Registered Number of Incorporation: 07409171

FRIDGE RENTALS LIMITED

INFORMATION FOR THE FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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ACCOUNTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

		2016	2015
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	2	` 2,095,552	2,000,524
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks		23,046	-
Debtors	3	632,157	727,433
Cash at bank and in hand		252,813	85,032
		908,016	812,465
CREDITORS (Amounts falling	•	(2.047.542)	. (4, 007, 257)
due within one year)	4	(2,047,542)	(1,897,257)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(1,139,526)	(1,084,792)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILIT	TES	956,026	915,732
CREDITORS (Amounts falling due			
after more than one year)	5	(7,009)	(131,226)
NET ASSETS		949,017	784,506
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital presented as equity	7	43,860	43,860
Profit and loss account	7	905,157	740,646
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		949,017	784,506

Directors' responsibilities:

- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to the companies subject to the small companies' regime of the Companies Act 2006.
- The profit and loss account and directors' report have not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on and signed on its behalf by

Ruairi Walsh

Registered Number of Incorporation: 07409171

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the financial year and the preceding year.

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council, and promulgated for use in Ireland by Chartered Accountants Ireland.

The functional currency of Fridge Rentals Limited is considered to be Sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates.

These financial statements are separate financial statements.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets are included at cost, net of depreciation and any allowance for impairment. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Hire equipment Fixtures and fittings Motor vehicles 17-25% straight line basis 12.5% & 33% straight line basis 33% straight line basis

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss (if material), which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

Assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss as described below.

Non-financial assets

An asset is impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after initial recognition, the estimated recoverable value of the asset has been reduced to below its carrying amount. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONTINUED)

IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Where indicators exist for a decrease in impairment loss, the prior impairment loss is tested to determine reversal. An impairment loss is reversed on an individual impaired asset to the extent that the revised recoverable value does not lead to a revised carrying amount higher than the carrying value had no impairment been recognised.

TAXATION AND DEFERRED TAXATION

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

When the amount that can be deducted for tax for an asset that is recognised in a business combination is less (more) than the value at which it is recognised, a deferred tax liability (asset) is recognised for the additional tax that will be paid (avoided) in respect of that difference. Similarly, a deferred tax asset (liability) is recognised for the additional tax that will be avoided (paid) because of a difference between the value at which a liability is recognised and the amount that will be assessed for tax.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for timing differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the company is able to control the reversal of the timing difference and it is probable that it will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the company intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if: a) the company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and b) the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the company and the company intends either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

PROVISIONS

Provisions are charged against the profits of the company where there may exist a liability arising from past events. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONTINUED)

FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are reported at the rates of exchange prevailing at that date.

Exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

LEASING

Assets held under finance leases, which confer rights and obligations similar to those attached to owned assets, are capitalised as tangible fixed assets at the fair value of the leased asset (or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments as determined at the inception of the lease) and are depreciated over their useful lives. The capital elements of future lease obligations are recorded as liabilities, while the interest elements are charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the leases to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term, even if the payments are not made on such a basis.

TURNOVER

Turnover represents net sales to customers and excludes Value Added Tax. Turnover is recognised when substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership pass to customers or upon supply of services to the customer.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

2. TANGIBLE ASSETS

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Hire equipment	Fixtures & fittings	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 January 2016	3,664,140	69,112	25,555	3,758,807
Additions	758,168	37,425	21,495	817,088
Disposals	(310,722)	-	(13,625)	(324,347)
At 31 December 2016	4,111,586	106,537	33,425	4,251,548
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2016	1,707,449	34,212	16,622	1,758,283
On disposals	(198,223)	-	(11,703)	(209,926)
Charge for the year	580,374	16,348	10,917	607,639
At 31 December 2016	2,089,600	50,560	15,836	2,155,996
Net book values				_
At 31 December 2016	2,021,986	55,977	17,589	2,095,552
At 31 December 2015	1,956,691	34,900	8,933	2,000,524

The net book value amount of tangible assets includes £17,589 (2015 : £8,933) in respect of motor vehicles held under hire purchase. The depreciation charge for the year in respect of these assets amounted to £10,917 (2015 : £18,808).

з.	DEBTORS	2016	2015
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year:-		
	Trade debtors	429,503	301,679
	Amounts owed by group companies (Note 8)	146,682	256,807
	Amount owed by related party (Note 8)	5,780	4,536
	Prepayments and accrued income	50,192	164,411
		632,157	727,433

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

let obligations under financial commitments frade creditors Corporation tax Other taxes and social security costs Directors' loans Amounts due to group companies (Note 8)	(Note 9) 8,994 221,792 44,236 102,298 84,420 1,277,342	198,333 7,516 61,523 100,000
Corporation tax Other taxes and social security costs Oirectors' loans Amounts due to group companies (Note 8)	44,236 102,298 84,420	7,516 61,523 100,000
Other taxes and social security costs Directors' loans Amounts due to group companies (Note 8)	102,298 84,420	61,523 100,000
Directors' loans Amounts due to group companies (Note 8)	84,420	100,000
amounts due to group companies (Note 8)	•	•
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1,277,342	1 238 756
mounts due to related parties (Note 8)		1,230,730
	76,724	58,112
mounts due to other party (Note 8)	42,743	50,000
accruals and deferred income	188,993	176,076
	2,047,542	1,897,257
Other taxes and social security costs:-	2016	2015
	£	£
'AT payable	94,885	51,379
social security and income tax payable	7,413	10,144
	102,298	61,523
'AT payable social security and income tax payable	94,885 7,413	10

Amounts owing to directors and other party are interest bearing at 8%, unsecured and repayable over 48 months.

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Amounts owed to group companies and related parties are non-interest bearing, unsecured and repayable upon demand.

CREDITORS (Amounts falling due after more than one year)	2016 £	2015 £
Net obligations under financial commitments (Note 9)	7,009	2,707
Directors' loans	-	85,097
Amounts due to other party (Note 8)	-	43,422
	7,009	131,226

Amounts owing to directors and other party are interest bearing at 8%, unsecured and repayable over 48 months.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

6.	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS The carrying values of the company's financial assets	2016 £	2015 £
	and liabilities are summarised by category below:		
	Financial assets		
	Measured at undiscounted amount receivable	•	
	Trade debtors (Note 3)	429,503	301,679
	Amounts owed by group companies (Note 3)	146,682	256,807
	Amounts owed by related parties (Note 3)	5,780	4,536
		581,965	563,022
	Financial liabilities		
	Measured at amortised cost		
	Net obligations under finance leases (Note 9)	16,003	9,648
	Directors' loans (Note 4 and Note 5)	84,420	185,097
	Amounts due to other party (Note 4 and Note 5)	42,743	93,422
	Measured at undiscounted amount payable		
	Trade and other payables (Note 4)	221,792	198,333
	Amounts due to group companies (Note 4)	1,277,342	1,238,756
	Amounts due to related parties (Note 4)	76,724	58,112
		1,719,024	1,783,368
7.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL PRESENTED AS EQUITY	2016	2015
	AND RESERVES	£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid equity		
	43,860 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	43,860	43,860

Other reserves:

The profit and loss account represents cumulative profits and losses carried forward.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has availed of the exemption in FRS 102 from disclosing transactions and balances with wholly owned group companies.

Included in amounts owed by group companies is the following:	2016 £	2015 £
Cross Refrigeration Limited	<u>-</u>	44,622
Included in amounts due to group companies less than one year is the following:	2016 £	2015 £
Cross Refrigeration Limited	1,173,465	<u>1,160,711</u>
Sales to the following group company occurred during the financial	2016 year: £	2015 £
Cross Refrigeration Limited		8,023
Purchases from the following group company occurred during the financial year :	2016 £	2015 £
Cross Refrigeration Limited	549,300	219,045
The following named companies are related by way of common dire shareholders.	ctors and	
Included in amount owed by related party is the following:	2016 £	2015 £
Cross Refrigeration (N.I.) Limited	5,780	<u>4,536</u>

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

8.	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS - (CONTINUED)		
	Included in amounts due to related parties are the following:	2016 £	2015 £
	Cross Refrigeration (N.I.) Limited Cross Hire Limited Sprucewood Limited	59,956 16,768 -	33,156 9,066 15,890
		76,724	58,112
	Amounts falling due within one year: Other party	2016 £ 42,743	2015 £ 50,000
	Amounts falling due after more than one year: Other party	2016 £	2015 £ 43,422
	Sales to the following related party occurred during the financial year	2016 ar: £	2015 £
	Cross Refrigeration (N.I.) Limited	8,661	
	Purchases from the following related parties occurred during the financial year :	2016 £	. 2015 £
	Cross Refrigeration (N.I.) Limited Cross Hire Limited	24,026 11,314	9,537 3,612

Cross Hire Limited, a company with common directors and shareholders, charged Fridge Rentals Limited a management charge in the amount of £11,501 (2015: £18,085).

Cross Refrigeration Limited, a company with common directors and shareholders, charged Fridge Rentals Limited a management charge in the amount of £130,321 (2015: £90,750).

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

8.	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS - (CONTINUED)	2016 £	2015 £
	Loan interest was payable to the directors of the company as follow	_	-
	Michael O'Leary Andrew Nesbitt	6,343 7,684	9,475 11,333
		14,027	20,808
	£6,696 (2015 : £9,475) was payable also to the father of one of tadvanced to the company.	he directors	on a loan
	Amounts due to Michael O'Leary (Director)	2016 £	2015 £
	Balance at beginning of the financial year Amounts repaid	93,430 (50,677)	137,843
	Balance at end of the financial year	42,753	93,430
	Amounts due to Andrew Nesbitt (Director)	2016	2015
	Balance at beginning of the financial year Amounts repaid	£ 91,667 (50,000)	£ 141,667 (50,000)
	Balance at end of the financial year	41,667	91,667
9.	FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS At the financial year end the company had hire purchase commitment of interest, due as follows:	2016 nts, £	2015 £
	Expiry date: Within one year	8,994	6,941
	Between one and five years	7,009	2,707
		16,003	9,648
	Total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable of premises are as follows:	perating leas	ses on its
	Within one year Between one and five years	30,491 100,718	28,974 131,209
		131,209	160,183

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

10. PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Refrigeration Rentals Limited, a company with a registered office at Mallow Road, Cork. The ultimate parent company is Cross Refrigeration Limited, a company incorporated in Ireland.

11. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company, limited by shares and registered in England.

Its registered number is: 07409171.

Its registered office is: Unit 3 Bishops Court, Winwick Quay, Warrington, United Kingdom, WA2 8QY.

12. AUDIT

The auditor's report on the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2016 was unqualified. The audit report was signed by Honor Moore, Senior Statutory Auditor on behalf of Deloitte.