PLT LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2003

2076/22

Company Registration Number 2000

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

Board of directors Mr M R S Royer-Kennedy

Mr J J Robinson

Mr J S Mack

Company secretary John Mack

Registered office PLT Limited

Second Floor 14 Nicholas Lane

London EC4N 7BN

Auditors Solomon Hare LLP

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors Oakfield House Oakfield Grove

Clifton Bristol BS8 2BN

Bankers Barclays Bank

London Corporate Banking

155 Bishopsgate

London EC2M 3XA

DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2003.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company during the year was the granting of short and medium term loans to the smaller corporate borrower.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The company intends to continue to develop the principal activity through the granting of short and medium term loans to the smaller residential house builder.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The trading results for the year, and the company's financial position at the end of the year are shown in the attached financial statements.

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2002 - £nil).

DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

(Appointed 9 September 2003)
(Appointed 9 September 2003)
(Appointed 17 December 2003)
(Retired 9 September 2003)
(Retired 9 September 2003)
(Retired 9 September 2003)
(Retired 9 September 2003)

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary and the interests of the directors are disclosed in the financial statements of the ultimate parent company.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the year and of the profit or loss for the year then ended.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to select suitable accounting policies, as described on page 8, and then apply them on a consistent basis, making judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable. The directors must also prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche resigned on 17 December 2003 and Solomon Hare LLP were appointed by the directors in their place.

A resolution to re-appoint Solomon Hare LLP as auditors for the ensuing year will be proposed at the annual general meeting in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

Signed by order of the directors

Jeremy J Robinson

Director

Approved by the directors on 17 June 2004

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

We have audited the financial statements on pages 6 to 13 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 8.

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE AUDITORS

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

BASIS OF AUDIT OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

OPINION

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2003 and of its profit for the year then ended, and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. Howen How has

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

Oakfield House

Oakfield Grove

Clifton

Bristol

BS8 2BN

Date: 17 July 2004

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

	Note	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Interest income		428	389
Interest payable and similar charges	3	(87)	(54)
		341	335
Operating expenses		(32)	(111)
Bad debts recovered		10	-
Provisions released		794	116
OPERATING PROFIT	4	1,113	340
Other income		329	196
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE	E		
TAXATION		1,442	536
Tax (charge)/credit on profit on ordinary activities	6	(16)	1,369
Retained profit for the year	15	1,426	1,905

All activities derive from continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains or losses (2002 - £nil) other than the profit for the year.

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 2003

		2003	3	2002	!
	Note	£,000	£'000	£,000	£,000
INVESTMENTS Investment in subsidiary companies	7		165		-
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank	8	34,906 27		33,948 456	
		34,933		34,404	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	9	(4,990)		(5,718)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS	-		29,943		28,686
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	LIABIL	ITIES	30,108	•	28,686
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due					
after more than one year	10		(23,991)		(23,995)
			6,117		4,691
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up share capital	14		36,339		36,339
Share premium account			11,063		11,063
Profit and loss account	15		(41,285)		(42,711)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	16		6,117	-	4,691
Attributable to:					
Equity shareholders			1,117		(309)
Non-equity shareholders			5,000		5,000
		•	6,117	-	4,691

These financial statements were approved by the directors on the 17 Time Court and are signed on their behalf by:

Jeremy J. Robinson

Director

The notes on pages 8 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption to prepare group accounts per section 228(2) of the Companies Act 1985 as a wholly owned subsidiary and it is included in the consolidated financial statements of its parent company. The financial statements of the company present information about it as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

Cash flow statement

The cash flows of the company are included in the cash flow statement prepared by Leadenhall Holdings Limited. Accordingly, the company has taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 5(a) of financial reporting Standard 1 (Revised 1996), "Cash Flow Statement", and not published its own cash flow statement...

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred taxation balance has not been discounted.

Investments

Investments represent shares in subsidiary undertakings and are stated at cost less any impairment.

Provisions

Provisions are made against loans and advances where in the opinion of the directors, their recovery is considered doubtful. Interests on such loans and advances is suspended and not taken to income until received unless overridden by (vi) here under. In addition, a general provision is maintained against the portfolio of loans to cover possible losses not specifically identified. This provision is calculated with reference to historic levels of recovery of portfolio amounts.

Valuation of customer loans

The underlying property values, in conjunction with the group's cost of funds, are used in order to provide a basis for the valuation of the non-performing customer loans and to estimate the loan loss provisions.

The underlying properties are valued by the directors using both a rental yields formula (based upon the group's cost of funds) and independent professional valuations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

2. TURNOVER AND OTHER INCOME

Turnover represents interest income earned on an accrual basis from the loan portfolio of the company. Fees earned in association with the arrangement, management and completion of a loan agreement are included within other income. Arrangement fee income is taken to the profit and loss account on the drawdown of a loan. Other fee income is recognised in the profit and loss account when earned.

3. INTEREST PAYABLE

		2003	2002
		£,000	£,000
	Interest payable on bank borrowing	87	54
4.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
		2003	2002
		£'000	£,000
	Directors' emoluments	-	-

Audit fees for 2003 and 2002 were borne by a fellow subsidiary company, Leadenhall UK Limited.

5. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

No salaries or wages have been paid to employees, including the directors, during the year.

No staff were employed during the year (2002 - nil).

6. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

(a) Analysis of charge in the year		
	2003	2002
	£,000	£'000
Current tax:		
UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year		
at 30% (2002 - 30%)	-	(1,369)
Over/under provision in prior year	16	-
Total current tax	16	(1,369)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

6. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

	2003 %	2002
The standard rate of corporation tax in the UK Effects of:	30.0	30.0
Short term timing differences	0.2	(2.2)
Group relief claimed not paid for	(1.0)	· -
Trade losses brought forward utilised	(29.1)	(27.8)
	-	-
Adjustments to tax in respect of prior periods	1.1	(255.4)
Effective rate of current tax charge for period	1.1	(255.4)

7. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

	2003 £'000
Cost At 1 January 2003	-
Additions in year	165
At 31 December 2003	165

The company owns one hundred and sixty five thousand and two ordinary shares each of £1 nominal value (fully paid), being all of the issued share capital of PLT Nominees Limited. PLT Nominee Limited is registered in England and Wales and it's principal activity is holding certain investment properties prior to their sale.

The company also owns two blocks of one hundred ordinary shares each of £1 nominal value (fully paid), being all of the issued share capital of PLT (Property Limited) and PLT (Newcastle Development) Limited, which are registered in England and Wales. Both these companies are dormant.

The company owns one ordinary share of £1 nominal value (fully paid) being all of the issued share capital of PLT (Brampton) Limited, which is registered in England and Wales. The company is dormant.

The company owns one ordinary share of £1 nominal value (fully paid) being all of the issued share capital Kennard Court (Home Reservations) Limited, which is registered in England and Wales. The company is Dormant.

The shares of PLT Nominees Limited, PLT (Property) Limited, PLT (Brampton) Limited, Kennard Court (Home Reservations) Limited and PLT (Newcastle Developments) Limited are carried at cost.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

8. DEBTORS

	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000
Trade debtors	1,222	719
Amounts owed by group undertaking	33,675	33,223
Corporation tax	3	3
Other debtors and prepayments	6	3
	34,906	33,948

Loans have been included as trade debtors and are classified as due within one year based on an expectation that monies will be received from the sale of assets taken as security on them.

9. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2003	2002
	£,000	£'000
Bank loans and overdrafts	-	738
Amounts owed to group undertakings	4,983	4,967
Other creditors	3	7
	4,986	5,712
Accruals and deferred income	4	6
	4,990	5,718

In December 2002, Barclays Bank PLC renewed a roll-over facility of £6m to the company. The loan is secured by a charge over debtors of the company. At 31 December 2003 the amount of the loan outstanding was £nil (2002 - £0.7m).

10. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	23,991	23,995

The loans are repayable in forty years and do not carry any interest.

11. DEFERRED TAXATION

No provision has been made in the financial statements and the amounts unprovided at the end of the year are as follows:

	2003	2002
	£'000	£,000
Deferred tax asset not recognised	9,398	9,788

No provision has been made in the accounts for deferred taxation as there exists a deferred tax asset which is unlikely to be recovered in the foreseeable future.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

12. CONTINGENCIES

In March 2000, Nationwide Building Society provided the company with a financing facility of £77m. The facility was jointly and severally guaranteed by the companies in Leadenhall Group, including PLT Limited. The facility was repaid in full during the current year. At 31 December 2002 the balance was £5.9m.

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the exemption provided by FRS8 not to disclose transactions with group companies on the basis that it is a 100% owned subsidiary and consolidated accounts in which it is included are publicly available. There were no other related party transactions requiring disclosure.

14. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000
88,320,000 Ordinary shares of £0.25 each	22,080	22,080
10,000,000 Deferred ordinary shares shares of £0.75		
each	7,500	7,500
3,333,333 Preferred ordinary shares shares of £0.25	,	,
each	833	833
6,666,667 Non-voting preferred ordinary shares		
shares of £0.25 each	1,667	1,667
5,074,675 B deferred shares shares of £0.75 each	3,806	3,806
5,000,000 Preference shares of £1 each	5,000	5,000
5,000,000 1101010100 bhar 65 01 w1 64011		
	40,886	40,886
		-
Allotted and called up:		
-	2003	2002
	£'000	£'000
84,612,000 Ordinary shares of £0.25 each	21,153	21,153
6,294,667 Deferred ordinary shares shares of £0.75		
each	4,721	4,721
2,240,000 Preferred ordinary shares shares of £0.25	,	,
each	560	560
4,396,000 Non-voting preferred ordinary shares		
shares of £0.25 each	1,099	1,099
5,074,675 B deferred shares shares of £0.75 each	3,806	3,806
5,000,000 Preference shares of £1 each	5,000	5,000
		
	36,339	36,339

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

14. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Non equity shares

Both the deferred ordinary shares and the 8.25% preference shares are non equity shares as defined by FRS4. The holders of the deferred ordinary shares are not entitled to any dividends, profits of the company or to vote at general meetings. On winding up, the holders are entitled to the amount paid up after the shareholders have received £10 million. The holders of the preference shares are entitled, if the company so resolves, to an 8.25% non cumulative dividend. They are not entitled to vote except if the company is winding up, is altering its rights or has not paid a dividend for six months. The company may redeem these preference shares at par at any time between 1 May 2008 and 31st December 2012.

Equity shares

The ordinary shares, the preferred ordinary shares and the non voting preferred shares are equity shares as defined by FRS 4. The holders of the non-voting preferred shares are not entitled to vote at the general meetings except in relation to winding up the company, altering the rights attaching to the shares or reducing the share capital of the company. In all other respects the preferred ordinary shares and non-voting preferred shares rank pari passu with the ordinary shares.

15. PROFIT AND LOSS RESERVE

Balance at beginning of year Profit for the year	(42,711) 1,426	(44,616) 1,905
Balance at end of year	(41,285)	(42,711)

16. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2003	2002
	£'000	£,000
Profit for the financial year	1,426	1,905
Opening shareholders' equity deficit	(309)	(2,214)
Closing shareholders' equity funds/(deficit)	1,117	(309)
NON EQUITY OF A DETION DEDCH DUNING		

NON-EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

Opening and closing shareholders' non-equity funds	5,000	5,000
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	6,117	4,691

17. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent company and controlling entity is Leadenhall Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain, which is also the smallest and largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated.

The financial statements of Leadenhall Holdings Limited can be obtained from Second Floor, 14 Nicholas Lane, London EC4N 7BN.