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) Continuing operations Acquisitions	6	3,015	3,015	(1,423) (1,116) (2,539)	(2,539)
Interest receivable and similar income Other finance income	7 20	4,263	<u>4,374</u> 7,389	2,315 29	<u>2,344</u> (195)
Amounts written off investments	8		<u>3,166</u> 4,223		(195)
Interest payable and similar charges	9		4,305		1,960
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			(82)		(2,155)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	10		762		670
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR AFTER TAXATION			(844)		(2,825)

# Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR Pension funds actuarial gain/(loss) Revaluation of investments	(844) 255 ——————————————————————————————————	(2,825) (3,614) (529)
TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES RELATING TO THE YEAR	(589)	(6,968)

# Balance Sheet 31 December 2007

		200	7	2006	
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	11		34,437		30,909
Tangible assets	12		1,434		1,411
Investments	13		201		<u> 201</u>
			36,072		32,521
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	14	171,866		124,135	
Cash at bank and in hand		19,136		11,185	
		101.002		125 220	
CREDITORS		191,002		135,320	
Amounts falling due within one year	15	172,116		110,214	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			18,886		25,106
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			54,958		57,627
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one year	16		(38,527)		(54,178)
PENSION LIABILITY	20		(3,657)		(4,614)
					(,,,,,,
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			12,774		(1,165)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	18		62,947		48,419
Profit and loss account	19		(50,173)		(49,584)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	24		12,774		(1,165)
			T/ V		
The financial statements were approved by the by	Board of Du	rectors on 0	12 July 2008	and were sign	ed on its behalf

B A Ainsworth - Director

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# Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

### ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material to the financial statements

### Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, and under the historical cost accounting rules

### **Accounting convention**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention

### Exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Black & Veatch Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under Section 228A of the Companies. Act 1985 from the requirements to prepare consolidated financial statements as it and its subsidiary undertaking are included by full consolidation in the consolidated financial statements of its parent, Black and Veatch Holding Company, a company registered in the U.S.A.

### Cash Flow

The company is exempt from the requirement of Financial Reporting Standard 1 (revised) to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that the ultimate parent company, Black & Veatch Holding Company, a corporation registered in the United States of America, prepares consolidated financial statements

### **Turnover**

Turnover which excludes value added tax or equivalent sales tax, represents the income receivable in the ordinary course of business for goods and services provided and, in respect of contract work in progress, the value of work carried out

### Goodwill

Purchased goodwill arising on business combinations is capitalised. Goodwill is amortised to nil by equal annual instalments over its estimated useful life which is currently ten years.

### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided by the company to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets on a straight line basis over the estimated useful economic lives of individual assets

Depreciation is charged from the approximate date of the asset coming into use. The following rates of depreciation (per annum) have been used for each class of assets

Motor vehicles - 25%
Plant and machinery/furniture and fittings - 10%
Office machinery - 20%
Computer and data processing equipment - 3 to 5 years

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date

A deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits against which to recover the assets

### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction or, if hedged forward, at the rate of exchange under the related forward currency contract. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the contractual rate or rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

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# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Pensions

The company participates in a group wide pension scheme which is hybrid, comprising a defined benefit section and a defined contribution section

The defined benefit section is accounted for in accordance with FRS 17 "Retirement Benefits"

The assets for the defined contribution section are held in a separately administered fund and the annual charge to the profit and loss account for this section comprises contributions payable in the accounting period

The company has a separate obligation, through a defined benefit arrangement, to fund the pensions of a number of retired partners. This obligation is accounted for in accordance with FRS 17 "Retirement Benefits"

#### Interest

Interest payable is written off to the profit and loss account as it is incurred

### Long term contracts

Long-term contracts are included in the profit and loss account by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses. Profit attributable to turnover to date is included where the outcome of the contract can be foreseen with reasonable certainty. Full provision is made for losses on unprofitable contracts.

The amount by which turnover is in excess of payments on account is separately disclosed within debtors as amounts recoverable on contracts. Progress payments received in excess of costs less foreseeable losses are disclosed in creditors.

### **Operating Leases**

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

# 2 TURNOVER

The turnover and loss before taxation are attributable to the principal activities of the company

An analysis of turnover by class of business is given below

	2007	2006
	£'000	£'000
Water sector	349,775	164,388
Energy sector	69,044	15,303
	418,819	179,691
		<del></del>
An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below		
	2007	2006
	000'£	£'000
United Kingdom	382,008	154,650
Rest of the world	36,811	25,041
	418,819	179,691

The principal activities are the design, manufacture and installation of water production, filtration, effluent and sewage treatment plants and electricity generation plants for municipal and industrial applications in the United Kingdom and throughout the world

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Black & Veatch Limited

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# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

# 3 ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS

Cost of sales	Continuing £'000 392,237	2007 Acquisitions £'000	Total £'000 392,237
Gross profit	26,582	<u>-</u>	26,582
Net operating expenses			
Administrative expenses Other operating income (see note 4)	23,587 (20) 23,567		23,587 (20) 23,567
Cost of sales	Continuing £'000 129,647	2006 Acquisitions £'000 34,877	Total £'000 164,524
Gross profit	13,987	1,180	15,167
Net operating expenses			
Administrative expenses Other operating income (see note 4)	15,855 (445) 15,410	2,297 (1) 2,296	18,152 (446) 17,706
OTHER OPERATING INCOME  Sundry receipts Gain on settlement on intercom pany loans		2007 £'000 20	2006 £'000 I
STAFF COSTS  Wages and salaries		2007 £'000 63,301	2006 £'000 35,199
Social security costs Other pension costs		6,312 2,562 72,175	3,463 1,407 40,069

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

# 5 STAFF COSTS - continued

	The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows	2007	2006
	Total	1,347	1,352
	The acquisition of the Gleeson water business added 943 employees from 1st Octob	per 2006	
6,	OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)		
	The operating profit (2006 - operating loss) is stated after charging/(crediting)		
	Depreciation - owned assets (Profit)/Loss on disposal of fixed assets Goodwill amortisation Auditors' remuneration Audit Operating leases - land and buildings Operating leases - Motor vehicles & equipments Write down of loan balances	2007 £'000 769 (61) 3,382 430 2,406 186	2006 £'000 716 6 781 208 2,719 324 973
		2007 £	2006 £
	Directors' emoluments	1,147,706	1,348,057
	Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows	2007 £	2006 £
	Emoluments etc	345,284	379,252
7	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME  Interest receivable from group	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
	undertakings	-	5
	On bank and money market deposits Exchange gains	464 3,799	277 2,033
		4,263	2,315
8	AMOUNTS WRITTEN OFF INVESTMENTS	2007	2006
	Loss on settlement of intercom pany balances	£'000 3,166	£'000

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

9	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		2007 £'000	2006 £'000
	Interest payable to group undertakings On bank and money market	4,157	1,950
	deposits	148	10
		4,305	1,960
10	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge		
	The tax charge on the loss on ordinary activities for the year was as follows	2007	2006
	Current tax	£'000	£'000
	Prior year adjustment	-	(72)
	Foreign Tax	<u>762</u>	<u>742</u>
	Tax on loss on ordinary activities	<u>762</u>	<u>670</u>
	Factors affecting the tax charge The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the U below	K The differen	nce is explained
		2007	2006
	Loss on ordinary activities before tax	£'000 (82)	£'000 (2,155)
	Loss on ordinary activities		
	multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006 - 30%)	(25)	(647)
	Effects of		
	Non-recognition of deferred tax asset for tax losses Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	25	647 (72)
		7/0	7.40

# Factors that may affect future tax charges

Foreign tax

Current tax charge

The company has not accrued for deferred tax benefit of losses brought and carried forward. Value of company trading losses as at 31st December 2007 and 31st December 2006 are £ 52,850,000 and £53,730,000 respectively. This asset is realisable against future profits of the company.

Any future tax charges will be impacted by the announced change in the rate of corporation tax from 30% to 28%, effective from 1 April 2008. The impact of this has not been quantified in the financial statements, as the directors do not consider it practicable to do so

742

670

762

762

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

11	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS					
•						Goodwill £'000
	COST At 1 January 2007 Additions					31,856 6,910
	At 31 December 2007					38,766
	AMORTISATION At 1 January 2007 Amortisation for year					947 3,382
	At 31 December 2007					_4,329
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2007					34,437
	At 31 December 2006					30,909
12	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		Fixtures			
		Plant and machinery £'000	and fittings £'000	Motor vehicles £'000	Computer equipment £'000	Totals £'000
	COST					
	At 1 January 2007	247	1,877	343	4,291	6,758
	Additions	<del></del>	<u> 197</u>	36	559	<u>792</u>
	At 31 December 2007	247	2,074	<u>379</u>	4,850	7,550
	DEPRECIATION					
	At 1 January 2007	247	1,222	95	3,783	5,347
	Charge for year		131	<u>166</u>	472	<u>769</u>
	At 31 December 2007	247	1,353	<u> 261</u>	4,255	6,116
	NET BOOK VALUE					
	At 31 December 2007	-	<u>721</u>	118	595	1,434
	At 31 December 2006	<del></del>	655		<u>508</u>	1,411
13	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS	}				
						Shares in group undertakings £'000
	COST					2000
	At 1 January 2007 and 31 December 2007					
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2007					201
						<del></del>
	At 31 December 2006					<u>201</u>

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

# 13 FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued

The company's investments at the balance sheet date in the share capital of companies include the following

Country of incorporation UK

Nature of business Water and effluent and sewage treatment plants

Class of shares holding Ordinary 100 00

Paterson Candy Refurbishments Limited is dormant

# Black & Veatch Refurbishments Limited

Country of incorporation UK

Nature of business Water and effluent and sewage treatment plants

Class of shares holding Ordinary 75 00

### 14 DEBTORS

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DEBTORS	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
Amounts falling due within one year		
Trade debtors	12,650	12,855
Amounts owed by group undertakings	20,870	25,849
Amounts owed by participating interests	1,267	942
Amounts recoverable on contracts	122,873	69,852
Other debtors	4,614	3,286
Forward exchange contract		
receivable	7	-
M J Gleeson PLC	-	7,324
Tax	<u>717</u>	202
	162,998	120,310
Amounts falling due after more than one year		
Retentions	8,868	3,825
	171.066	104.105
Aggregate amounts	<u>171,866</u>	124,135
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE TEAR	2007	2006
	£'000	£'000
Payments on account	73,373	33,973
Trade creditors	12,008	13,142
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,446	24,885
Tax	971	598
Social security and other taxes	2,986	1,488
Accruals and deferred income	81,332	36,128
***************************************	01,002	
	172,116	110,214

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

16	CREDITORS:	AMOUNTS FALLING DUE	AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2007	2006
	£'000	£'000
Trade creditors	34	45
Amounts owed to group undertakings	38,493	54,133
	38,527	54,178

In year 2006, the company borrowed £36,000,000 from Black & Veatch Holding Company. The rate of interest applicable is equal to the Prime Rate as published by Harris Trust and Savings Bank, adjusted daily. During the year this rate varied between 7.25% and 8.25%

# 17 OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows

			Land and buildings		Other operating leases	
			2007	2006	2007	2006
	Evanna		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Expiring Within one ye	ar	252	48	119	70
	Between one a		363	1,984	1,354	430
	In more than f		1,345	100		
			1,960	2,132	1,473	500
18	CALLED UP	SHARE CAPITAL				
	Authorised	•				
	Number	Class	]	Nominal value	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
	65,000,000 (2006 - 50,000	Ordinary shares (0,000)		£l	65,000	50,000
	Allotted, issue	ed and fully paid				
	Number	Class	1	Nominal value	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
	62,946,845 (2006 - 48,419	Ordinary shares		£1	62,947	48,419
	(2000 - 70,71.	2,000)			-	

14,527,845 Ordinary shares of £1 each were allotted and fully paid for cash at par during the year

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

### 19 RESERVES

RESERVES	Profit and loss account £'000
At I January 2007 Deficit for the year Actuarial Valuation of Pension Funds	(49,584) (844) 
At 31 December 2007	<u>(50,173)</u>
Profit and loss account excluding pension liability Pension deficit	(46,516) (3,657)
Profit and loss account	(50,173)

### 20 PENSION COMMITMENTS

# Defined benefit scheme

The company operates a hybrid pension scheme comprising a defined contribution section and a section that provides benefits based on final pensionable pay. The defined benefit section is closed to new members

These pension arrangements for the company's employees are currently provided through the Black and Veatch UK Pension Scheme, the assets of which are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund

The company also has an obligation to fund the pensions of a number of retired partners as set out in the Binnie & Partners pension deed, this is an unfunded scheme. This obligation was acquired from Black & Veatch Consulting Limited, a fellow group company, on 31 December 2004.

A full actuarial valuation of the final salary section was carried out at 31 March 2003 and projected forward to provide disclosures at 31 December 2007

The pension charge for the period was £649,763 (2006 £560,989) The company contribution is 7.2% of the pensionable pay and the employee contribution varies between members

The mortality assumption used by the actuary for the year was PA92sc YOB - 2 years (2006 PA92 Base -1 year, 2005 PA92sc YOB - 2 years) Other major assumptions used by the actuary for the schemes were

31 12 07	31 12 00	31 12 03
4%	3 70%	4 10%
3 10%	2 80%	2 70%
3 10%	2 80%	2 70%
5 75%	5 30%	4 90%
3 10%	2 80%	2 70%
	4% 3 10% 3 10% 5 75%	4%       3 70%         3 10%       2 80%         3 10%       2 80%         5 75%       5 30%

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# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

# 20 PENSION COMMITMENTS - continued

The assets in the scheme and the expected rate of return were

	Long-term rate of return expected at	Value at	Long-term rate of return expected at	Value at	Long-term rate of return expected at	Value at
	31 12 07	31 12 07 £'000	31 12 06	31 12 06 £'000	31 12 05	31 12 05 £'000
Equities	7 90 %	19,005	7 55 %	15,914	7%	15,697
Bonds	5 75 %	11,342	5 30%	9,361	4 90 %	6,997
Property	5 75 %	307	5 30%	4,461	3 75 %	1,011
Total market value of assets		30,654		29,736		23,705
Present value of scheme liab	ulities	(34,311)		(34,350)		(29,623)
Deficit in scheme		(3,657)		(4,614)		(5,918)
Net pension liability		(3,657)		(4,614)		(5,918)
Analysis of the amount cha	irged to operat	ing profit				
Current service cost					2007 £'000 334	2006 £'000 
Total operating charge					334	281
Analysis of the amount credited to other finance income						
					2007 £'000	2006
Interest on pension scheme l	iabilities				111	£'000 
Net return						
Analysis of the amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses (STRGL)						
					2007	2006
		_			£'000	£'000
Actual return less expected i					(1,054)	285
Experience gains and losses Changes in assumptions und				itiec	(112)	(446) (3.453)
Changes in assumptions und	icitying the pres	sciit vaiue oi tii	e scheme nadii	ILICS	1.421	(3,453)
Actuarial gain/(loss) recogni	ised in STRGL				255	(3,614)

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

### 20 PENSION COMMITMENTS - continued

### Movement in deficit during the year

Deficit in scheme at start of year Current service cost Contributions Other finance income Actuarial gain Deficit in scheme at end of year	cai			2007 £'000 (4,614) (334) 925 111 255	2006 £'000 (5,918) (281) 5,170 29 (3,614) (4,614)
History of experience gains and		2007	2005	2004	2002
Difference between the	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
expected and actual return on					
scheme assets					
amount (£'000)	(1,054)	285	2,708	192	1,354
percentage of	(1,02 )		_,	.,_	1,00
scheme assets	(3)%	1%	11%	1%	10%
Experience gains and losses					
on scheme liabilities					
amount (£'000)	(112)	(446)	(115)	0	0
percentage of the present	O.C.	107	0.00	0.07	0.07
value of the scheme liabilities	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%
Total actuarial gain or loss					
amount (£'000)	255	(3,614)	(408)	1,212	(356)
percentage of the present		X- /- /	·/	- ,	ζ= γ
value of the scheme liabilities	(1)%	11%	1%	(5)%	2%

# **Defined contribution scheme**

The pension cost charge for the period represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme and amounted to £2,227,985 26 (2006 £2,567,809 61) There were no outstanding or prepaid contributions at the end of the financial year

# 21 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Black & Veatch Holding Company, a corporation whose principal place of business is at 8400 Ward Parkway, Kansas City, Missouri 64114, United States of America The consolidated accounts of Black & Veatch Holding Company may be requested from the corporation's place of business

# 22 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company has contingent liabilities in respect of guarantees and performance bonds as to plants installed or under construction and other engagements in the ordinary course of business amounting to £31 million (2006 £26 million)

There are claims arising in the normal course of trading which are in the process of negotiation and which, in some cases, are likely to be protracted over several years. Provision has been made for all amounts which the directors consider will become payable on account of claims.

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# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31 December 2007

# 23 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of the exemption provided by Financial Reporting Standard 8 not to disclose transactions with group undertakings

# 24 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
Loss for the financial year	(844)	(2,825)
Other recognised gains and losses		
relating to the year (net)	255	(4,143)
Issue of ordinary shares	14,528	
Net addition/(reduction) to shareholders' funds	13,939	(6,968)
Opening shareholders' funds	(1,165)	5,803
Closing shareholders' funds	12,774	(1,165)