BCU Property Limited

Directors' report and financial statements
Registered number 2776316
Year ended 31 July 2016

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Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2016.

Principal activities and business review

The company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Birmingham City University. The company's main activities involve property development and leasing.

The results for the year ended 31 July 2016 reflect the prevailing economic climate. Looking ahead to 2016/17, the principal risks and uncertainties for the company continue to include the likelihood of significant reductions in public expenditure.

The company participates in the group's centralised treasury arrangements and so shares banking arrangements with its parent and fellow subsidiaries. The directors have no reason to believe that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the future viability of the current trading arrangements. On the basis of their assessment of the company's financial position, the company's directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

Mr R C Spilsbury (resigned 3 June 2016)

Mr J Kelly

Mr G Rhodes (resigned 19 December 2016)

Mr D Wilkin (appointed 1 November 2016)

Mr J Plumridge (appointed 14 November 2016)

The directors have no personal or beneficial interests in the shares of the company and receive no remuneration, fees or other emoluments from or on behalf of the company.

Ms K Stephenson is Company Secretary.

Political and charitable contributions

The company made no political contributions or charitable donations during the year but made a £88,266 (2015: £157,939) charitable donation under gift aid to Birmingham City University.

Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Directors' report (continued)

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Auditor

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

By order of the board

Ms K Stephenson

Secretary

Birmingham City University
University House
15 Bartholomew Row
Birmingham
B5 5JU

31 March 2017

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) including FRS 102 Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.



KPMG LLP One Snowhill Snow Hill Queensway Birmingham B4 6GH

Independent auditor's report to the members of BCU Property Limited

We have audited the financial statements of BCU Property Limited for the year ended 31 July 2016 set out on pages 6 to 14. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) including FRS 102 Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 July 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

25 April 2017

Independent auditor's report to the members of BCU Property Limited (continued)

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Based solely on the work required to be undertaken in the course of the audit of the financial statements and from reading the Directors' report:

- we have not identified material misstatements in that report; and
- in our opinion, that report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Michael Rowley (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

One Snowhill

Snow Hill Queensway

Birmingham

B4 6GH

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 July 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Turnover Cost of sales	I	118,100 (99,062)	118,100 (99,062)
Gross profit		19,038	19,038
Administrative expenses		(3,364)	(3,221)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	15,674	15,817
Taxation	5	15,421	49,052
Profit for the financial year after taxation		31,095	64,869

Other Comprehensive Income

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the year shown above.

All amounts relating to continuing activities.

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet at 31 July 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Fixed assets	6	4,313,770	4,412,832
Current assets Cash at bank and in hand		999	999
		999	999
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	(176,057)	(202,527)
Net current liabilities		(175,058)	(201,528)
Total assets less current liabilities		4,138,712	4,211,304
Provisions for liabilities	8	-	(33,074)
Net assets		4,138,712	4,178,230
Capital and reserves			
Share capital Profit and loss account	9	43,000 4,095,712	43,000 4,135,230
•		4,138,712	4,178,230

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by order of the board of directors on 31 March 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

D Wilkin
Director

Registered number 2776316

Statement of Changes in Equity at 31 July 2016

	Share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£
Balance at 1 August 2014	4,300,002	(61,348)	4,238,654
Total comprehensive income – profit for the year		64,869	64,869
Gift aid payment	-	(157,939)	(157,939)
Current tax credit	-	32,646	32,646
Share capital reduction	(4,257,002)	4,257,002	-
Balance at 31 July 2015	43,000	4,135,230	4,178,230
Balance at 1 August 2015	43,000	4,135,230	4,178,230
Total comprehensive income – profit for the year		31,095	31,095
Gift aid payment	-	(88,266)	(88,266)
Current tax credit	-	17,653	17,653
Balance at 31 July 2016	43,000	4,095,712	4,138,712

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

BCU Property Limited (the "Company") is a company limited by shares and incorporated and domiciled in the UK.

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard* applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102") as issued in August 2015. The amendments to FRS 102 issued in July 2016 and effective immediately have been applied.

In the transition to FRS 102 from old UK GAAP, the Company has made no measurement and recognition adjustments.

FRS 102 grants certain first-time adoption exemptions from the full requirements of FRS 102. No exemptions have been taken in these financial statements.

BCU Property Limited's parent undertaking, Birmingham City University, includes the Company in its consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of Birmingham City University are prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 and are available to the public and may be obtained from http://www.bcu.ac.uk/about-us/corporate-information/corporate-publications. In these financial statements, BCU Property Limited is considered to be a qualifying entity (for the purposes of this FRS) and has applied the exemptions available under FRS 102 in respect of the disclosures for:

- the Cash Flow Statement and related notes; and
- Related Party Disclosures.

Estimates and judgments

In preparing these financial statements, the following significant estimates and judgements have been made:

The directors have carried out an impairment review of the company's land and buildings and concluded that the carrying value in the balance sheet is appropriate.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

Measurement convention

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis.

Fixed assets

The cost of land, buildings and equipment to be held by the company for the long term is capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Depreciation is provided so as to charge the cost of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Leasehold buildings

- 40 years

Fixtures and fittings

- between three and ten years

No depreciation is provided on freehold land or on assets in the course of construction.

Basic financial instruments

Trade and other debtors / creditors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at transaction price less attributable transaction costs. Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at transaction price plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses in the case of trade debtors. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, for example if payment is deferred beyond normal business terms, then it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that the company obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received, excluding any discounts and VAT.

Provisions

A provision is recognised in the balance sheet when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, that can be reliably measured and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are recognised at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date.

Expenses

Operating lease

Payments (excluding costs for services and insurance) made under operating leases are recognised in the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless the payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation; in which case the payments related to the structured increases are recognised as incurred. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit and loss over the term of the lease as an integral part of the total lease expense.

Interest receivable and Interest payable

Interest payable and similar charges include interest payable, finance charges on shares classified as liabilities and finance leases recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method, unwinding of the discount on provisions.

Interest income and interest payable are recognised in profit or loss as they accrue, using the effective interest method.

Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on timing differences which arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is not recognised on permanent differences arising because certain types of income or expense are non-taxable or are disallowable for tax or because certain tax charges or allowances are greater or smaller than the corresponding income or expense.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the reversal of the related difference, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that is it probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

2 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

	2016	2015
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging	a.	~
Auditors' remuneration: Audit work Non-audit work	963 1,624	960 1,620
Tion dudit work		

3 Remuneration of directors

The directors have received no remuneration in respect of services performed for the company during the year (2015: £nil).

4 Staff costs

The company has no employees (2015: nil).

5 Taxation

The tax charge is made up as follows:		·
	2016 £	2015 £
Current tax	~	~
UK corporation taxation at 20%	17,653	32,646
Over provision in prior years	(33,074)	-
Total current tax	(15,421)	32,646
		<u></u>
Deferred tax	•	
Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	(81,698)
		·
T-4-1 J. C J		(81,698)
Total deferred tax	-	(81,098)
Total tax credit	(15,421)	(49,052)
		=

As at 31 July 2016 there was a deferred tax asset of £51,692 (2015: £62,591). This has not been provided as the directors do not consider that the balance will be recoverable.

5 Taxation (continued)

Factors affecting the tax charge for the current year

The current tax charge for the year is lower (2015: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015: 20.67%). The differences are explained below:

	2016 £	2015 £
Reconciliation of tax charge		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	15,674	15,817
	. ——	
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in UK		
of 20% (2015: 20.67%)	3,135	3,269
Effect of:		
Fixed asset differences	19,673	-
Deferred tax not recognised	(10,899)	13,804
Adjustments to brought forward values	-	15,573
Impact of change in rate	5,744	-
Over provision in respect of prior year	(33,074)	(81,698)
Tax credit for the year	(15,421)	(49,052)

6 Fixed assets

Leasehold land and buildings	Fixtures and fittings	Total
£	£	£
5,658,766	241,810	5,900,576
1,266,795 98,367	220,949 695	1,487,744 99,062
1,365,162	221,644	1,586,806
4,293,604	20,166	4,313,770
4,391,971	20,861	4,412,832
	1,266,795 98,367 	land and buildings £ £ 5,658,766 241,810 1,266,795 220,949 98,367 695

7	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2016	2015
•		£	£
	ts due to parent undertaking	150,476	173,789
	Added Tax s and deferred income	5,905 19,676	5,905 22,833
Acciuai	s and deterred meetine		
		176,057	202,527
The am	ount owed to Birmingham City University is repayable on demand and is non-	interest bearing.	
		•	
_		•	
8	Provisions for liabilities	e de la companya de l	
		2016	2015
	•	£	£
Corpora	tion tax		33,074
		-	33,074
		 `.	
9	Share capital		
		2016	2015
		£	£
Authoris	sed: 00 Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	60,000	60,000
0,000,00	o Ordinary shares of £0.01 each		
Allotted	called up and fully paid:		
	y shares of £0.01 each	43,000	43,000
10	Operating lease obligations		
			•
Future n	ninimum lease payments due – land and buildings:	2016	2015
1 dtd10 11	inimam rouse payments due tand and canonigs.	£	£
NI-4 1-4-	when I was		
	r than 1 year an 1 year and not later than 5 years	-	-
	an 5 years	1	1
		 .	
Total lea	se payments due	1	1
	•		

11 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in respect of transactions between group members available under paragraph 33.1a of FRS 102 on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary of a group headed by Birmingham City University whose financial statements are publicly available.

12 Parent undertaking

The company is a subsidiary undertaking of Birmingham City University. The consolidated financial statements of the University are available to the public and may be obtained from:

Birmingham City University University House 15 Bartholomew Row Birmingham B5 5JU

13 Explanation of transition to FRS 102 from old UK GAAP

As stated in note 1, these are the Company's first financial statements prepared in accordance with FRS 102.

The transition to FRS 102 has not necessitated any adjustments from the financial statements prepared in accordance with the previous basis of accounting under UK GAAP.