C Bass Designs Limited
Filleted Accounts
31 July 2017

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18/09/2017 COMPANIES HOUSE

#220

C Bass Designs Limited Registered number: Balance Sheet

6312164

Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2017

	lotes		2017 £		2016 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		935		1,314
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		21,711		23,294	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	3	(9,491)		(18,543)	
Net current assets			12,220		4,751
Total assets less current				-	
liabilities			13,155		6,065
Provisions for liabilities			(178)		(263)
			(** -)		(200)
Net assets			12,977	-	5,802
				_	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			10		10
Profit and loss account			12,967		5,792
Shareholders' funds			12,977	-	5,802

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

C.M. Psals

Mrs C M Bass Director Approved by the board on 4 September 2017

C Bass Designs Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 July 2017

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery

over 3-4 years

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted_by_the_reporting_date_and_that_are_expected_to_apply_to_the_reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

C Bass Designs Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 July 2017

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Tangible fixed assets

			Plant and machinery etc £
	Cost		_
	At 1 August 2016		4,785
	Additions		363_
	At 31 July 2017		5,148
	Depreciation		
	At 1 August 2016		3,471
	Charge for the year		742
	At 31 July 2017		4,213
	Net book value		
	At 31 July 2017		935
	At 31 July 2016		1,314
3	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
		£	£
	Corporation tax	5,256	6,418
	Other creditors	4,235	12,125
		9,491	18,543

4 Other information

C Bass Designs Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is: