NANDO'S CHICKEN LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31st DECEMBER 1996

COMPANY Nº : 00166821



Directors

Mr. R.A. 't Hooft Mr. C.F. Luyckx

Secretary and Registered Office

Mr. C.F. Luyckx 42 Vicarage Crescent, London, SW11 3LB

Auditors

Moore Stephens
Chartered Accountants
St. Paul's House, Warwick Lane, London, EC4P 4BN

Report of the Directors

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31st December 1996.

Activities and Business Review

The company's premises are leased to an associate company for the operation of a "flame grilled chicken concept" within the quick service sector of the restaurant industry. On 28th February 1997 the company acquired a 34 year leasehold over restaurant premises in Ealing Common.

The directors are evaluating a number of further property acquisitions for the next financial year.

Results and Dividends

The loss for the financial year after taxation amounted to £8,484 which has been debited to reserves. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year.

Fixed Assets

Movements in fixed assets are set out in note 6.

Directors

Mr. P.R. Enthoven resigned on 31st January 1996

Mr. R.A. 't Hooft retires by rotation, but being eligible represents himself for appointment.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

Directors' Interests

None of the Directors had any interest as defined by the Companies Act 1985 in the share capital of the company at any time during the year.

By Order of the Board

Mr C.F. Luvckx

Secretary

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities For the year ended 31st December 1996

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the Auditors to the Members of Nando's Chicken Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 11 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 7.

Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31st December 1996 and of its result for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

St. Paul's House, London, EC4P 4BN MOORE STEPHENS

Morre Styles

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

17th October 1997

Profit and Loss Account For the year ended 31st December 1996

	<u>Note</u>	<u>1996</u>		1995
Turnover Operating costs:	1(b)	173,596		53,222
Administrative expenses		179,911		56,321
Operating loss	2	(6,315)		(3,099)
Interest payable and similar charges	4	280		111
Loss on Ordinary Activities before Taxation		(6,595)		(3,210)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	1,889	_	<u>-</u>
Loss for the Financial Year		£ (8,484)	£	(3,210)

There are no recognised gains or losses other than those included in the profit and loss account.

Summary of Retained Profits

At 1st January 1996 Loss for the financial	71,068		74,278
year	(8,484)		(3,210)
At 31st December 1996	£ 62,584	£	71,068
		=	<u> </u>

Balance Sheet - 31st December 1996

	<u>Note</u>		199	6	1	99	5
Fixed Assets							
Tangible assets	6			1,192,180			1,127,228
Current Assets							
Debtors Cash at bank and in	7	441,913			397,001		
hand		23,521			52,857		
		465,434			449,858		
Creditors, amounts fallin due within one year	9 8	59,397			42,196		
Net Current Assets				406,037			407,662
Total Assets Less Curre Liabilities	nt			1,598,217			1,534,890
Creditors, amounts fallin due after more than one year	g 9			1,235,633			1,163,822
Net Assets			£	362,584		£	371,068
Capital and Reserves							
Called up equity share capital Profit and loss account	10			300,000 62,584			300,000 71,068
Equity Shareholders' Fur	nds		£	362,584		£	371,068
							-

These financial statements were approved by Board on 16th October 1997

R.A.'t Hooft

C.F. Luyckx

Directors

Clack

Financial Statements For the year ended 31st December 1996

Notes

1. Principal Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

(b) Turnover

Turnover consists of gross rental income from properties together with sales and services in the ordinary course of business, excluding sales of investment properties.

(c) Fixed assets and depreciation

Freehold and long leasehold land is not depreciated. No depreciation is provided on the company's freehold and long leasehold buildings as it is the company's policy to maintain these buildings to a high standard and, because of this, such properties are expected to maintain residual disposal values in aggregate at least equal to their book values. The company's appraisal of residual values is based on prices prevailing at the time of acquisition or subsequent valuation of the property in question. Short leasehold properties are depreciated over the term of the lease.

(d) Deferred taxation

Provision is made by the liability method for all material timing differences which are expected to be reversed in the forseeable future.

(e) Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the balance sheet date. Any resultant gains or losses on exchange are dealt with through the profit and loss account in the period in which they arise.

(f) Leased assets

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

(g) Investment income

Interest receivable on bank accounts is included in the financial statements on an accruals basis.

Financial Statements For the year ended 31st December 1996

Notes (Continued)

2. Operating Loss

Operating loss is stated after charging:	<u>1996</u> £	1995 £
Auditors' remuneration		
- audit fee	2,000	2,000
- other	1,416	2,496
Depreciation	8,601	8,345
Staff costs (note 3)	, -	, -

3. Directors and Employees

The only employees during the year were the two directors (1995: 3). Staff costs during the year were £Nil (1995: £Nil).

4. Interest Payable and Similar Charges

			1996		1995
	Bank charges and interest	£	280	£	111
				1	
5.	Taxation on Ordinary Activities				
			1996		1995
	United Kingdom corporation tax based on the results for the year as adjusted				
	for taxation purposes		489		-
	Underprovision in prior year		1,400	_	-
		£	1,889	£	_

Financial Statements For the year ended 31st December 1996

Notes (Continued)

6. Tangible Fixed Assets

			Freehold <u>Property</u>		Short easehold Property		<u>Total</u>
	Cost At 1st January 1996 Additions in year		989,402 73,553		146,171 -	1	,135,573 73,553
	At 31st December 1996		1,062,955	*****	146,171	1	,209,126
	Depreciation At 1st January 1996 Charge for the year		- -		8,345 8,601		8,345 8,601
	At 31st December 1996		_		16,946		16,946
	Net book value At 31st December 1996	£	1,062,955	£	129,225	£1	1,192,180
	At 31st December 1995	£	989,402	£	137,826	£ 1	1,127,228
7.	Debtors						
					1996		1995
	Amounts owed by group companies Prepayments and accrued income				366,527 75,386		386,527 10,474
				£	441,913	£	397,001

Financial Statements For the year ended 31st December 1996

Notes (Continued)

8. Creditors, amounts falling due within one year

		<u>1996</u>		1995
Other creditors Corporation tax Accruals and deferred income		53,680 1,889 3,828		38,880 - 3,316
	£	59,397	£	42,196

9. Creditors, amounts falling due after more than one year

	<u>1996</u> <u>1995</u>
Amounts owed to group companies	£ 1,235,633 £1,163,822

There is no fixed date for repayment but assurances have been made by the creditors that repayment is not sought until the financial position of the company permits.

10. Equity Share Capital

		<u> 1996</u>		<u> 1995 </u>
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid 300,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	£	300,000	£	300,000

Financial Statements For the year ended 31st December 1996

Notes (Continued)

11. Operating Lease Commitments

The company has the following annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of properties which expire:

		<u>1996</u>		<u>1995</u>
Within one year		-		-
Between two and five years After five years		166,500		126,500
	_		_	
	£	166,500	£	126,500

12. Ultimate Holding and Parent Company

In the opinion of the Directors, the ultimate holding company at 31st December 1996 is Intersurer N.V. incorporated in the Netherlands Antilles. The immediate parent company is IVM Intersurer B.V. incorporated in the Netherlands.

13. Related Party Transactions

In the opinion of the directors, the company qualifies for, and has therefore taken advantage of, exemptions available under paragraph 3(C) of the Financial Reporting Standard 8 in respect of related party disclosures.