PRISM SOFTWARE LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR 31 DECEMBER 2003



A28 COMPANIES HOUSE

0581 31/12/04

THOMAS CROFT AND COMPANY

Accountants and Taxation Advisors
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ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 2003

		2003		2002
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2			
Tangible assets			12,163	14,935
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors		19,553		11,221
Cash at bank and in hand		28,429		38,796
		47,982		50,017
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within	ı one year	28,167		26,913
NET CURRENT ASSETS			19,815	23,104
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIAB	ILITIES		31,978	38,039
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after	more than			
one year			-	2,269
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND	CHARGES		332	200
			31,646	35,570

The Balance sheet continues on the following page.
The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

31 DECEMBER 2003

	Note	2003 £	2002 £
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called-up equity share capital	3	2	2
Profit and loss account SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		31,644 31,646	$\frac{35,568}{35,570}$

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors on 121204...... and are signed on their behalf by:

MR CAMPBELL

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective March 2000).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Motor Vehicles

- 25% reducing balance

Equipment

- 25% reducing balance

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
COST At 1 January 2003 Additions	25,993 1,277
At 31 December 2003	27,270
DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2003 Charge for year	11,058 4,049
At 31 December 2003	15,107
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2003	12,163
At 31 December 2002	14,935

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

3. SHARE CAPITAL

1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each			2003 £ 1,000	2002 £ 1,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2003		2002	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2	_2	2