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CHESSINGTON HALL ESTATE LIMITED COMPANY NUMBER 277594

REPORT AND ACCOUNTS
31ST JULY 2009

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REPORT AND ACCOUNTS 2009

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

Directors J H Oakley (Retired 28th February 2009)

J K Babbs P J Grant J Shine

Secretary James Worley & Sons

Registered office 9 Bridle Close

Surbiton Road Kingston upon Thames

Surrey KT1 2JW

Auditors Collards

2 High Street

Kingston upon Thames Surrey KT1 1EY

Solicitors Messrs Sherwood Wheatley

48 High Street

Kingston upon Thames

Surrey KT1 1HW

Bankers National Westminster Bank Plc

5 Market Place

Kingston upon Thames

Surrey KT1 1JX

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their annual report and the audited accounts for the year ended 31st July 2009

ACTIVITIES

The company's principal activity is property dealing and management

REVIEW OF BUSINESS DEVELOPMENTS

The profit for the year, after taxation, was £120,556 (2008 £136,646)

Gross rental income increased in the year from £296,036 to £301,957 and, at the year end, all properties were let but there were some slow paying tenants. On a full annual basis, at current rentals, the gross annual rentals would be of the order of £314,000.

However the global credit crisis has had an adverse effect on the interest income from deposits

The profit for the year has been further reduced by additional expenditure on repairs, caused by the need to retarmac certain walkway areas

During the year the directors have paid four quarterly dividends totalling £72,000. They have also declared a final dividend for the year to 31st July 2009 of a further 22pence per share, making total dividends for the year of £98,400 (2008 £101,200). Following the repurchase of shares in the previous year the dividends for the current year amount to 82pence per share (2008 82pence per share). Although the country is still in recession it is hoped to increase the total dividend in the year to July 2010.

As regards the future, property prices are being affected by the credit crunch, but the rental sector remains buoyant. Since the year end the company has purchased another property

DIRECTORS

The present membership of the Board is set out on page 1

On 28th February 2009 Jack Oakley retired after thirty nine years as a director, having given sterling and professional service in the successful growth of the company. On behalf of all shareholders the board extends grateful thanks to him

J K Babbs retires by rotation and, being eligible, offers himself for re-election A resolution to re-appoint him will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting

DISCLOSURES

As far as the directors are aware there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

AUDITORS

The auditors, Messrs Collards, have signified their willingness to remain in office. A resolution for their re-appointment is to be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

The report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies

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By order of the Board

JAMES WORLEY & SONS

Secretary

Dated 15th October 2009

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law)

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping appropriate accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the members of Chessington Hall Estate Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Chessington Hall Estate Limited for the year ended 31 July 2009 on pages 5 to 10. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out therein and the requirements of the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Report of the Directors is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Report of the Directors and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice
 applicable to Smaller Entities, of the state of affairs of the company at 31 July 2009 and of its profit for the
 year then ended, and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the report of the directors is consistent with the financial statements

Kingston upon Thames KT1 1EY

Date 15th October 2009

COLLARDS Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST JULY 2009

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
TURNOVER Cost of sales	2	301,957 94,636	303,536 83,237
GROSS PROFIT		207,321	220,299
Administrative expenses		59,542	64,449
OPERATING PROFIT	3	147,779	155,850
Other interest receivable and similar income	5	4,803	15,647
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		152,582	171,497
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	32,026	34,851
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION		120,556	136,646
Dividends	7	98,400	101,200
Retained profit/(loss) for the year - Transferred to Reserves	12	22,156	35,446 ———

All disclosures relate only to continuing operations. There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the year

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31ST JULY 2009

		2009		2008	
	Note	£	£	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	8	555,218		550,308	
Debtors	9	41,272		43,346	
Cash at bank and in hand		232,053		230,613	
		828,543		824,267	
CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING					
DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	10	74,450		92,330	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			754,093		731,937
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		£	754,093	£	731,937
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up Share Capital	11		120,000		120,000
Reserves	12		634,093		611,937
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		£	754,093	£	731,937

These accounts were approved by the board of directors on 15th October 2009

The accounts are prepared in accordance with the special provisions in Part 15 the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

P J GRANT (Director)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31ST JULY 2009

1 Accounting policies

(a) Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a small company

(b) Tumover

Turnover comprises rental income, lease extensions and property sales

(c) Stock of freehold properties

Freehold properties are regarded as sold on the date of completion of the contract of sale. Freehold properties are shown in the balance sheet as current assets at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

(d) Government grants

Government grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the profit & loss account in the period in which the expenditure was incurred

2 Turnover

Turnover was derived from the company's principal activity which was carried out wholly in the UK

301,957	303,536
	
2009 £	2008 £
33,515 2,530 47,006	34,396 2,467 36,570
	2009 £ 33,515 2,530

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31ST JULY 2009

4 Directors and employees

The only employees of the company during the year were four directors who received fees as set out in note 3

5 Interest receivable and similar income

	2009 £	2008 £
Bank interest receivable Interest on Tax	4,797 6	15,600 47
	4,803	15,647
6 Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
United Kingdom corporation toy at 219/ (2009, 20, 229/)	2009 £	2008 £
United Kingdom corporation tax at 21% (2008 20 32%) on the profits for the year Under/(Over) provision in previous year	32,026 -	34,851 -
	32,026	34,851

7 Dividends

	2009 Pence		2008 Pence	
	Per share	£	Per share	£
Ordinary				
First interim paid	15	18,000	14	18,200
Second interim paid	15	18,000	14	18,200
Third interim paid	15	18,000	14	16,800
Fourth interim paid	15	18,000	15	18,000
Declared proposed final	22	26,400	25	30,000
	82	98,400	82	101,200

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31ST JULY 2009

8 Stocks

	200 9 £	2008 £
Properties for resale at lower of cost and net realisable value	555,218	550,308
9 Debtors	2009 £	2008 £
Rents due Prepayments and accrued income	32,282 8,990	26,318 17,028
	41,272	43,346
10 Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	2009 £	2008 £
Rents in advance Taxation Dividend payable Accruals	9,133 32,026 26,400 6,891	11,848 34,803 30,000 15,679
	74,450	92,330
11 Called up share capital	2009 £	2008 £
Authorised Ordinary shares of £1 each	500,000	500,000
Called-up and fully paid Ordinary shares of £1 each	120,000	120,000

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31ST JULY 2009

12 Reserves

TE (Cestives	Capital Redemption	Profit/Loss Account	Total
Balance at 1st August 2008 Profit/(Loss) for the year	10,000 -	601,937 22,156	611,937 22,156
Balance at 31st July 2009	10,000	624,093	634,093
13 Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Fur	nds	2009	2008
Profit for the Financial Year Dividends Repurchase of Company Shares Premium on Repurchase of Company Shares		120,556 (98,400) - -	136,646 (101,200) (10,000) (95,525)
Net Addition/(Reduction) to Shareholders' Funds		22,156	(70,079)
Opening Equity Shareholders' Funds		731,937	802,016
Closing Equity Shareholders' Funds		754,093	731,937

14 Control

No one shareholder has overall control of the company, but at the year end the directors' shareholdings were

P J Grant 8,000 ordinary shares
J K Babbs 24,880 ordinary shares

J Shine 1,300 ordinary shares

One shareholder, P Phillips, held 26,120 ordinary shares (21 76%)

15 Related Party Transactions

For the period 1st August 2008 to 30th September 2008 P J Grant, a director and shareholder, was a partner in a professional firm which charged fees (including VAT) of £4,445 for management services in the ordinary course of business

For the full accounting year to 31st July 2009 J Shine, a director and shareholder, was a director and shareholder in a company which charged fees and commissions (including VAT) of £38,429 in the ordinary course of business

The directors and Mr P Phillips received dividends in the year on the above shareholdings at 82 pence per share