Registered Number 02651278

EUROWIRE LIMITED

Abbreviated Accounts

31 March 2015

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2015

	Notes	2015		2014	
Fixed assets	2	£	£	£	£
	_				
Tangible			1,500,286		1,472,057
			1,500,286		1,472,057
Current assets					
Debtors		1,983,502		1,865,863	
Cash at bank and in hand		699,606		66,254	
Total current assets		2,683,108		1,932,117	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(800,748)		(748,372)	
Net current assets (liabilities)			1,882,360		1,183,745
Total assets less current liabilities			3,382,646	•	2,655,802
Total assets less surrent napinales			3,302,040		2,000,002
Provisions for liabilities			(11,935)		(6,290)
			, ,		(, ,
Total net assets (liabilities)			3,370,711		2 649 512
Total net assets (liabilities)			3,370,711	•	2,649,512
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	4		100		100
Profit and loss account			3,370,611		2,649,412

Shareholders funds 3,370,711 2,649,512

a. For the year ending 31 March 2015 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 29 September 2015

And signed on their behalf by:

MR R KODESH, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 31 March 2015

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax. In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Investment properties

Investment properties are shown at their open market value. The surplus or deficit arising from the annual revaluation is transferred to the investment revaluation reserve unless a deficit, or its reversal, on an individual investment property is expected to be permanent, in which case it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year. This is in accordance with the FRSSE which, unlike Schedule 4 to the Companies Act 1985, does not require depreciation of investment properties. Investment properties are held for their investment potential and not for use by the company and so their current value is of prime importance. The departure from the provisions of the Act is required in order to give a true and fair view.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing

differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Land & Buildings 1% Straight Line Motor Vehicles 25% Reducing Balance Equipment 25% Reducing Balance

2 Fixed Assets

	Tangible	Total
	Assets	TOtal
Cost or valuation	£	£
At 01 April 2014	1,575,639	1,575,639
Additions	49,978	49,978
At 31 March 2015	1,625,617	1,625,617
Depreciation		
At 01 April 2014	103,582	103,582
Charge for year	21,749	21,749
At 31 March 2015	125,331	125,331
Net Book Value		
At 31 March 2015	1,500,286	1,500,286
At 31 March 2014	1,472,057	1,472,057

No revaluation of the properties were carried out as at 31 March 2015. On a historical cost basis the properties would have been included at an original cost of £1,480,417 (2014:£1,480,417).

4 Share capital

	2015	2014
	£	£
Authorised share capital:		
100 Ordinary of £1 each	100	100
Allotted, called up and fully		
paid:		
100 Ordinary of £1 each	100	100