REGISTERED NUMBER: 03570861 (England and Wales)

NORTHWOOD GB LIMITED STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditors
Donington Court
Pegasus Business Park
Herald Way
East Midlands
DE74 2UZ

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NORTHWOOD GB LIMITED COMPANY INFORMATION For The Period Ended 31 December 2016

DIRECTORS:

G M Goodson **D** Gonsalves L J George W Walker

SECRETARY:

L J George

REGISTERED OFFICE:

The Old Courthouse 60a London Road

Grantham Lincolnshire NG31 6HR

REGISTERED NUMBER:

03570861 (England and Wales)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS:

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors Donington Court

Pegasus Business Park

Herald Way East Midlands **DE74 2UZ**

NORTHWOOD GB LIMITED STRATEGIC REPORT For The Period Ended 31 December 2016

The directors present their strategic report for the 7 months ended 31 December 2016.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

Northwood GB Limited offers specialist residential lettings and estate agency services across the UK.

The principal activity of the company in the period under review was that of selling, supporting and training residential property franchises.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Board continues to deliver growth through the support of the network to promote organic growth, recruitment of new franchise owners and the financial support of franchisee-led acquisitions.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in the UK, registered in England, and is a 100% subsidiary of Belvoir Lettings plc.

REGISTERED OFFICE

The address of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company is The Old Courthouse, 60a London Road, Grantham, Lincolnshire, NG31 6HR.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The Company's results are shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 8 and the Statement of Financial Position on page 9, showing a profit for 7 months to 31 December 2016 of £32,452 (Financial year to 31 May 2016 £363,722)

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Due to the size of the business, the directors do not consider it necessary to disclose key performance indicators.

FINANCIAL AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The directors consider that the risks set out below are the most significant risks in achieving the company's business goals. There could be additional risks and uncertainties which are not currently known to management or currently deemed to be less material, which may also have an adverse effect on the business.

- i. Ability to generate planned revenue and growth profit There is no certainty that the Company will expand its share of the residential property market as this depends on current market conditions. The risks are mitigated by the directors constantly monitoring the market and supporting the key staff members providing advice, training and support in order to improve performance.
- ii. Legislative changes The recent tax changes on interest relief against buy-to-let mortgages and higher stamp duty on second homes have cooled BTL landlord activity in the market. Furthermore, the introduction of a ban on tenant fees in 2018 following a year of consultation has lead to uncertainty for both existing and potential new franchise owners.
 - The directors are focused on supporting the company in expanding their service offering:
 - Property sales still represent a viable new revenue stream.
 - A drive to engage the company on the upsale possibilities in the financial services sector including the commission on insurances, conveyancing and mortgages.
- iii. Local acquisitions to expand lettings portfolios.

In addition the directors have set out policies, as below, that seek to reduce financial risk as far as possible without unduly affecting the Company's competitiveness and flexibility.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a franchise owners or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. It is the Company's policy to assess the credit risk of new franchisees before entering contracts.

NORTHWOOD GB LIMITED STRATEGIC REPORT (continued) For The Period Ended 31 December 2016

FINANCIAL AND RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (continued)

The credit risk for liquid funds and other short-term financial assets is considered small. The substantial majority of these assets are deposited with NatWest.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the Company's management of working capital and is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due.

In order to maintain liquidity to ensure that sufficient funds are available for ongoing operations and future developments, the forecast cash inflows and outflows are monitored on a Group-wide monthly basis by Board of the ultimate parent company, Belvoir Lettings plc.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

L J George - Director

Date: 19 September 2017

NORTHWOOD GB LIMITED REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS For The Period Ended 31 December 2016

The directors present their report with the audited financial statements of the company for the 7 months ended 31 December 2016.

DIVIDENDS

An interim dividend of £Nil was paid in the period to 31 December 2016 (31 May 2016: £262,000). The directors have not proposed a dividend for the 7 months ended 31 December 2016 (31 May 2016: £Nil).

DIRECTORS

G M Goodson and W Walker held office during the whole period from 1 June 2016 to the date of this report.

The directors shown below held office from 1 June 2016 and resigned during the period reported on, as follows:

P A Gee - Resigned 8 June 2016 N M Harris - Resigned 8 June 2016 V L Alexander - Resigned 8 June 2016 A D Goodson - Resigned 8 June 2016

Directors appointed to office during the period;

D Gonsalves - Appointed 8 June 2016 L J George - Appointed 8 June 2016

GOING CONCERN

After consideration of forecasts and making appropriate enquiries and given the ongoing support of the ultimate parent company, Belvoir Lettings plc, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. There are no material uncertainties, of which the directors are aware, that may cast doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern by reference to the guidance by the Financial Reporting Council on going concern assessment.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial 7 month period. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

NORTHWOOD GB LIMITED REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (continued) For The Period Ended 31 December 2016

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES

As permitted by the Articles of Association, the directors have the benefit of an indemnity which is qualifying third party indemnity provision as defined by Section 234 of the Companies Act 2006. The indemnity was in force throughout the last financial year and is currently in force. The company also purchased and maintained throughout the financial period Directors' and Officers' liability insurance in respect of itself and its directors.

EMPLOYEES

The Company believes in a policy of equal opportunities. Recruitment and promotion are undertaken on the basis of merit regardless of gender, race, age, marital status, sexual orientation, religion, nationality, colour or disability. If an employee becomes disabled during the course of their employment, adjustments are made where possible to enable such employee to carry on working despite their disability.

STATEMENT OF DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

In the case of each director in office at the date the Directors' Report is approved:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

During the period the directors appointed PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as auditors and a resolution will be proposed for their re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting in accordance with Section 489 of the Companies Act 2006.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Date: 19 September 2017

NORTHWOOD GB LIMITED INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NORTHWOOD GB LIMITED

Report on the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, Northwood GB Limited's financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of its profit for the 7 month period (the "period") then ended;
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

What we have audited

The financial statements, included within the Strategic Repot, Report of the Directors and audited financial statements (the "Annual Report"), comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016;
- the statement of comprehensive income for the period then ended;
- the statement of changes in equity for the period then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the financial statements is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In applying the financial reporting framework, the directors have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, they have made assumptions and considered future events.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In addition, in light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we are required to report if we have identified any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors. We have nothing to report in this respect.

NORTHWOOD GB LIMITED INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NORTHWOOD GB LIMITED - continued

Other matters on which we are required to report by exception

Adequacy of accounting records and information and explanations received

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Directors' remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Our responsibilities and those of the directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) ("ISAs (UK & Ireland)"). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

What an audit of financial statements involves

We conducted our audit in accordance with ISAs (UK & Ireland). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of:

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently
 applied and adequately disclosed;
- the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We primarily focus our work in these areas by assessing the directors' judgements against available evidence, forming our own judgements, and evaluating the disclosures in the financial statements.

We test and examine information, using sampling and other auditing techniques, to the extent we consider necessary to provide a reasonable basis for us to draw conclusions. We obtain audit evidence through testing the effectiveness of controls, substantive procedures or a combination of both.

NORTHWOOD GB LIMITED INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NORTHWOOD GB LIMITED - continued

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report. With respect to the Strategic Report and Report of the Directors, we consider whether those reports include the disclosures required by applicable legal requirements.

Other matter

The financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2016 forming the corresponding figures of the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2016, are unaudited.

Paul Norbury (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

East Midlands

19 September 2017

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For The Period Ended 31 December 2016

		7 Months to 31 Dec 2016	(Unaudited) Year to 31 May 2016
	Notes	£	£
Revenue	2	1,609,138	2,960,468
Cost of Sales		(56,180)	(290,182)
Gross Profit		1,552,958	2,670,286
Administrative expenses		(1,510,397)	(2,132,828)
OPERATING PROFIT	4	42,561	537,458
Interest receivable		<u> </u>	4
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		42,561	537,462
Income tax expense	5	(10,109)_	(173,740)
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD/YEAR AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(EXPENSE) FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD/YEAR		32,452	363,722

The notes on pages 12 to 23 form part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 December 2016

ASSETS	Notes	31 Dec 2016 £	(Unaudited) 31 May 2016 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	6	134,627	156,676
Investments	7	-	125,278
Intangible assets	8	54,920	88,365
3		189,547	370,319
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks		16,348	25,156
Debtors	9	391,225	507,990
Cash and cash equivalents	10	630,242	220,587
·		1,037,815	753,733
TOTAL ASSETS		1,227,362	1,124,052
LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred Tax Liability	11	24,661	34,086
		24,661	34,086
CURRENT LIABILITIES	12	604 907	671 540
Creditors – Amounts falling due within one year	12	691,807 691,807	671,549 671,549
TOTAL LIABILITIES		716,468	705,635
			·
NET ASSETS		510,894	418,417
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Called up share capital	13	871	800
Share premium account		59,954	<u>-</u>
Profit and loss account		450,069	417,617
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		510,894	418,417

The financial statements on pages 9 to 23 were approved by the Board of Directors on 19 September 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

L J George Director

The notes on pages 12 to 23 form part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For The Period Ended 31 December 2016

	Called up share capital £	Share Premium £	Profit and loss account	Total Shareholders' funds/(deficit) £
Balance at 31 May 2015 (Unaudited)	82	-	383,393	383,475
Changes in equity Dividends Share reorganisation Purchase of own shares	718 . -	- - -	(262,000) - (67,498)	(262,000) 718 (67,498)
Transactions with owners	718	•	(329,498)	(328,780)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the financial year Balance at 31 May 2016 (unaudited)	800	- 	363,722	363,722
Changes in equity Share Option Exercise Transactions with owners Profit and total comprehensive income for the financial period	71 71	59,954 59,954 -	32,452	60,025 60,025 32,452
Balance at 31 December 2016	871	59,954	450,069	510,894

The notes on pages 12 to 23 form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For The Period Ended 31 December 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of Northwood GB Limited have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard 101, 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (FRS101). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006, as applicable to companies using FRS101.

The principal accounting policies, which have been applied consistently throughout the period, are set out below.

The following exemptions from the requirements of IFRS have been applied in the preparation of these financial statements, in accordance with FRS 101:

- Paragraphs 45(b) and 46 to 52 of IFRS 2, 'Share based payment' (details of the number and weighted average exercise prices of share options, and how the fair value of goods or services received was determined)
- IFRS 7, Financial instruments: Disclosures'
- Paragraphs 91 to 99 of IFRS 13, 'Fair value measurement' (disclosure of valuation techniques and inputs used for fair value measurement of assets and liabilities)
- Paragraph 38 of IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements' comparative information requirements in respect of:
 - (i) Paragraph 79(a) (iv) of IAS 1;
 - (ii) Paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 Property, plant and equipment;
 - (iii) Paragraph 118(e) of IAS 38 Intangible assets (reconciliations between the carrying amount at the beginning and end of the period)
- The following paragraphs of IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements':
 - 10(d), (statement of cash flows)
 - 10(f), (a statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period when an entity applies an accounting policy retrospectively or makes a retrospective restatement of items in its financial statements, or when it reclassifies items in its financial statements),
 - 16 (statement of compliance with all IFRS),
 - 38A (requirement for minimum of two primary statements, including cash flow statements).
 - 38B-D (additional comparative information)
 - 40A-D (requirements for a third statement of financial position)
 - 111 (cash flow statement information), and
 - 134-136 (capital management disclosures.
- IAS 7, 'Statements of cash flows'
- Paragraph 30 and 31 of IAS 8 'Accounting policies, change in accounting estimates and errors' (requirement for the disclosure of information when an entity has not applied a new IFRS that has been issued but is not yet effective)
- Paragraph 17 of IAS 24, Related party disclosures' (key management compensation)
- The requirements in IAS 24, 'Related party disclosures' to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group.

Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis given the ongoing support of the ultimate parent company Belvoir Lettings plc.

Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective. The directors anticipate that the adoption of those standards and interpretations which, at the date of authorisation of these financial statements, were in issue but not yet effective will have little or no impact on the financial statements when they come into effect.

First time adoption of FRS 101

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 101 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Period Period Ended 31 December 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Revenue recognition

Revenue represents income from the sale of franchise licences (initial franchise fees), management service fees ("MSF"), provision of training, and ongoing support of the franchisees. MSF are invoices to individual franchisees on a monthly basis in relation to a percentage of their turnover for any given month. They are recognised at the point of invoice.

Initial franchise fees are recognised upon signing of the contract as it is at this point that the new franchisee has a legal obligation to make good the terms of the contract. The initial fees are for the use of the brand along with initial training and support and promotion during the opening phase of the new office. As such the company regard this as a separate initial transaction for which they have fulfilled their obligations.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or revaluation of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Short Leasehold Property - 10% straight line on cost Office Equipment - 25% to 33% straight-line on cost

Material residual value estimates and expected useful lives are updated as required but at least annually.

Investments

Investments are stated at cost, net of any provision for impairment.

Intangible assets

In accordance with IFRS 3 Business Combinations, an intangible asset acquired in a business combination is deemed to have a cost to the Company of its fair value at the acquisition date. The fair value of the intangible asset reflects market expectations about the probability that the future economic benefits embodied in the asset will flow to the Company. Amortisation charges are included as adjusting items in operating costs in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Development expenditure - 25% straight line on cost

Taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to the income statement in the period to which they relate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Period Ended 31 December 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Operating lease commitments

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses are recognised when goods and services are utilised or at the date of their origin.

Significant judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The Company makes certain estimates and assumptions regarding the future. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated based on historical experience and factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions. The estimates and assumptions that have significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

a) Initial recognition and useful lives of intangible assets

The fair value of customer contracts is recognised on each individual acquisition and requires the exercise of management judgement in each case. Customer contracts are amortised over their useful lives. Useful lives are based on the management's estimates of the period that the assets will generate revenue and are periodically reviewed for continued appropriateness. Changes to estimates can result in significant variations in the carrying value and amounts charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in specific periods.

Further details of amortisation policies are given on page 12 and the movement on intangible assets is presented in note 9.

b) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their useful lives. Useful lives are based on the management's estimates of the period that the assets will generate revenue, which are periodically reviewed for continued appropriateness. Changes to estimates can result in significant variations in the carrying value and amounts charged to the statement of comprehensive income in specific periods.

Further details of depreciation policies are given on page 12 and the movement on fixed assets is presented in note 7.

c) Revenue recognition

Initial franchise fees are recognised upon signing of the contract as it is at this point the new franchisee has a legal obligation to make good the terms of the contract. The initial fees are for the use of the brand along with the initial training and support and promotion of the new office. The directors therefore believe that the benefits are transferred upon the signing of the contract and so revenue is recognised at this point. Future benefits from the contract are dealt with in the monthly Management Service Fee which is spread across the term of the franchise agreement.

Revenue from fees in the estate agency business is recognised by reference to the legal exchange date of the housing transaction as the Company has fulfilled all obligations at that point. The directors therefore believe this to be appropriate as the contract has completed with a property being transferred to a new owner and therefore revenue is recognised at this point.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Period Ended 31 December 2016

2. REVENUE

The Board as the chief operating decision maker reviews financial information for and makes decisions about the company's overall franchising business, and has identified a single operating segment, that of property sales & lettings franchising. Management do not report on a geographical basis and no customers represent greater than 10% of total revenue in any of the periods reported.

The segmental information is, therefore, the same as that set out in the statement of comprehensive income. The directors do not consider the presentation of gross profit within the statement of comprehensive income to reflect a true position of the Company's activities and core operations, which is that of a property sales & letting franchisor. Therefore, the directors disclose operating profit as the key performance measure. The reported segment is consistent with the Company's internal reporting for performance measurement and resources allocation.

The directors believe there to be two material income streams which are split as follows:

Management Service Fees Initial fees and other income Other Income	7 months to 31 December 2016 £ 1,494,539 26,437 88,162	(Unaudited) Year to 31 May 2016 £ 2,472,762 113,775 373,931
	1,609,138	2,960,468
3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS		
	7 months to 31 December 2016	(Unaudited) Year to 31 May 2016
	£	£
Wages and salaries	562,607	986,055
Social security costs	63,204	113,056
Other pension costs	240	1,640
	626,051	1,100,751
The average monthly number of employees during the period	/year was as follows:	
	7 months to 31 December 2016	(Unaudited) Year to 31 May 2016
	No.	No.
Management and administration	22	22

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Period Ended 31 December 2016

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS – continued

Key management personnel are defined as directors of the company. Details of the remuneration of the key management personnel are shown below.

	7 months to 31 December 2016	(Unaudited) Year to 31 May 2016
Short term employee benefits	£	£
Salaries including bonuses and benefits in kind	111,170	309,453
Social security costs	9,657	38,413
	120,827	347,866

4. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated after charging:

	7 months to	(Unaudited)
	31 December	Year to 31
	2016	May 2016
	£	£
Depreciation - owned assets	22,123	37,867
Audit fees	5,000	5,000
Amortisation	33,445	53,470
Impairment of trade receivables	7,557	145,201
Operating lease expenditure	76,600	100,991

Audit fees are borne by the Company's parent company Belvoir Lettings plc.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Period Ended 31 December 2016

5. **INCOME TAX EXPENSE**

,	
7 months to	(Unaudited)
31	Year to
December	31 May
2016	2016
£	£
19,533	158,584
(9,424)	15,156
10.109	173,740
	31 December 2016 £ 19,533

Factors affecting the tax expense
The tax assessed for the 7 month period to 31 Dec 2016 is higher (Year to 31 May 2016 - higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

Profit on ordinary activities before income tax	7 months to 31 December 2016 £ 42,561	(Unaudited) Year to 31 May 2016 £ 537,462
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.00% (31 May 2016 – 20.00%)	8,512	107,492
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Remeasurement of deferred tax change in UK rate Impact in difference in current and deferred tax rate	2,013 (1,317) 901	33,833 32,415 -
Income tax expense	10,109	173,740

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For the Period Ended 31 December 2016

6. TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Short Leasehold	Office Equipment	Totals
	£	£	£
COST			
At 31 May 2016 (unaudited)	34,619	321,717	356,336
Additions	-	74	74
At 31 December 2016	34,619	321,791	356,410
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION		•	
At 31 May 2016 (unaudited)	28,894	170,766	199,660
Charge for the period	2,019	20,104	22,123
At 31 December 2016	30,913	190,870	221,783
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 December 2016	3,706	130,921	134,627
At 31 May 2016 (unaudited)	5,725	150,951	156,676

7. **INVESTMENTS**

	Total £
COST At 31 May 2016 (unaudited)	125,278
Disposals	(125,278)
At 31 December 2016	
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2016	
At 31 May 2016	125,278

Northwood (Bolton) Limited was disposed of during the current period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For the Period Ended 31 December 2016

8. INTANGIBLE ASSETS		
		Software
		Cost
		£
COST		
At 31 May 2016 (Unaudited)		229,335
At 31 December 2016		229,335
ACCUMULATED AMORTICATION		
ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION At 31 May 2016 (Unaudited)		140,970
Amortisation for the period		33,445
At 31 December 2016		174,415
7. 0 1 Becomber 2010		174,410
NET BOOK VALUE		
At 31 December 2016	, 	54,920
At 31 May 2016 (Unaudited)		88,365
9. DEBTORS		
		(Unaudited)
	31 December	` 31 Maý
	2016	2016
	£	£
Current:	000 407	004.407
Trade debtors	268,127	304,407
Director's current accounts	3,688	64,188
Other debtors	119,410	139,395
	391,225	507,990

Trade debtors are stated net of bad debt provisions of £357,890 (31 May 2016 - £432,906). No provisions have been made against director's current accounts or other debtors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For the Period Ended 31 December 2016

9. **DEBTORS - continued**

Agoing	Ωf	trada	receivable	•
Agenig	O.	Hauc	ICCCIVADIC	J

Some of the unimpaired trade debtors are past due at the reporting date. Information on financial assets

Some of the unimpaired trade debtors are past due at the report past due but not impaired are as follows:	ing date. Information on	financial assets
	31 December 2016	(Unaudited) 31 May 2016 £
Of which:		
Not due	243,833	282,364
Not more than three months	18,368	22,043
Between three and six months	5,926	
	268,127	304,407
10. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
·		(Unaudited)
	31 December	31 May
	2016	2016
Cash in hand	£ 504	£
Bank accounts	629,738	1,774 218,813
Daily accounts	029,738	210,013
	630,242	220,587
11. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY		
		(Unaudited)
	31 December	31 May
	2016	2016
Balance at 1 June	£ 34,086	£ 18,930
Current year movement	(8,108)	15,156
ourion, your movement	(0,100)	10, 100

Deferred taxation has been provided as follows:

Movement as a result of rate change

Balance at 31 December

Accelerated capital allowances 24,661 34,086

(1,317)

24,661

34,086

Amounts provided in respect of deferred tax are computed at 17% (May 2016: 18%).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Period Ended 31 December 2016

12. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

		(Unaudited)
	31 December	31 May
	2016	2016
•	£	£
Current:		
Trade creditors	30,003	15,220
Taxation and Social security	613,152	256,908
Accruals	37,486	112,508
Other Creditors	11,166	286,913
	691,807	671,549

13. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid:

Number:	Class:	Nominal	31 December 2016	(Unaudited) 31 May 2016
		value:	£	£
60,000 (31 May 16:60,000)	Ordinary A	£0.01	600	600
20,000 (31 May 16:20,000)	Ordinary B	£0.01	200	200
7,112 (31 May 16:Nil)	Ordinary C	£0.01	71	-
	·		871	800

All classes of shares have attached to them full voting and capital distribution (including winding up) rights. The ordinary A shares have the right to the first £150,000 worth of dividends before a dividend can be declared on the B and C classes of shares.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Period Ended 31 December 2016

14.	DIVIDENDS PAID		(Unaudited)
		31 December 2016 £	31 May 2016 £
	Ordinary shares of £0.01	-	262,000
	Interim dividends per share were paid as follows	Dividend	Dividend per share
	31 December 2016 Ordinary shares of £0.01	<u>.</u>	
	Interim dividends were paid in the previous year as follows	Dividend	Dividend per share
	31 May 2016 Ordinary shares of £0.01	£ 262,000	£ 3.275

At the time of payment of each dividend, the directors reviewed the financial performance and position of the company in order to satisfy themselves that there were sufficient distributable reserves at the time of distribution of the above dividends.

The directors recommend that no final dividend be paid.

15. OPERATING LEASE CONTRACTS

	31 December 2016 £	(Unaudited) 31 May 2016 £
Minimum operating lease commitments falling due:		
Within one year: Land and property	47,500	47,500
Motor vehicles	44,132	43,904
Other	5,534	3,681
	97,166	95,085
Between one and five years		
Land and property	75,208	95,000
Motor vehicles	22,213	39,699
Other	14,618	8,096
	112,039	142,795

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued For The Period Ended 31 December 2016

16. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the period/year, total dividends of £Nil (for the year ended 31 May 2016 - £262,000) were paid to directors.

As at 31 December 2016 the directors' loan accounts were overdrawn totalling £3,688 (31 May 2016: 64,188);

		(Unaudited)
	31 December	31 May
	2016	2016
	£	£
E Walker	3,479	25,961
G Goodson	209	712
V Alexander		15,006
P Gee	-	15,006
N M Harris	<u>-</u>	7,503
	3,688	64,188

17. **CONTROLLING PARTIES**

On 7 June 2016 the Company was acquired by Belvoir Lettings plc. Subsequent to this date the ultimate parent undertaking and the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements is Belvoir Lettings plc. Copies of the Belvoir Lettings plc consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the Company Secretary at The Old Courthouse, 60a London Road, Grantham, NG31 8ST.