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Strategic Report, Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

for

Katsouris Brothers Limited

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Contents of the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

	Page
Company Information	1
Strategic Report	2
Report of the Directors	4
Report of the Independent Auditors	6
Income Statement	7
Other Comprehensive Income	8
Statement of Financial Position	. 9
Statement of Changes in Equity	10
Statement of Cash Flows	11
Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows	12
Notes to the Financial Statements	13
Reconciliation of Equity	22
Reconciliation of Profit	24

Katsouris Brothers Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

DIRECTORS: L Constantinou

C Constantinou D Habeshis A Yerolemou A Katsouris

SECRETARY: K Charalambous

REGISTERED OFFICE: 100 Queensbury Road

Wembley Middlesex HA0 1WP

REGISTERED NUMBER: 00824300 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS: Philips Chartered Accountants

1160 High Road

London N20 0RA

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 30 June 2016.

Katsouris Brothers Limited are food importers and wholesale distributors.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

Despite the current economic climate and the continuing difficult trading conditions, the company has continued to successfully focus strongly on increasing sales and reducing costs.

As a result of introducing new products and utilising existing contacts, the directors are pleased to announce that this year's turnover is £49,306,825 (2015: £47,189,262) representing an increased of 4.5% (2015: 9.2%).

The gross profit has increased from £11,733,654 to £13,375,478, representing an increase of 14%.

The company realised a profit of £6,122,398 before tax, compared to the previous year's profit of £5,414,422.

The net assets of the company for the year ended 30 June 2016 amount to £8,811,227 compared to £17,934,299 in the previous year. This represents a decrease of £9,123,072 mainly due to a dividend distribution.

The directors' remain confident of maintaining the company's trading position.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company's financial instruments employed during the year consist of borrowings, cash and various other items such as debtors and creditors that arise from its trading activities. These financial instruments do not include derivatives normally used for the purpose of raising finance for the company's operations. The main risks from the above mentioned financial instruments are interest rate risk and liquidity risk.

The directors review the policies for each of the risks as set out below:-

Interest rate risk

The company's operations are supported by the availability of bank facilities and retained profits. The business can be exposed to the risk of interest rate fluctuations on its bank facilities, both of which are supported by fixed and floating charges.

Liquidity risk

The financial risks are managed by the company through the provision of sufficient liquidity available from its own resources to meet the company's foreseeable needs.

Foreign currency risk

The company makes its purchases in Sterling, Euro and US Dollar and accordingly it is exposed to currency fluctuations in respect of overseas purchases. In addition, funds held in foreign currencies also give rise to currency gains or losses. These are recognised in the income statement. The directors' objective is to reduce risk from exchange rate fluctuations.

Food safety

The company supplies various products, some of which are considered to be high risk. In the interest of safety the company employs an independent external testing lab on a daily basis to ensure that none of the company's products are contaminated.

Health and safety

We have a duty of care towards the health and safety of our employees. A health and safety manager is responsible for investigating and reporting to the management team any health and safety issues which may arise for immediate action.

Commodity availability and price fluctuation

The company is likely to be exposed to supplier price fluctuations as well as availability of commodities in the short run. The management has taken steps to minimise the risks by entering in to arrangements with various supplies to ensure continuity in supply at pre-agreed prices for a minimum of 6 months.

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

EMPLOYEES

The company is an equal opportunities employer and gives fair and equal consideration to employment applications made by all people, from all backgrounds, including those with disabilities. Assessment of employee requirements are reviewed and reasonable adjustments are made to the work environment to assist and accommodate people where necessary.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The company expects to continue its planned expansion at a steady pace, with a view to meet any further growth for demand of its products.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

K Charalambous - Secretary

24 March 2017

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2016.

DIVIDENDS

An interim dividend of £474.5763 per share was paid on 27 November 2015. The directors recommend that no final dividend be paid.

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 30 June 2016 will be £14,000,000.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 July 2015 to the date of this report.

- L Constantinou
- C Constantinou
- D Habeshis
- A Yerolemou
- A Katsouris

POLITICAL DONATIONS AND EXPENDITURE

During the year charitable donations of £19,009 were made to various charities.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

AUDITORS

The auditors, Philips Chartered Accountants, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

K Charalambous - Secretary

24 March 2017

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Katsouris Brothers Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Katsouris Brothers Limited for the year ended 30 June 2016 on pages seven to twenty four. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page four, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Philippos Soteri (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Philips Chartered Accountants 1160 High Road

London N20 0RA PHlofen

Income Statement for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

		30.6.16	30.6.15
N	lotes	£	£
TURNOVER		49,306,825	47,189,262
Cost of sales		35,931,347	35,455,608
GROSS PROFIT		13,375,478	11,733,654
Administrative expenses		7,175,032	6,825,451
		6,200,446	4,908,203
Other operating (expenses)		(76.200)	476 007
income		(76,398)	476,997
OPERATING PROFIT	4	6,124,048	5,385,200
Interest receivable and similar income		22,049	29,222
		6,146,097	5,414,422
Interest payable and similar charges	5	23,699	
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	V		•
BEFORE TAXATION		6,122,398	5,414,422
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	1,245,470	1,171,258
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		4,876,928	4,243,164

Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

	Notes	30.6.16 £	30.6.15 £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		4,876,928	4,243,164
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		-	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		4,876,928	4,243,164

Statement of Financial Position 30 June 2016

		30.6	.16	30.6	.15
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	8		96,269		67,145
Tangible assets	9		1,991,379		2,156,458
Investments	10		1		1
·			2,087,649		2,223,604
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	11	4,199,582		3,971,040	
Debtors	12	8,602,883		7,818,619	
Cash at bank		1,997,654		9,110,940	
		14,800,119		20,900,599	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	13	8,063,384		5,189,904	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			6,736,735		15,710,695
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			8,824,384		17,934,299
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	16		13,157		
NET ASSETS			8,811,227		17,934,299
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	17		29,500		29,500
Retained earnings	18		8,781,727		17,904,799
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			8,811,227		17,934,299

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 24 March 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

L Constantinou - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Total equity £
Balance at 1 July 2014	29,500	13,661,635	13,691,135
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income		4,243,164	4,243,164
Balance at 30 June 2015	29,500	17,904,799	17,934,299
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	· ·	(14,000,000) 4,876,928	(14,000,000) 4,876,928
Balance at 30 June 2016	29,500	8,781,727	8,811,227

Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

N	otes	30.6.16 £	30.6.15 £
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations	1	6,402,071	5,548,877
Interest paid	•	(23,699)	•
Tax paid		(1,349,956)	(787,846)
Net cash from operating activities		5,028,416	4,761,031
Cash flows from investing activities		440.540	(7.4.60.6)
Purchase of intangible fixed assets Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(40,649) (139,852)	(74,606) (68,446)
Sale of tangible fixed assets		16,750	26,809
Interest received		22,049	29,222
Net cash from investing activities		(141,702)	(87,021)
Cash flows from financing activities			
New loans in year		2,000,000	-
Equity dividends paid		(14,000,000)	-
Net cash from financing activities		(12,000,000)	-
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equiva	lents	(7,113,286)	4,674,010
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of		(,,113,200)	1,071,010
year	2	9,110,940	4,436,930
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	1,997,654	9,110,940
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	1,997,654	9,110,940

Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	30.6.16	30.6.15
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	4,876,928	4,243,164
Depreciation charges	302,778	435,930
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(3,072)	(12,487)
Finance costs	23,699	-
Finance income	(22,049)	(29,222)
Taxation	1,245,470	1,171,258
	6,423,754	5,808,643
Increase in stocks	(228,542)	(322,528)
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other debtors	(784,264)	112,922
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other creditors	991,123	(50,160)
Cash generated from operations	6,402,071	5,548,877

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Statement of Cash Flows in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Statement of Financial Position amounts:

Year ended 30 June 2016

	30.6.16	1.7.15
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	1,997,654	9,110,940
		
Year ended 30 June 2015		
	30.6.15	1.7.14
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	9,110,940	4,436,930

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Katsouris Brothers Limited is a company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales, registration number 00824300. The registered office and principal place of business is 100 Queensbury Road, Wembley, Middlesex, HAO 1WP.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Transition to FRS 102

This is the first year the company has presented its financial statements under Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102). The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 July 2014.

No transitional adjustments were required in profit or loss for the year. There has been no change in equity other than the reversal of the freehold revaluation.

Change in policy

On transition to FRS 102, the directors decided to show the freehold property at depreciated cost, which is equivalent to fair market value. This is a change in accounting policy.

Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The company is not required to prepare group accounts by virtue of section 402, Companies Act 2006 as the inclusion of its subsidiary would not be material for the purposes of giving a true and fair view.

Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Significant judgements and estimates

The company's management is required to make judgements, estimations and assumptions regarding carrying values of assets and liabilities which are not apparent from other sources.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed regularly and judgements are based on historical experience and other relevant factors. Actual results may differ from the results of such assumptions and estimates.

Critical judgements in applying the company's accounting policies

There are no critical judgements that the directors have made in the process of applying the company's accounting policies and that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Stock

Estimated selling price less costs to sell represents the Company's best estimate of the selling price that will be achieved in the market less costs in relation to completion and appropriate holding, selling and distribution expenses.

Useful economic lives

Key estimates in the accounts is the assessment of useful life tangible and intangible assets for depreciation and amortisation purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Turnover is recognised in the accounts when the goods are delivered and invoiced to the customer.

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the UK.

Intellectual property rights

Intellectual property rights are included at cost and are being amortised evenly over an estimated useful life of ten years.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold property

- 10% on cost and 2% on cost

Short leasehold

- in accordance with the property

Plant and machinery

- 15% on cost

Fixtures and fittings

- 15% on cost

Motor vehicles

- 20% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Cost is calculated on a first in, first out basis.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the statement of financial position date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at the market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Page 14 continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

3. STAFF COSTS

4.

5.

STAFF COSTS		
	30.6.16	30.6.15
	£	£
Wages and salaries	5,449,878	5,061,669
Social security costs	478,471	481,730
Other pension costs	114,901	126,338
	6,043,250	5,669,737
The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:		
The average monanty number of employees during the year was as tone were	30.6.16	30.6.15
Directors	5	5
Managerial and administration	42	37
Warehouse and others	162	160
	200	202
	209	
OPERATING PROFIT		
The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	30.6.16	30.6.15
	£	£
Other operating leases	220,000	220,000
Depreciation - owned assets	291,253	428,469
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(3,072)	(12,487)
Intellectual property rights amortisation	11,525	7,461
Auditors' remuneration	17,000	17,000
Taxation compliance services	3,000	3,000
Other non- audit services	7,000	7,000
Foreign exchange differences	76,398 =====	(476,997) ======
Directors' remuneration	872,406	818,795
Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes	15,000	15,000
The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as fo	llows:	
Money purchase schemes	2	2
Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:		
intermation regarding the highest paid director is as follows.	30.6.16 £	30.6.15 £
Emoluments etc	319,803	293,248
Pension contributions to money purchase schemes	-	12,000
	=	
INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
	30.6.16	30.6.15
	£	£
Bank loan interest	23,699	-
	=	

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

6. TAXATION

7.

Interim

TAXATION		
Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the year was as follows:	30.6.16	30.6.15
	£	£
Current tax: UK corporation tax	1,232,313	1,171,258
Deferred tax	13,157	•
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	1,245,470	1,171,258
Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation explained below:	tax in the UK. 1	The difference
	30.6.16 £	30.6.15 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	6,122,398	5,414,422
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20.751%)	1,224,480	1,123,547
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2,460	2,043
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	5,373	45,668
Anticipated excess of tax on accelerated capital allowances	13,157	-
Total tax charge	1,245,470	1,171,258
DIVIDENDS	30.6.16 £	30.6.15 £
Ordinary shares of £1.00 each		

is

14,000,000

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

8. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

				Intellectual property rights
	COST			
	At 1 July 2015			74,606
	Additions			40,649
	At 30 June 2016			115,255
	AMORTISATION			
	At 1 July 2015			7,461
	Amortisation for year			11,525
	At 30 June 2016			18,986
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 30 June 2016			96,269
	At 30 June 2015			67,145
9.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
		Freehold	Short	Plant and
		property	leasehold	machinery
		£	£	£
	COST			
	At 1 July 2015	3,311,186	788,839	3,835,761
	Additions	-	21,658	91,894
	At 30 June 2016	3,311,186	810,497	3,927,655
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 July 2015	1,956,253	785,912	3,092,858
	Charge for year	25,859	2,584	240,286
	Eliminated on disposal	<u> </u>	-	
	At 30 June 2016	1,982,112	788,496	3,333,144
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 30 June 2016	1,329,074	22,001	594,511
	At 30 June 2015	1,354,933	2,927	742,903

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

	Fixtures and	Motor	
	fittings	vehicles	Totals
	£	£	£
COST			
At 1 July 2015	885,458	317,440	9,138,684
Additions	9,350	16,950	139,852
Disposals		(17,098)	(17,098)
At 30 June 2016	894,808	317,292	9,261,438
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 July 2015	867,125	280,078	6,982,226
Charge for year	6,098	16,426	291,253
Eliminated on disposal	<u>-</u>	(3,420)	(3,420)
At 30 June 2016	873,223	293,084	7,270,059
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 30 June 2016	21,585	24,208	1,991,379
At 30 June 2015	18,333	37,362	2,156,458
*			

Included in cost of land and buildings is freehold land of £640,000 (2015 - £640,000) which is not depreciated.

The directors are of the opinion that the value of the freehold property shown in the financial statements is in line with its current fair market value.

10. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Interest in associate
COST	
At 1 July 2015	
and 30 June 2016	100
PROVISIONS	
At 1 July 2015	
and 30 June 2016	99
NET BOOK VALUE	
NET BOOK VALUE	1
At 30 June 2016	1
At 30 June 2015	1

The company's investments at the Statement of Financial Position date in the share capital of companies include the following:

Cypressa Products Limited

Country of incorporation: England Nature of business: Dormant

Class of shares: holding Ordinary 100.00

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

11.	STOCKS		
•••		30.6.16 £	30.6.15 £
	Raw materials	1,951,756	354,122
	Finished goods	2,247,826	3,616,918
		4,199,582	3,971,040
			
12.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		30.6.16 £	30.6.15 £
	Trade debtors	7,725,662	6,798,431
	Payments on account	280,607	499,069
	Other loans owing	7,433	12,593
	Other debtors	309,420	253,480
	Prepayments and accrued income	279,761	255,046
		8,602,883	7,818,619
13.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	***	20 < 15
		30.6.16	30.6.15
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 14)	£ 2,000,000	£
	Trade creditors	4,879,947	3,765,478
	Corporation tax	510,603	628,246
	Other creditors	283,343	321,520
	Accrued expenses	389,491	474,660
		8,063,384	5,189,904
14.	LOANS	•	
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		30.6.16	30.6.15
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:		
	Bank loans	2,000,000	
15.	SECURED DEBTS		
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
		30.6.16	30.6.15
	·	£	£
	Bank loans	2,000,000	

The bank overdraft facilities are secured by a first charge on the company's Water Road freehold property. A supported guarantee by Katsouris Investments Limited, a connected company, is also in place.

The bank loan is secured by a debenture. Interest is charged at 2% p.a. over base rate.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

1.0	PROTITOTONIC	DOD I LABIT IMIDO
16.	PROVISIONS	FOR LIABILITIES

Deferred tax		Deferred tax			30.6.16 £ 13,157	30.6.15 £
Balance at 30 June 2016 17. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL Allotted, issued and fully paid: Number: Class: 29,500 Ordinary 18. RESERVES Retained earnings £ At 1 July 2015 Profit for the year Dividends Retained in the sear of the search of		Provided during year				tax £
17. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL Allotted, issued and fully paid: Number: Class: 29,500 Ordinary 18. RESERVES Retained earnings £ At 1 July 2015 Profit for the year Dividends RION RION Nominal 30.6.16 30.6.15 value: £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £		Flovided during year	V			13,137
Allotted, issued and fully paid: Number: Class: 29,500 Ordinary 18. RESERVES At 1 July 2015 Profit for the year Dividends Nominal 30.6.16 30.6.15 value: £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £		Balance at 30 June 2016				13,157
Number: Class: 29,500 Ordinary RESERVES Retained earnings £ At 1 July 2015 Profit for the year Dividends Nominal value: £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £	17.	CALLED UP SHARE CAP	ITAL			
Number: Class: 29,500 Ordinary RESERVES Retained earnings £ At 1 July 2015 Profit for the year Dividends Nominal value: £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £		Allotted, issued and fully paid	l:			
18. RESERVES Retained earnings £ At 1 July 2015 Profit for the year Dividends 17,904,799 4,876,928 (14,000,000)					£	
Retained earnings £ At 1 July 2015 17,904,799 Profit for the year 4,876,928 Dividends (14,000,000)		29,500 Ordinary		£1.00	<u>29,500</u>	<u>29,500</u>
At 1 July 2015 17,904,799 Profit for the year 4,876,928 Dividends (14,000,000)	18.	RESERVES				
Profit for the year Dividends 4,876,928 (14,000,000)		NEGEN V EG				earnings
Profit for the year Dividends 4,876,928 (14,000,000)		At 1 July 2015				17.904.799
At 30 June 2016 8,781,727						
		At 30 June 2016				8,781,727

19. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

Katsouris Brothers Limited (incorporated in Cyprus) is regarded by the directors as being the company's ultimate parent company.

20. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Contingent liabilities of £100,000 exist in connection with a VAT Bond to HM Revenue and Customs (2015: £100,000).

There is a contingent liability of around £6,325,850 (2015: £4,648,852) in respect of goods ordered.

21. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	30.6.16 £	30.6.15 £
Contracted but not provided for in the		
financial statements	140,550	34,000

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2016

22. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Katsouris Investments Limited

An annual rent of £220,000 (2015: £220,000) was paid under a licence to Katsouris Investments Limited, a company where A P Yerolemou is a director and shareholder. L Constantinou and C Constantinou are directors of both companies. As at 30 June 2016, no outstanding liability was due from Katsouris Brothers Limited.

There is a supported guarantee in place by Katsouris Investments Limited.

Reconciliation of Equity 1 July 2014 (Date of Transition to FRS 102)

	-	UK GAAP	Effect of transition to FRS 102	FRS 102
	Notes	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			(500,000)	2 520 802
Tangible assets		3,030,803	(500,000)	2,530,803
Investments		1	<u>-</u>	I
		3,030,804	(500,000)	2,530,804
CURRENT ASSETS			_	
Stocks		3,648,512	-	3,648,512
Debtors		7,931,541	-	7,931,541
Cash at bank		4,436,930	-	4,436,930
		16,016,983	-	16,016,983
CREDITORS				
Amounts falling due within one year		(4,856,652)	-	(4,856,652)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		11,160,331	<u>-</u>	11,160,331
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT				
LIABILITIES		14,191,135	(500,000)	13,691,135
NET ASSETS		14,191,135	(500,000)	13,691,135
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up share capital		29,500	-	29,500
Revaluation reserve		500,000	(500,000)	-
Retained earnings		13,661,635		13,661,635
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		14,191,135	(500,000)	13,691,135

Reconciliation of Equity - continued 30 June 2015

	N	UK GAAP	Effect of transition to FRS 102	FRS 102
DIVIDD ACCOUNT	Notes	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS		(7.145		67 145
Intangible assets		67,145	(500,000)	67,145
Tangible assets		2,656,458	(500,000)	2,156,458
Investments				
		2,723,604	(500,000)	2,223,604
CURRENT ASSETS				
Stocks		3,971,040	-	3,971,040
Debtors		7,818,619	-	7,818,619
Cash at bank		9,110,940	-	9,110,940
		20,900,599	_	20,900,599
CREDITORS			 .	
Amounts falling due within one year		(5,189,904)		(5,189,904)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		15,710,695	-	15,710,695
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT				
LIABILITIES		18,434,299	(500,000)	17,934,299
NET ASSETS		18,434,299	(500,000)	17,934,299
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up share capital		29,500	-	29,500
Revaluation reserve		500,000	(500,000)	-
Retained earnings		17,904,799	- -	17,904,799
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		18,434,299	(500,000)	17,934,299

Notes to the reconciliation of equity

In line with the provisions of FRS 102, the revaluation reserve of £500,000 has been eliminated on the transition date of 1 July 2014. As a result of this adjustment, the freehold is stated at cost less depreciation, which is also the fair market value.

Reconciliation of Profit for the Year Ended 30 June 2015

	UK GAAP £	Effect of transition to FRS 102	FRS 102
TURNOVER	47,189,262	-	47,189,262
Cost of sales	(35,455,608)	-	(35,455,608)
GROSS PROFIT	11,733,654	<u>-</u>	11,733,654
Administrative expenses	(6,825,451)	-	(6,825,451)
Other operating (expenses)			
income	476,997	<u> </u>	476,997
OPERATING PROFIT	5,385,200	-	5,385,200
Interest receivable and similar income	29,222	-	29,222
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES			
BEFORE TAXATION	5,414,422	-	5,414,422
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	(1,171,258)		(1,171,258)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	4,243,164	-	4,243,164