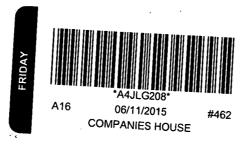
#### **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 07180004**

# ALAN COWARD & SON LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 31 MARCH 2015



#### **STONE & CO**

Chartered Accountants
2 Charnwood House
Marsh Road
Ashton
Bristol
BS3 2NA

#### **ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS**

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

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## ALAN COWARD & SON LIMITED ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2015

·			2015	
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2	•		
Intangible assets			50,000	60,000
Tangible assets			143,220	62,045
			193,220	122,045
CURRENT ASSETS				
Stocks		185,000		183,300
Debtors		217,362		187,013
Cash at bank and in hand		177,329		122,349
		579,691		492,662
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within	one year	414,250		433,834
NET CURRENT ASSETS			165,441	58,828
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIAB	ILITIES		358,661	180,873
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after n	nore than			
one year			58,508	-
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			26,084	-
			274,069	180,873
			<del>274,009</del>	100,073
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	3		2	2
Profit and loss account			274,067	180,871
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			274,069	180,873

The Balance sheet continues on the following page.
The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

#### ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

#### 31 MARCH 2015

For the year ended 31 March 2015 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Mr A Coward Director

Company Registration Number: 07180004

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

#### **Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

10% straight line

#### **Fixed assets**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery

- 25% reducing balance

Motor Vehicles

- 25% reducing balance

Equipment

- 33% reducing balance

#### Stocks.

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

#### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

#### **NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS**

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

#### 2. FIXED ASSETS

		Intangible Assets £	Tangible Assets £	Total £
	COST	<del>-</del>	_	
	At 1 April 2014	100,000	131,859	231,859
	Additions	_	136,504	136,504
	Disposals		(22,000)	(22,000)
	At 31 March 2015	100,000	246,363	346,363
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 April 2014	40,000	69,814	109,814
	Charge for year	10,000	54,161	64,161 (20,832)
	On disposals		(20,832)	
	At 31 March 2015	50,000	103,143	153,143
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 March 2015	50,000	143,220	193,220
	At 31 March 2014	60,000	62,045	122,045
3.	SHARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:			
		2015	2014	
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	No £	No 2	£ 2

## REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY ACCOUNTS OF ALAN COWARD & SON LIMITED

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the abbreviated accounts of Alan Coward & Son Limited for the year ended 31 March 2015 which comprise the Balance Sheet and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at icaew.com/regulations.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Alan Coward & Son Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the abbreviated accounts of Alan Coward & Son Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them, as a body, in this report in accordance with AAF 02/10 as detailed at icaew.com/compilation. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Alan Coward & Son Limited and its Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Alan Coward & Son Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory abbreviated accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Alan Coward & Son Limited. You consider that Alan Coward & Son Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the abbreviated accounts of Alan Coward & Son Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory abbreviated accounts.

STONE & CO

Chartered Accountants

2 Charnwood House Marsh Road Ashton Bristol BS3 2NA

03/11/15