Registered number: 04464236

ANGLO AMERICAN SERVICES OVERSEAS LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016





COMPANIES HOUSE

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors E Klonarides (appointed 4 August 2016)

H Truol (appointed 11 August 2016)

A W Hodges (resigned 29 February 2016)

J M Mills T J Wray

A J Van den Berg

Company secretary Anglo American Corporate Secretary Limited

Registered number 04464236

Registered office 20 Carlton House Terrace

London

United Kingdom SW1Y 5AN

Independent auditor Deloitte LLP

Statutory Auditor
2 New Street Square

London

United Kingdom EC4A 3BZ

Bankers Barclays Bank PLC

1 Churchill Place Canary Wharf London E14 5HP

CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' report	1 - 2
Directors' responsibilities statement	3
Independent auditor's report	4 - 5
Statement of comprehensive income	6
Balance sheet	7
Statement of changes in equity	8 - 9
Notes to the financial statements	10 - 19

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016. The Company, by virtue of qualifying as small under sections 382 and 383 of The Companies Act 2006, has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a Strategic Report as permitted under section 414A(2) of The Companies Act 2006.

Principal activity

The Company is involved in investigating potential investment opportunities. The directors have the present intention of maintaining the business in its current form for the foreseeable future.

The ultimate parent company and controlling party is Anglo American plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales.

Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in Note 2 of the financial statements.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

E Klonarides (appointed 4 August 2016) H Truol (appointed 11 August 2016) A W Hodges (resigned 29 February 2016) J M Mills T J Wray A J Van den Berg

Future developments

The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any likely major changes in the Company's activities in the next year.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any
 relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provision of S418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Auditor

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, Deloitte LLP will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditor 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

This report was approved by the board on 9 August 2017 and signed on its behalf.

M Loosley

For and on behalf of

Anglo American Corporate Secretary Limited

Secretary

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ANGLO AMERICAN SERVICES OVERSEAS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Anglo American Services Overseas Limited for the year ended 31 December 2016, which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, the Balance sheet, the Statement of changes in equity and the related notes 1 to 17. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework".

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Directors and Auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ANGLO AMERICAN SERVICES OVERSEAS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report and in preparing the Directors' Report.

Christopher Thomas (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of **Deloitte LLP**

Statutory Auditor

London United Kingdom

9 August 2017

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Administrative expenses		(1,207,791)	(1,246,969)
Operating loss	4	(1,207,791)	(1,246,969)
Interest receivable and similar income	6	649	814
Interest payable and expenses	7	(237,339)	(407,592)
Loss before tax		(1,444,481)	(1,653,747)
Tax on loss	8	(160,469)	(399,268)
Loss for the year		(1,604,950)	(2,053,015)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(1,604,950)	(2,053,015)

The notes on pages 10 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

The results relate to continuing operations of the Company.

ANGLO AMERICAN SERVICES OVERSEAS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 04464236

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Note		2016 £		2015 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	9				
Current assets			-		-
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	10	1,153,708		28,565,003	
Cash at bank and in hand	11	1,427,704		909,331	
		2,581,412		29,474,334	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(467,359)		(30,295,885)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			2,114,053		(821,551)
Total assets less current liabilities			2,114,053		(821,551)
Net assets/(liabilities)			2,114,053		(821,551)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		326		281
Share premium account	15		32,540,229		27,999,720
Profit and loss account	15		(30,426,502)		(28,821,552)
			2,114,053		(821,551)

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 9 August 2017.

J M Mills Director

The notes on pages 10 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Called up share capital		Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£	£
At 1 January 2016	281	27,999,720	(28,821,552)	(821,551)
Comprehensive income for the year				
Loss for the year	-	-	(1,604,950)	(1,604,950)
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	(1,604,950)	(1,604,950)
Shares issued during the year	45	4,540,509	-	4,540,554
At 31 December 2016	326	32,540,229	(30,426,502)	2,114,053
	=			

Further details in respect of the movements in share capital and share premium are disclosed in note 14.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Called up share capital	Share premium account	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£	£
At 1 January 2015	281	27,999,720	(26,768,537)	1,231,464
Comprehensive income for the year				
Loss for the year	-	-	(2,053,015)	(2,053,015)
Total comprehensive income for the year	•	•	(2,053,015)	(2,053,015)
At 31 December 2015	281	27,999,720	(28,821,552)	(821,551)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1. General information

Anglo American Services Overseas Limited is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales.

The nature of the Company's operations and principal activities is set out in the Directors' report.

The address of the registered office is given on the Company Information page.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Financial reporting standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
 - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions
 entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is
 a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member

The Company may take FRS 101 exemptions as it is a member of a group where the parent prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss and the Company is included in that consolidation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Going concern

The Company's ability to operate as a going concern is assessed in conjunction with Anglo American plc and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") as its viability is dependent upon the ability of the Group companies to settle their intercompany balances with the Company and to provide funds for working capital needs. Anglo American Services (UK) Ltd have confirmed that they intend to provide financial resources, where requested, for at least 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements, whilst the Company remains a subsidiary of Anglo American plc.

The directors of the Company therefore feel that the Company will have sufficient funds, taking account of possible changes in trading performance and amounts owed by other Group companies, to conclude that the Company can adopt the going concern basis for the foreseeable future.

2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings

- Straight line over four years

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

. 2.6 Financial instruments

The Company recognises financial instruments when it becomes a party to the contractual arrangements of the instrument. Financial instruments are de-recognised when they are discharged or when the contractual terms expire. The Company's accounting policies in respect of financial instruments transactions are explained below:

Financial assets

The Company classifies all of its financial assets as loans and receivables.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Financial instruments (continued)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through the provision of goods and services to customers (e.g. trade receivables), but also incorporate other types of contractual monetary asset. They are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition or issue, and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment.

Impairment provisions are recognised when there is objective evidence (such as significant financial difficulties on the part of the counterparty or default or significant delay in payment) that the Company will be unable to collect all of the amounts due under the terms receivable, the amount of such a provision being the difference between the net carrying amount and the present value of the future expected cash flows associated with the impaired receivable. For trade receivables, which are reported net, such provisions are recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognised within administrative expenses in the Statement of comprehensive income. On confirmation that the trade receivable will not be collected, the gross carrying value of the asset is written off against the associated provision.

Financial liabilities

The Company classifies all of its financial liabilities as liabilities at amortised cost.

At amortised cost

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including bank borrowings are initially recognised at fair value net of any transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of the instrument. Such interest bearing liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, which ensures that any interest expense over the period to repayment is at a constant rate on the balance of the liability carried into the Balance sheet.

2.7 Creditors

Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers.

Creditors are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP as this is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

2.9 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.10 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

2.11 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of comprehensive income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.12 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.13 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

There are no critical judgments made by the directors in applying the Company's accounting policies. There are no key sources of estimation uncertainty

4. Operating loss

The operating loss is stated after charging:

Exchange differences 2016 2015 £ £

(447,489) (143,642)

The audit fee payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the Company's financial statements of £11,069 (2015 - £10,055) has been borne by Anglo American Services (UK) Ltd in both the current and preceding years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

5.	Employees		
	Staff costs were as follows:		
		2016 £	2015
	Wages and salaries	1,415,216	2,097,798
	Social security costs	125,617	180,897
	Cost of defined contribution scheme	-	17,343
		1,540,833	2,296,038
	financial year. The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during	-	
		2016	2015
	Employees	No. 12	No. 20
	The directors did not receive any remuneration from the Company (2015	======================================	
6.	Interest receivable and smilar income		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Other interest receivable	649	814
		649	814
7 .	Interest payable and similar charges	649	814
7.	Interest payable and similar charges	2016 £	2015
7.	Interest payable and similar charges Loans from group undertakings	2016	2015 £ 407,592

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

8. Taxation

2016 £	2015 £
160,469	399,268
160,469	399,268
	£ 160,469

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2015 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20.25%). The differences are explained below:

	2016 £	2015 £
Loss for the period - continuing activities	(1,444,481)	(1,653,747) =======
Tax on loss at standard UK tax rate of 20% (2015 - 20.25%) Effects of:	(288,896)	(334,884)
Expenses not deductible	1,916	1,024
Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	-	(532)
Group relief surrendered for nil payment	286,980	334,392
Foreign tax suffered	160,469	399,268
Total tax charge for the year	160,469	399,268

Factors that may affect future tax charges

On 26 October 2015, the Finance Act 2015 was substantively enacted and provided for a reduction in the main rate of corporation tax from 20% to 19% effective from 1 April 2017 and a further 1% reduction to 18% from 1 April 2020. On 6 September 2016, the Finance Act 2016 was substantively enacted and provided for a reduction in the main rate of UK corporation tax to 17% from 1 April 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

9.	Tangible fixed assets		
			Fixtures and fittings
	Cost or valuation		
	At 1 January 2016		127,287
	At 31 December 2016		127,287
	Depreciation		
	At 1 January 2016		127,287
	At 31 December 2016		127,287
	Net book value		
	At 31 December 2016		
	At 31 December 2015		-
10.	Debtors		
		2016 £	
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,092,181	28,452,423
	Other debtors	61,527	112,580
		1,153,708	28,565,003
11.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2016 £	
	Cash at bank and in hand	1,427,704	909,331
		1,427,704	909,331

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

12.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	68,664	29,927,532
	Accruals and deferred income	398,695	368,353
		467,359	30,295,885
13.	Financial instruments		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Financial assets		
	Cash	1,427,704	909,331
	Loans and receivables measured at amortised cost	1,153,708	28,565,002
		2,581,412	29,474,333
	Financial liabilities		
	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	(467,358)	(30,295,885)
		(467,358)	(30,295,885)
	Loans and receivables measured at amortised cost comprise amount other debtors.	s owed by group unde	rtakings and

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise amounts owed to group undertakings and accruals.

14. Share capital

•	2016	2015
Shares classified as equity	£	£
Authorised		
10,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
326 (2015 - 281) ordinary shares of £1 each	326	281
		=

On 14 December 2016, the Company made a new allotment of 45 ordinary £1 shares. These ordinary shares were subscribed by Anglo American Finance (UK) Limited for total consideration of £4,540,554.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

15. Reserves

Share premium account

Share premium represents the excess of the issue price over the par value on shares issued less transaction costs arising on issue.

Profit and loss account

Profit and loss account reserve represents accumulated retained earnings.

16. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2016 the Company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2016 £	2015 £
Not later than 1 year	183,995	352,490
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	190,145	-
	374,140	352,490

17. Controlling party

The immediate parent company is Anglo American Finance (UK) Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent company and controlling party is Anglo American plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. Anglo American plc is the parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group which includes the Company and for which group financial statements are prepared. The financial statements of both the immediate and ultimate parent companies may be obtained from the Company Secretary, 20 Carlton House Terrace, London SW1Y 5AN, the registered office of both companies.