Lanyon Place Limited Abbreviated Financial Statements 30 June 2016

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COMPANIES HOUSE

MANEELY Mc CANN

Chartered accountant & statutory auditor Aisling House 50 Stranmillis Embankment **Belfast** BT9 5FL

Abbreviated Financial Statements

Year ended 30 June 2016

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Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors

H Wilson P Kearney

P Mc Cartney
D Mitchell

Registered office

Adelaide House

Hawthorn Business Centre

Falcon Road Belfast BT12 6SJ

Auditor

Maneely Mc Cann

Chartered accountant & statutory auditor

Aisling House

50 Stranmillis Embankment

Belfast BT9 5FL

Bankers

TSB

Pinnacle 2

EastPoint Business Park

Dublin 3

Danske Bank

Donegall Square West

Belfast BT1 6JS

Solicitors

Tughans

Marlborough House 30 Victoria Street

Belfast

BT1 3GG

Independent Auditor's Report to Lanyon Place Limited under section 449 of the Companies Act 2006

Year ended 30 June 2016

We have examined the abbreviated financial statements which comprise the abbreviated statement of financial position and the related notes, together with the financial statements of Lanyon Place Limited for the year ended 30 June 2016 prepared under section 396 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the company's members as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated financial statements in accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated financial statements to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you.

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated financial statements and that the abbreviated financial statements to be delivered are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated financial statements prepared in accordance with section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section.

Other information

On 16 December 2016 we reported as auditor to the members of the company on the financial statements prepared under Section 396 of the Companies Act 2006 and our report is reproduced on pages 3 to 4 of these financial statements.

Cathal Maneely (Senior Statutory Auditor)

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For and on behalf of Maneely Mc Cann Chartered accountant & statutory auditor Aisling House 50 Stranmillis Embankment Belfast BT9 5FL

16 December 2016

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Lanyon Place Limited

Year ended 30 June 2016

We have audited the financial statements of Lanyon Place Limited for the year ended 30 June 2016 which comprise the abbreviated statement of financial position and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with chapter 3 of part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the directors' report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Lanyon Place Limited (continued)

Year ended 30 June 2016

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not obtained all the third party information and explanations that we considered necessary for the purpose of our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors report and take advantage of the small companies exemptions from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Cathal Maneely (Senior Statutory Auditor)

Cathal Marcely

For and on behalf of Maneely Mc Cann Chartered accountant & statutory auditor Aisling House 50 Stranmillis Embankment Belfast BT9 5FL

16 December 2016

Abbreviated Statement of Financial Position

30 June 2016

	2016			2015
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	3		40,142,000	40,589,275
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	4	2,479,538 274,471		1,965,318 241,324
		2,754,009		2,206,642
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		976,301		1,073,859
Net current assets			1,777,708	1,132,783
Total assets less current liabilities			41,919,708	41,722,058
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than on	e			
year	_		36,656,610	38,668,967
Net assets			5,263,098	3,053,091
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	6		100	100
Profit and loss account			5,262,998	3,052,991
Members funds			5,263,098	3,053,091

These abbreviated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

These abbreviated financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 16 December 2016, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

H Wilson Director

Company registration number: NI068119

Notes to the Abbreviated Financial Statements

Year ended 30 June 2016

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Ireland. The address of the registered office is Adelaide House, Hawthorn Business Centre, Falcon Road, Belfast, BT12 6SJ.

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Disclosure exemptions

The entity satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. Its financial statements are consolidated into the financial statements of Kilmona Investments Limited which can be obtained from Adelaid House, Falcon Road, Belfast, BT12 6SJ. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102: No cash flow statement has been presented for the company.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Exceptional items

Exceptional items are disclosed separately in the financial statements in order to provide further understanding of the financial performance of the entity. They are material items of income or expense that have been shown separately because of their nature or amount.

Investment property

Investment property is initially recorded at cost, which includes purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure.

Investment property is revalued to its fair value at each reporting date and any changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

If a reliable measure of fair value is no longer available without undue cost or effort for an item of investment property, it shall be transferred to tangible assets and treated as such until it is expected that fair value will be reliably measurable on an on-going basis.

Notes to the Abbreviated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 June 2016

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

20% straight line

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of Impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Notes to the Abbreviated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 June 2016

3. Tangible assets

Cost or valuation	£.
At 1 July 2015	40,637,112
Disposals	(3,338,000)
Revaluations	2,971,000
Transfers	(80,275)
At 30 June 2016	40,189,837
Depreciation	
At 1 July 2015 and 30 June 2016	47,837
Carrying amount	
At 30 June 2016	40,142,000
At 30 June 2015	40,589,275

4. Debtors

Debtors include amounts of £1,887,161 (2015: £1,167,917) falling due after more than one year.

5. Deferred tax asset

At 30 June 2016, the company has a potential deferred tax asset of £2,364,870 (2015: £3,551,139) which has not been recognised in the financial statements as the timing of its future recovery is uncertain.

6. Called up share capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2016		2015	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary A shares of £1 each	70	70	70	70
Ordinary B shares of £1 each	30	30	30	30
				
	100	100	100	100