COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 04425641

P W Palmer & Co Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31 March 2019

P W Palmer & Co Limited

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2019

| | 2019 | | | 2018 |
|--|------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Note | £ | £ | £ |
| Fixed assets | | | | |
| Investments | 5 | | 317,748 | 306,515 |
| Current assets | | | | |
| Debtors | 6 | 12,501 | | 10,900 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 104,552 | | 81,475 |
| | | 117,053 | | 92,375 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 7 | 23,818 | | 23,698 |
| Net current assets | | | 93,235 | 68,677 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | 410,983 | 375,192 |
| Net assets | | | 410,983 | 375,192 |
| Capital and reserves | | | | |
| Called up share capital | | | 100 | 100 |
| Profit and loss account | | | 410,883 | 375,092 |
| Shareholders funds | | | 410,983 | 375,192 |
| | | | | |

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained carnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

P W Palmer & Co Limited

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 March 2019

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 21 June 2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

P W Palmer

Director

Company registration number: 04425641

P W Palmer & Co Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 11 Chillis Wood Road, Haywards Heath, West Sussex, RH16 1JT.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and Fittings - 25% straight line Computer Equipment - 25% straight line

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

4. Tangible assets

Other debtors

| 4. Tangible assets | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|-----------|---------|-----------------|
| | Fixtures and | | | |
| | fittings | Equipment | Tota | al |
| | £ | £ | | £ |
| Cost | | | | |
| At 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2019 | 1,708 | 2,005 | 3,71 | |
| Depreciation | | | | |
| At 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2019 | 1,708 | 2,005 | 3,71 | |
| Carrying amount | | | | |
| At 31 March 2019 | | | | _ |
| At 31 March 2018 | | _ | | _ |
| 5. Investments | | | | |
| <u> </u> | | | Oth | ier investments |
| | | | | ther than loans |
| | | | | £ |
| Cost | | | | |
| At 1 April 2018 | | | | 306,515 |
| Additions | | | | 1,151 |
| Revaluations | | | | 10,082 |
| At 31 March 2019 | | | | 317,748 |
| Impairment | | | | |
| At 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2019 | | | | - |
| Carrying amount | | | | |
| At 31 March 2019 | | | 317,748 | |
| | | | | |
| At 31 March 2018 | | | 306,515 | |
| 6. Debtors | | | | |
| | | 2019 | 2018 | |
| | | £ | £ | |
| Trade debtors | | 12,501 | 8,585 | |

2,315

10,900

12,501

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|-----------------|--------|--------|
| | £ | £ |
| Corporation tax | 6,753 | 11,492 |
| Other creditors | 17,065 | 12,206 |
| | ***** | |
| | 23,818 | 23,698 |
| | ***** | |

8. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Mrs R Palmer throughout the current and previous year by virtue of her majority shareholding.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.