Accounts - 31st March 1995



COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 109057 (ENGLAND)

PEABODY ENGINEERING LIMITED

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 1995

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 1995.

Review of Activities

The company's business, assets and liabilities were transferred to Hamworthy Engineering Limited at net book value with effect from 1 April 1994 and the company has acted as an agency company on behalf of its holding company, Hamworthy Engineering Limited, from that date.

Dividend and Transfer to Reserves

The directors recommend that no dividend be paid in respect of the year ended 31 March 1995.

Changes in Fixed Assets

The movements in fixed assets during the year ended 31 March 1995 are set out in note 6 to the financial statements.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 1995 (Continued)

Directors

5 The following directors held office during the year:

Mr R Burke	٠	31.3.95
Mr G Richardson	 resigned 	31.3.33
Mr C F Gibb Mr A E Butler Mr R S Lanary	- appointed - appointed	31.3.95 31.3.95

Directors' interests in shares of the company

The interests of the directors of the company in shares of Powell Duffryn plc, according to the register required to be kept by Section 325 of the Companies Act 1985, were as follows:

	Owned	Ordinary rch 1995 Options Executive		31 Mar Owned	each ch 1994 Options xecutive	<u>SAYE</u>
Mr R Burke Mr C F Gibb Mr R S Lanary	Nil Nil 3,626	25,000	9,623 Nil 6,500	Nil	Nil 25,000 7,000	6,734 Nil 6,260

During the year options granted and exercised under the Executive and Savings-related sharesave (SAYE) share option schemes were:-

	<u>Gra</u>	nted	Exerc	<u>ised</u>
	Executive	SAYE	Executive	SAYE
Mr R Burke	Nil	2,889	Nil	Nil
Mr R S Lanary	Nil	240	7,000	Nil

None of the directors had interests, other than those stated above, in the ordinary shares, preference shares or debentures of Powell Duffryn plc or its subsidiaries.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 1995 (Continued)

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are required by UK company law to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

The directors confirm that suitable accounting policies have been used and applied consistently and reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates have been made in the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 1995. The directors also confirm that applicable accounting standards have been followed and that the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint the auditors, Coopers & Lybrand, will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

A E BUTLER Secretary

24 May 1995 Fleets Corner POOLE

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF PEABODY ENGINEERING LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 17.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at 31 March 1995, and of the result for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Coopers & Lybrand

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Bournemouth

24 May 1995

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1 Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost basis of accounting, as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards. A summary of the more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, is set out below.

2 Turnover

Turnover is based on sales of goods and services at invoice value, excluding value added tax and trade discounts. In the case of long term contracts, turnover includes amounts relevant to the stage of completion of the contract. Profit attributable to that part of the work performed at the accounting date is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year.

3 Foreign currencies

Rates of exchange ruling at the year end are used for the translation of foreign currencies into sterling. Differences arising from exchange fluctuations in the normal course of trading are dealt with in the operating profit for the year.

Research and development expenditure

Revenue expenditure on research and development is written off against trading profits for the year in which it is incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on a straight line basis on the cost or valuation of fixed assets, other than land. The rates used are considered to be adequate in relation to the estimated operating lives of the assets concerned.

The principal rates used for this purpose are:

Freehold buildings
Plant & equipment
Vehicles
Furniture, fixtures and fittings

3 1/2% 5% - 20% 25% - 33 1/3% 10%

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

6 <u>Deferred taxation</u>

Provision is made for deferred taxation, using the liability method, on all material timing differences to the extent that is is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise.

7 Stocks and work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value on bases which are consistent from one year to another. In general, cost is determined on a first in first out basis; in the case of manufactured products, cost includes all direct expenditure and production overheads based on the normal level of activity. Net realisable value is the price at which stocks can be sold in the normal course of business after allowing for the costs of realisation and, where appropriate, the cost of conversion from their existing state to a finished condition. Provision is made where necessary for obsolescent, slow moving and defective stocks.

Work in progress on long term contracts is stated at net cost, less foreseeable losses and payments on account.

8 Plant hire

All lease, rental and hire charges are written off against trading profits in the year in which they are incurred.

9 Pension scheme arrangements

The pension schemes are privately invested and managed by trustee committees of management appointees and employee representatives. The rules of the schemes provide for an independent actuarial valuation at intervals not greater than three years.

10 Cash flow statement

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Hamworthy Engineering Limited which is in turn a wholly owned subsidiary of Powell Duffryn plc. The cash flows of the company are included in the consolidated cash flow statement of Powell Duffryn plc. Consequently the company is exempt under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 1 from preparing a cash flow statement.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 1995

	Note	1995 Discontinued £'000	1994 Discontinued £'000
Turnover Cost of sales	1		5,423 3,430
Gross profit Administration expenses Other operating income		-	1,993 1,345 59
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	-	707
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	-	251
Retained profit for the year	13	-	456

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 1995

The company has no recognised gains or losses for 1995 or 1994 other than those dealt with in arriving at the retained profit for the year.

NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES

NOTE OF THOTOTAL	1 <u>995</u> £'000	<u>1994</u> £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	-	707
Difference between historical cost depreciation charge and the actual depreciation charge		
of the year calculated on the revalued amount	- 	31
Historical cost profit on ordinary	-	738
activities before taxation		
Historical cost profit for the year retained after taxation	-	487
remied area and		

BALANCE SHEET - 31 MARCH 1995

BALANCE GILLE		199)5	<u>19</u>	<u>94</u>
	<u>Note</u>	£'000	£'000	£,000	£'000
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	6		-		1,247
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7 8	2,483 - - - 2,483		716 3,771 287 4,774	
CREDITORS - amounts falling due within one year	9	_		3,538	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			$2,483$ $\overline{2,483}$		$\frac{1,236}{2,483}$
NET ASSETS					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Profit and loss account Revaluation reserve	11 12 12		103 1,355 1,025		103 1,355 1,025
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUN	IDS 13		2,483		2,483

The accounts were approved by the board on 24 May 1995

R BURKE

) Directors

R S LANARY

The notes on pages 10 to 17 form part of these accounts Auditors' report page 4

1994

PEABODY ENGINEERING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 MARCH 1995

TURNOVER 1

A geographical analysis of turnover by destination is as follows:

11 5000 1	1 <u>995</u>	<u>1994</u>
	£'000	£,000
	2 000	1,738
United Kingdom	-	1,148
Europe - EC	-	1,070
Europe - Other	_	81
North and South America	_	411
Australia and Far East	- -	975
Africa and Middle East		5,423

The directors consider that the whole of the company's business relates to the design and manufacture of combustion equipment and therefore, no further analysis is given. Turnover and profit on ordinary activities before taxation are entirely derived from the United Kingdom.

PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES 2 BEFORE TAXATION

BEFORE TAXATION	<u>1995</u> £'000	<u>1994</u> £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:		
	_	73
Depreciation on tangible fixed assets	_	10
Auditors' remuneration for audit	_	1
Auditors' remuneration for other services	-	
Directors' emoluments including		69
pension contributions (note 3)	-	4
Operating lease rental for plant & machinery	-	23
Operating lease rental for other assets	-	23

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 MARCH 1995 (Continued)

3 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

(a) Emoluments of directors including pension contributions:

For management services	1995 £'000 Nil	1994 £'000 69
1 01 1111111111111111111111111111111111		

(b) Directors' emoluments disclosed in accordance with Part V of Schedule 5 of the Companies Act 1985, excluding pension contributions, are as follows:

	<u>1995</u> £'000	<u>1994</u> £'000
m dairman	Nil	10
The chairman	Nil	56
The highest paid director		

Number of directors (including those above) whose emoluments (excluding pension contributions) were within the ranges:

(<u>Number</u>	<u>Number</u>
£Nil -	£5,000	5	1
£5,001 -	£10,000		1
£55,001 -	£60,000		1

4 EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

(a) The average number of persons employed by the company, including executive directors, during the year was:

directors, during the year was:	<u>1995</u> Number	<u>1994</u> Number
Production	-	62 13
Distribution	-	12
Administration		87
	_ 	

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 MARCH 1995 (Continued)

4 EMPLOYEE INFORMATION (Continued)

(b) The costs incurred in respect of these employees were:

	1 <u>995</u> £'000	1 <u>994</u> £'000
Wages and salaries Social security costs	-	1,287 130
	-	1,417

5 TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

The taxation charge is based on the result for the year and is made up as follows:

	1995 £'000	1994 £'000
United Kingdom corporation tax at 33% (1994 - 33%)	-	251

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 MARCH 1995 (Continued)

6 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

7

ATTACON TO THE PROPERTY OF THE	Freehold land and ma <u>buildings</u> £'000		<u>Total</u> £'000
Cost or valuation At 1 April 1994 Disposals	1,322 (1,322)	358 (358)	1,680 (1,680)
At 31 March 1995	-	-	-
Depreciation At 1 April 1994 Disposals At 31 March 1995 Net book value at	181 (181)	252 (252)	433 (433)
31 March 1995		<u>-</u>	<u>.</u>
Net book value at 31 March 1994	1,141	106	1,247
STOCKS	<u>1995</u> £'000		<u>1994</u> £'000
Raw materials and consumables Work in progress	- -		234 482
			716
	<u></u>		

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 MARCH 1995 (Continued)

8 DEBTORS

	Amounts falling due within one year		
•		<u>1995</u>	<u>1994</u>
		£'000	£'000
	Trade debtors	-	1,759
	Amounts owed by group companies: parent company & fellow subsidiaries	2,483	1,763
	Other debtors	2,40J -	1,703
	Prepayments and accrued income	-	95
		2,483	3,771
		2,403	J, // 1
^	CDED/MODO A CHI		
9	CREDITORS - Amounts falling due within or	ie year	
	•	<u>1995</u>	<u>1994</u>
		£'000	£'000
	Trade creditors	-	469
	Amounts owed to group companies:		
	immediate parent company	_	1,416
	fellow subsidiaries	-	178
	Dividends payable	-	60
	Other creditors including taxation		599
	and social security (see note (a) below) Accruals and deferred income	-	399 816
	Accidais and deferred income	-	010
			3,538
			
	(a) "Other creditors including taxation and is made up as follows:	social security"	
	is made up as lone its.	<u>1995</u>	<u>1994</u>
		£'000	£'000
	United Kingdom corporation tax	_	368
	Social security		38
	Other creditors	-	193
		_ _	599

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 MARCH 1995 (Continued)

10 DEFERRED TAXATION

The analysis of deferred taxation and the full potential liability calculated using the liability method is as follows:

Hability inculod is as follows:	1	1 <u>995</u>		<u>1994</u>	
	Full potential liability	Provision made	Full potential liability	Provision made	
	£'000	£'000	£,000	£,000	
Accelerated capital allowances	-	-	36	-	
Other	-	-	(6)	-	
	-		30	-	

No provision was made in 1994 in respect of the potential liability to tax which might arise because no disposal was expected to occur in the foreseeable future. The maximum liability which could arise is £Nii (1994 - £227,000) before allowing for rollover and other tax reliefs which may be available.

11 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Oliphic of Emilian	<u>1995 and 1994</u>		
	<u>Number</u>	<u>Value</u>	
		£,000	
Authorised ordinary shares of £1 each Authorised, issued, called up and fully paid ordinary shares of £1 each	120,000	120	
	102,480	103	
•			

12 RESERVES

	Profit and R Loss account £'000	evaluation reserve £'000	Total £'000
1 April 1994 and 31 March 1995	1,355	1,025	2,380

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 MARCH 1995 (Continued)

13 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	<u> 1995</u>	<u>1994</u>
	£'000	£'000
The standard for the year	-	456
Retained profit for the year Opening equity shareholders' funds	2,483	2,027
Closing equity shareholders' funds	2,483	2,483
-	<u> </u>	

14 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 March 1995 guarantees totalled £Nil (1994 £651,000)

15 FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

At 31 March 1995 the company had annual commitments under operating leases as follows:

	<u>19</u>	<u>95</u>	<u> 199</u>	<u>94</u>
		Other £'000	Land and Buildings £'000	Other £'000
Expiring within:		_	_	47
Two to five years More than five years	-	-	149	-
			149	47

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - 31 MARCH 1995 (Continued)

16 PENSION COSTS

The Company is a participant in the Powell Duffryn Pension Plan and the Powell Duffryn Retirement Benefits Scheme, which are funded, defined benefit schemes of the Powell Duffryn plc Group. Contributions to those schemes are based on pension costs across the Group as a whole. There are surpluses in the Group schemes which have resulted in advice from the consulting actuaries that no company contributions should be paid until at least April 1998.

In these accounts, the Company's cost of participation in the schemes is recognised on the basis of contributions payable, and the net cost for the period ended 31 March 1995 is therefore £nil. This policy is consistent with UK Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No 24.

Full particulars of the actuarial valuations of the Powell Duffryn Group Schemes are contained in the accounts of Powell Duffryn plc.

17 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The directors regard Powell Duffryn plc, a company registered in England, as being the company's ultimate parent company.

Powell Duffryn plc prepares group accounts and copies are available from the Group Secretary at Powell Duffryn House, London Road, Bracknell, Berkshire, RG12 2AQ.