## Panton Training Services Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 March 2018

**Panton Training Services Limited** 

Registered number: 04908018

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 31 March 2018

	Notes		2018		2017
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	2		1,435		2,873
Tangible assets	3		198		238
		_	1,633	_	3,111
Current assets					
Debtors	4	1,564		1,500	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,845		1,488	
	_	5,409	_	2,988	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(6,839)		(5,166)	
Net current liabilities	_		(1,430)		(2,178)
Net assets			203		933
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			200		200
Profit and loss account			3		733
Shareholders' funds		_	203	_	933

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr I Panton

Director

Approved by the board on 26 October 2018

### Panton Training Services Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2018

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery

20% reducing balance

#### **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are

recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

# 2 Intangible fixed assets Goodwill: Cost At 1 April 2017 15,000

At 1 April 2017	15,000
At 31 March 2018	15,000
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2017	12,127
Provided during the year	1,438
At 31 March 2018	13,565
Net book value	
At 31 March 2018	1,435
At 31 March 2017	2,873

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

#### 3 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc
	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2017	1,988
At 31 March 2018	1,988
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2017	1,750
Charge for the year	40
At 31 March 2018	1,790
Net book value	
At 31 March 2018	198
At 31 March 2017	238

4	Debtors	2018	2017
		£	£

	Trade debtors	-	1,500
	Other debtors	1,564	-
		1,564	1,500
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2018	2017
		£	£
	Corporation tax	2,911	3,680
	Other taxes and social security costs	3,512	1,103
	Other creditors	416	383
		6,839	5,166

#### 6 Other information

Panton Training Services Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

8 Park Lane

Harbury

Leamington Spa

CV33 9HX

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.