

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

for

Debbie Lowe Limited

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Debbie Lowe Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

DIRECTORS: Mrs D J Lowe

A Lowe

REGISTERED OFFICE: 30 Fairfield Road

Stockton Heath Warrington Cheshire WA4 2UR

REGISTERED NUMBER: 08902250 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Voisey & Co

Chartered Accountants 8 Winmarleigh Street

Warrington Cheshire WA1 IJW

Balance Sheet 31 March 2017

EINED ACCETO	Notes	31.3.17 £	31.3.16 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	3	1,378	1,731
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	4	495	1,224
Cash at bank		12,285	11,150
		12.780	12,374
CREDITORS		·	·
Amounts falling due within one year	5	(6,936)	(13,778)
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES	5)	5,844	(1,404)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	,		
LIABILITIES		<u>7,222</u>	<u>327</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	6	100	100
Retained earnings	7	7,122	227
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		7,222	327

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2017.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
 - preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of
- (b) Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 6 June 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mrs D J Lowe - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Debbie Lowe Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2017 are the first financial statements of Debbie Lowe Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A small entities, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 Section 1A small entities was 1st April 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102 Section 1A small entities.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

Significant judgements and estimates

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation include uncertainties at the reporting date, which may have a risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial periods, are discussed below.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery - 33% on cost Fixtures and fittings - 33% on cost Computer equipment - 33% on cost

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with bank, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts.

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the net asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised costs using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Employee benefits

The costs of the short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets. The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received. Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

3. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Fixtures			
		Plant and	and	Computer	
		machinery	fittings	equipment	Totals
		£	£	£	£
	COST				
	At 1 April 2016	850	250	2,657	3,757
	Additions	-	-	966	966
	At 31 March 2017	850	250	3,623	4,723
	DEPRECIATION	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
	At 1 April 2016	561	165	1,300	2,026
	Charge for year	281_	83	<u>955</u>	1,319
	At 31 March 2017	842	248	2,255	3,345
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 31 March 2017	8	2	<u>1,368</u>	<u>1,378</u>
	At 31 March 2016	289	85	1,357	1,731
4.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN	ONE YEAR			
				31,3,17	31.3.16
				£	£
	Trade debtors			100	1,122
	Prepayments			395	102
				495	1,224
5.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITH	IN ONE YEAR			
				31.3.17	31.3.16
				£	£
	Tax			5,113	4,263
	Social security and other taxes			100	100
	Other creditors			699	620
	Directors' current accounts			124	6,995
	Accrued expenses			900	1,800
				6,936	13,778
6.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL				
	·				
	Allotted, issued and fully paid:				
	Number: Class:		Nominal	31.3.17	31.3.16
	2		value:	£	£
	100 Ordinary		1	100_	100
	•				

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

7. **RESERVES**

Retained earnings

At 1 April 2016
Profit for the year
Dividends
At 31 March 2017

227 19,895 (13,000) 7,122

8. FIRST YEAR ADOPTION

There is no requirement of a reconciliation of opening balances and net income/(expenditure) for the year as per the requirements of FRS 102 as no change has taken place.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.