Chester Asset Receivables Dealings 2001-A plc Annual report for the year ended 15 November 2007

Registered no 04191120

COMPANIES HOUSE

Annual report for the year ended 15 November 2007

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Directors, secretary and registered office

Directors

J West Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited M McDermott

Secretary and registered office

J West C/o Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited Tower 42 Level 11 25 Old Broad Street London EC2N 1HQ

Directors' report for the year ended 15 November 2007

The directors present their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 15 November 2007

Business review and principal activities

The company's principal activity is the provision of long term finance for a portfolio of credit card receivables originated by MBNA Europe Bank Limited

The company made a profit for the year after taxation of £11,806 (2006 £29,196) Dividends totalling £30,000 (2006 £50,000) were paid during the year

Future outlook

The directors remain confident that we will maintain our current level of performance in the future

Key performance indicators ("KPIs")

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using KPIs is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business

Financial risk management

Currency risk

The company has borrowed funds in foreign currency and has used these funds to invest in an equivalent amount of loan notes in the same currency, issued by Deva One Limited, a related party, so as to limit the exposure to foreign exchange differences. It is the company's policy that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken.

Interest rate risk

The company manages its interest rate risk by exactly matching the terms and rates of its assets and liabilities

Credit risk

The company's total credit risk at 15 November 2007 is £566,376,036 (2006 £539,070,680). This includes a significant concentration of credit risk with Deva One Limited of £566,376,036 (2006 £539,070,680). The company is structured in such a way that if it can not collect amounts receivable it is not obliged to settle its liabilities.

Liquidity risk

Deva One Limited is obliged to pass sufficient net income to the company in order for it to meet the obligation of its outstanding loan notes and all of its on going cash requirements. The term of the related party loans and receivables is matched to the obligation to repay the Loan Notes at maturity thereby negating liquidity risk.

Directors' report for the year ended 15 November 2007 (continued)

Directors and their interests

The movements in directors since 16 November 2006 are shown below

Director	Date of appointment	Date of resignation
Ј Ғантие		20 July 2007
R Baker	26 July 2007	28 February 2008
M McDermott	28 February 2008	

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and the United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts,
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Each person who is a Director at the time of the approval of the financial statements confirms the following

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (that is, information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, having offered themselves for reappointment, shall be deemed to be reappointed for the next financial year in accordance with section 386 of the Companies Act 1985

On behalf of the board

J West **Director** 23 April 2008

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Chester Asset Receivables Dealings 2001-A plc

We have audited the financial statements of Chester Asset Receivables Dealings 2001-A plc for the year ended 15 November 2007 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, and the related notes These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report, the Directors' Remuneration Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements and the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Chester Asset Receivables Dealings 2001-A plc (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 15 November 2007 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Manchester

23 April 2008

Profit and loss account for the year ended 15 November 2007

	Notes	2007 £	2006
Operating expenses		(18,747)	(25,022)
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	2	25,000,118 (24,964,505)	18,437,329 (18,370,599)
		35,613	66,730
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	3	16,866	41,708
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	4	(5,060)	(12,512)
Profit for the financial year	12,13	11,806	29,196

The company has no other gains or losses and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses is presented

All results relate to continuing operations

There is no difference between the above results and their historical cost equivalent

Chester Asset Receivables Dealings 2001-A plc Balance sheet as at 15 November 2007

	Notes	2007 £	2006 £
Financial assets	8	-	535,571,444
		•	535,571,444
Current assets			
Financial assets	8	566,376,035	3,499,237
Cash at bank and in hand		64,033	93,512
		566,440,068	3,592,749
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(566,377,262)	(3,511,749)
Net current assets		62,806	81,000
Total assets less current liabilities		62,806	535,652,444
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than			
one year	10		(535,571,444)
Net assets		62,806	81,000
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	12	12,502	12,502
Profit and loss account	14	50,304	68,498
Equity shareholder's funds	13	62,806	81,000

The financial statements on pages 6 to 14 were approved by the board of directors on 23 April 2008 and were signed on its behalf by

J West

Director

Bhel 23/4/08.

Chester Asset Receivables Dealings 2001-A plc Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 15 November 2007

1 Principal accounting policies

1.1 Accounting policies for the year ended 15 November 2007

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom

1.2 Financial assets

The company classifies its investments in loan notes as loans and receivables. Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and not held for trading purposes

1.3 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the 'functional currency') The financial statements are presented in UK Sterling, which is the company's functional and presentation currency

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions Foreign currency gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit and loss account. The company does not apply hedge accounting in relation to currency risk

1.4 Financial instruments

Financial assets are recognised initially at their fair value. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. A provision for impairment will be recognised where there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Financial assets are only classified as current assets where the company has an unconditional right to require settlement within 12 months of the balance sheet date

Borrowings are recognised initially at their fair value, being their issue proceeds (fair value of the consideration received) net of transaction costs incurred Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost, any difference between proceeds net of transaction costs and the redemption value is recognised in the profit and loss account over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest rate method

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities where the company does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 15 November 2007 (continued)

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

1.4 Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised using trade date accounting. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired. Financial liabilities are derecognised when they are extinguished, i.e. when the obligation is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Interest income and expense arising on financial assets and liabilities is measured at the instruments effective interest rate

1.5 Cash flows

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Chester Asset Securitisation Holdings Ltd (CASH), and the cash flows of the company are included in the consolidated group cash flow statement of CASH, the immediate parent company (see note 14) Consequently, the company is exempt from publishing a cash flow statement as permitted by FRS 1 "Cash Flow Statements (Revised)"

1.6 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax

2 Interest payable and similar charges

	2007 £	2006 £
Interest payable on loan notes expiring less than one year Interest payable on loan notes expiring between one and two years	24,964,505 -	- 18,370,599
	24,964,505	18,370,599

The amortisation of issuance costs for the current year forms part of the interest payable balance as it has been calculated under the effective interest rate method

3 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging £nil (2006 £2,996) in respect of auditors' remuneration Auditors' remuneration of £3,000 that relates wholly to the audit of the company has been borne by a fellow group undertaking

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 15 November 2007 (continued)

4 Taxation on profit on ordinary activities

	2007 £	2006 £
Current tax at 30% (2006 30%)	5,060	12,512
Total current tax	5,060	12,512

No timing differences have arisen during the period, which eliminated the need of producing the reconciliation note to the standard rate of corporation tax of 30%

5 Employees

The average monthly number of people (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 2 (2006 2)

6 Directors emoluments

The emoluments of the directors during the year amounted to £10,400 (2006 £10,400) in respect of their services to Chester Asset Receivables Dealing 2001-A plc Fees of £9,400 (2006 £9,400) were borne by the company in connection with the services of the directors The remaining £1,000 (2006 £1,000) was borne by another group undertaking

7 Dividends

	2007 £	2006 £
Dividends paid (note 13)	30,000	50,000
	30,000	50,000
8 Financial assets		
	2007	2006
	£	£
(a) Amounts falling due after one year		505 5 5 1 111
Due from related parties (Note 13)		535,571,444
(b) Amounts falling due within one year		
Due from related parties (Note 13)	566,376,035	3,499,236

No provision for impairment has been made against the amounts due from related parties Additional disclosures are included in Note 10

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 15 November 2007 (continued)

9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2007	2006
	£	£
Loan notes due less than one year	561,444,683	-
Interest payable	4,927,519	3,496,446
Corporation taxation	5,060	12,512
Other creditors	•	2,791
	566,377,262	3,511,749

10 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2007	2006
	£	£
Loan notes due between one and two years	•	535,571,444
		
	-	535,571,444
	F	

The floating notes 2008 were issued on 31 October 2001 and mature on 15 September 2008 The notes were all issued at 100% of their par value. Issuance costs of €1,760,000 were incurred on the class A notes, £87,500 on the class B notes and £175,000 on the class C notes and these amounts are being debited to the initial carrying value and credited to the profit and loss account through the effective interest rate over the life of the notes in accordance with FRS 26

The company has not had any defaults of principal, interest or redemption amounts during the period on its borrowed funds

11 Financial instruments

Numerical financial instruments disclosures are set out below. Additional disclosures are set out in the director's report under the heading of 'financial risk management' and also in Notes 1, 6, 7 and 8

Financial Assets

Cash at bank does not bear any interest

Loans and receivables

Amounts due from related parties are classified as loans and receivables and recorded at amortised cost

The timing of the quarterly interest balances has resulted in an accrual of both interest receivable and payable as at 15 November 2007. These are disclosed within financial assets falling due within one year and creditors falling due within one year respectively.

Non-current amounts due from related parties relates to loan notes issued by Deva One Limited and their book value does not differ materially from their fair value

The effective interest rates on non-current amounts due from related parties were as follows

Amounts falling due after one year	2007	2006
Due from related parties	%	%
Euro Notes	4.29	3 47
Sterling Notes	6.88	5 97

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 15 November 2007 (continued)

11 Financial instruments (continued)

Financial Liabilities

The following Loan Notes are in issue

Class	Date	Loan Note details	Amortised cost after issuance costs £	Amortised cost after issuance costs £
Α	31/10/01	€704m due 2008 at 3M EURIBOR + 0 23%	501,471,864	475,636,782
В	31/10/01	£25m due 2008 at 3M LIBOR + 0 70%	24,990,940	24,978,221
C	31/10/01	£35m due 2008 at 3M LIBOR + 1 50%	34,981,879	34,956,441
			561,444,683	535,571,444

The effective interest rates of these instruments are the same as those disclosed under loans and receivables

Loan notes are repayable as follows:		
	2007	2006
	£	£
Within 1 year	561,444,683	-
Between one and two years	-	535,571,444

The fair value of non-current amounts due from related parties were as follows

	2007 Book value £	2007 Fair value £	2006 Book value £	2006 Fair value £
Amounts falling due within one year: Loan notes	561,444,683	559,953,384	-	-
Amounts falling due after one year: Loan notes		·	535,571,444	537,653,489

In order to manage interest rate and currency risk, the net proceeds of notes issued by the company are invested in loan notes issued by Deva One Limited. This investment is on similar terms and in the same currency as the notes issued by the company, thereby minimising the company's exposures to both currency, cash flow and fair value interest rate risk.

Derivative financial instruments

The company has no derivative instruments

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 15 November 2007 (continued)

12 Share capital

	2007	2006
	£	£
Authorised		
50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
2 ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
Allotted, called up and quarter paid		
49,998 ordinary shares of £1 each	12,500	12,500
	12,502	12,502

13 Reconciliation of movement in equity shareholder's funds

2006 £ £
00 101,804 06 29,196
00) (50,000) 06 81,000

14 Profit and loss account

	2007 £
Reserves at 16 November 2006	68,498
Profit for the financial year	11,806
Dividends	(30,000)
Profit and loss at 15 November 2007	50,304

15 Related party transactions

The company has invested in loan notes issued by Deva One Limited The amount outstanding as at 15 November 2007 was £561,444,683 (2006 £535,571,444) As at 15 November 2007, both the company and Deva One Limited are deemed to be subsidiaries of MBNA Europe Bank Limited ("EBL")

Interest receivable and similar income includes £25,000,118 (2006 £18,437,329) receivable from Deva One Limited £4,931,353 (2006 £3,499,236) of this amount is outstanding at the year end

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 15 November 2007 (continued)

16 Ultimate controlling Party

At 15 November 2007 the directors regarded Bank of America Corporation, a company incorporated in the United States of America, as the ultimate controlling party of the company. The largest group into which the company's accounts are consolidated is that of MBNA Europe Bank Limited (EBL) Copies of EBL's consolidated accounts are available from MBNA Europe Bank, Stansfield House, Chester Business Park, Chester CH4 9QQ

The immediate parent company of Chester Asset Receivables Dealings 2001-A Plc ("Issuer"), and smallest group into which the company's accounts are consolidated, is Chester Asset Securitisation Holdings Ltd (CASH), a private limited liability company incorporated in the United Kingdom CASH was established for the purpose of holding the shares of the Issuer The results of the company are incorporated into the group accounts of CASH and are available from MBNA Europe Bank, Stansfield House, Chester Business Park, Chester CH4 9QQ