Cheshire Curtainsiders Limited

UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

for the year ended

31 May 2009

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Cheshire Curtainsiders Limited

UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET 31 May 2009

\cdot		2000	2000
	Notes	2009	2008 £
FIXED ASSETS	Notes	£	ı
Intangible assets	L	125,250	133,500
Tangible assets		35,915	43,122
•		161,165	176,622
CUDDENIT ACCETS			 _
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks		85,338	82,347
Debtors		261,353	198,838
Cash at bank and in hand		-	131
		346,691	201 216
CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year	2	355,109	281,316 307,079
	-		
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(8,418)	(25,763)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		152,747	150,859
CREDITORS amounts falling due after more than one year		8,926	13,333
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES		5,209	-
		138,612	137,526
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up equity share capital	4	20,200	20,200
Profit and loss account		118,412	117,326
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		138,612	137,526

For the year ended 31 May 2009 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies and its members have not required the company to have an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The abbreviated accounts on pages 1 to 5 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue 2009 and are signed on their behalf by: 24.11.

Cheshire Curtainsiders Limited UNAUDITED ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

TURNOVER

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for sale of goods and services in the ordinary nature of the business. Turnover is shown net of Value Added Tax, of goods and services provided to customers and, in the case of long term contracts, credit is taken appropriate to the stage of completion when the outcome of the contract can be ascertained with reasonable certainty.

AMORTISATION

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

20 years straight line

FIXED ASSETS

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Tenants Improvements

25 years straight line

Plant & Machinery etc

4 years straight line

STOCKS

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

HIRE PURCHASE AGREEMENTS

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

OPERATING LEASE AGREEMENTS

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

PENSION COSTS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Cheshire Curtainsiders Limited UNAUDITED ACCOUNTING POLICIES

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Cheshire Curtainsiders Limited

UNAUDITED NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 31 May 2009

1 FIXED, ASSETS

	Intangible Assets	Tangible Assets	Total
	£	£	£
Cost	~	~	~
At 1 June 2008	165,000	132,906	297,906
Additions	.03,000	9,162	9,162
Disposals	_	(22,080)	(22,080)
At 31 May 2009	165,000	119,988	284,988
Depreciation			
At 1 June 2008	31,500	89,784	121,284
Charge for year	8,250	16,370	24,620
On disposals	_	(22,081)	(22,081)
At 31 May 2009	39,750	84,073	123,823
Net book value			
At 31 May 2009	125,250	35,915	161,165
At 31 May 2008	133,500	43,122	176,622

2 CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company:

Ž	S	•	2009	2008
			£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts			8,602	27,334
Other creditors			135,278	72,211
			143,880	99,545

Obligations under hire purchase agreements are secured on the assets which they relate to.

3 TRANSACTIONS WITH THE DIRECTORS

N A Howard had a directors current account balance of £13,472 due to the company at 31 May 2009 (2008 £3,482). This amount is included within other debtors and the maximum amount overdrawn throughout the year was £14,155.

M J Griffiths had a directors current account balance of £14,752 due from the company at 31 May 2009 (2008 £30,560). This amount is included within other creditors falling due within one year.

Dividends paid during the year to M J Griffiths and N A Howard amounted to £30,500 each.

4 SHARE CAPITAL

2009 £	2008 £
*	*
500,000	500,000
500,000	500,000
1,000,000	1,000,000
	500,000

'Cheshire Curtainsiders Limited

UNAUDITED NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS for the year ended 31 May 2009

SHARE CAPITAL (continued) 4

	2009	2008
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
20,100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	20,100	20,100
100 Ordinary A shares of £1 each	100	100
	20,200	20,200