Company registration number: 6863729

Mechanical Project Solutions Limited

31 March 2017

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COMPANIES HOUSE

Lynne Stone Taxation Consultants Limited
27 Wanderdown Road
Ovingdean
Brighton
East Sussex
BN2 7BT

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Directors and other information

Director

C. Pain

Secretary

L. Stone

Company number

6863729

Registered office

27 Wanderdown Road

Ovingdean Brighton East Sussex BN2 7BT

Business address

2 Park Avenue

Edenbridge

Kent

TN8 5JU

Accountant

Lynne Stone Taxation Consultants Limited

27 Wanderdown Road

Ovingdean Brighton East Sussex BN2 7BT

Report to the director on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of Mechanical Project Solutions Limited Year ended 31 March 2017

As described on the statement of financial position, the director of the company is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 which comprise the statement of financial position and related notes.

You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 2006. In accordance with your instructions I have compiled these unaudited financial statements in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and from information and explanations supplied to me.

Lynne Stone Taxation Consultants Limited 27 Wanderdown Road Ovingdean Brighton East Sussex BN2 7BT

19 December 2017

Statement of financial position 31 March 2017

·	2017		2016		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	541		721	
			541		721
Current assets					
Debtors	6	7,137		6,266	
Cash at bank and in hand		4,123		1,365	
		11,260		7,631	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	7	(11,386)		(7,910)	
Net current liabilities			(126)	**************************************	(279)
Total assets less current liabilities			415		442
Net assets		,	415		442
	•		===		
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			315		342
Shareholders funds			415	•	442

For the year ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position (continued) 31 March 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 19 December 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

C. Pain Director

Company registration number: 6863729

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 March 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is 27 Wanderdown Road, Ovingdean, Brighton, East Sussex, BN2 7BT.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 April 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 8.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are recognised at amortised cost, except for investments in non convertable preference and non-puttable ordinary shares which are measured at fair value, with changes recognised in profit or loss. Derivative financial instruments are initially recorded at cost and thereafter at fair value with changes recognised in profit or loss.

4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2016: 1).

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

5.	Tangible assets	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
		£	£
	Cost At 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017	2,126	2,126
	Depreciation At 1 April 2016 Charge for the year	1,405 180	1,405 180
	Charge for the year At 31 March 2017	1,585	1,585
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2017	541	541
	At 31 March 2016	721	721
6.	Debtors	2017 £	2016 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors	- 7,137	2,214 4,052
		7,137	6,266
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
	Accruals and deferred income	£ 1,560	£ 1,620
	Corporation tax Social security and other taxes	9,826 -	6,078 212
	Director loan accounts	-	-
		11,386	7,910

8. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 April 2015.

Reconciliation of equity

No transitional adjustments were required.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year No transitional adjustments were required.