Abbreviated accounts

for the year ended 30 April 2016

COMPANIES HOUSE

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B.C.G.C. Limited

Abbreviated balance sheet as at 30 April 2016

		2016		2015	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		510		365
Current assets					
Debtors		731		1,588	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,673		3,969	
		3,404		5,557	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year		(2,982)		(4,721)	
Net current assets			422		836
Total assets less current					
liabilities			932		1,201
Provisions for liabilities			(102)		(73)
Net assets			830		1,128
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	3		10		10
Profit and loss account			820 .		1,118
Shareholders' funds			830		1,128

The director's statements required by Sections 475(2) and (3) are shown on the following page which forms part of this Balance Sheet.

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Abbreviated balance sheet (continued)

Director's statements required by Sections 475(2) and (3) for the year ended 30 April 2016

For the year ended 30 April 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

These accounts were approved by the director on 11 October 2016, and are signed on her behalf by:

Maria Lacey

Director

Registration number NI612408

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2016

1. Accounting policies

1.1. Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS1 from the requirement to produce a cashflow statement because it is a small company.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value of sales made during the period and derives from the provision of goods and services falling within the company's ordinary activities.

1.3. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings

and equipment

25% straight line

1.4. Deferred taxation

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2016

..... continued

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

1.5. Going concern

The accounts have been prepared on the basis that the company is able to carry on business as a going concern. At the time of signing these accounts the company was solvent and the director was confident of the continuance of the business in the immediately foreseeable future and able to trade within its financial limits.

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2016

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2.	Fixed assets		Tangible fixed assets £
	Cost At 1 May 2015		929
	Additions		377
	At 30 April 2016		1,306
	Depreciation At 1 May 2015 Charge for year		564
	At 30 April 2016		796
	Net book values At 30 April 2016		510
	At 30 April 2015		365
3.	Share capital	2016 £	2015 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 10 Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>10</u>	10
	Equity Shares		
	10 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10	10

4. Transactions with director

The directors account remained in credit throughout the period.