Pyranha Mouldings Limited

Unaudited Filleted Accounts

31 December 2018

Pyranha Mouldings Limited

Registered number: 01157125

Balance Sheet

as at 31 December 2018

N	lotes		2018		2017
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		373,961		415,593
Current assets					
Stocks		1,289,596		1,351,194	
Debtors	4	1,289,390		807,226	
Cash at bank and in hand	4	81,206		146,450	
Casil at bank and in hand					
		2,388,286		2,304,870	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(1,421,542)		(1,523,405)	
Net current assets			966,744		781,465
		_		_	
Total assets less current					_
liabilities			1,340,705		1,197,058
O					
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(78,812)		(119,402)
due alter more than one year	O		(10,012)		(119,402)
Provisions for liabilities			(48,829)		(52,225)
			(10,0=0)		(=,===,
Net assets		_	1,213,064	_	1,025,431
		-		-	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			21,708		21,704
Profit and loss account			1,191,356		1,003,727
Shareholders' funds		_	1,213,064	_	1,025,431
		-		-	

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

G J Mackereth

Director

Approved by the board on 26 September 2019

Pyranha Mouldings Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets as follows:

Short leasehold property 2% straight line

Plant and machinery 12.5% reducing balance
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment 25% reducing balance
Motor vehicles 20% straight line

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates

and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2018	2017
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	63	63

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Short leasehold property	Plant and machinery	Fixtures and fittings	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
At 1 January 2018	204,588	1,187,678	290,326	210,582	1,893,174
Additions	-	-	-	17,492	17,492
Disposals	-	-	-	(25,495)	(25,495)
At 31 December 2018	204,588	1,187,678	290,326	202,579	1,885,171
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2018	137,221	935,015	273,424	131,921	1,477,581
Charge for the year	3,974	31,583	4,226	19,341	59,124
On disposals	-	_	_	(25,495)	(25,495)

	At 31 December 2018	141,195	966,598	277,650	125,767	1,511,210
	Net book value					
	At 31 December 2018	63,393	221,080	12,676	76,812	373,961
	At 31 December 2017	67,367	252,663	16,902	78,661	415,593
	At 01 December 2017	01,001	202,000	10,302	70,001	410,000
4	Debtors				2018	2017
					£	£
	Trade debtors				393,205	395,104
	Amounts owed by group underta	kings and underta	akings in			
	which the company has a particip	_			381,980	197,949
	Prepayments and accrued incom	ne			45,290	44,777
	Other debtors				197,009	169,396
					1,017,484	807,226
5	Creditors: amounts falling due	within one year			2018	2017
	·	•			£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts				372,872	451,436
	Other loans				140,000	140,000
	Trade creditors				386,184	330,685
	Accruals and deferred income				318,189	335,821
	Obligations under finance lease	and hire purchase	contracts		15,216	7,747
	Directors' loan accounts				3,001	1,415
	Other taxes and social security of	osts			31,926	29,834
	Other creditors				<u> 154,154</u> ———	226,467
					1,421,542	1,523,405
6	Creditors: amounts falling due	after one year			2018	2017
					£	£
	Obligations under finance lease	and hire purchase	contracts		13,812	14,402
	Other creditors				65,000	105,000
					78,812	119,402
7	Other financial commitments				2018	2017
					£	£
	Total future minimum payme	ents under non	-cancellable		000.050	000 750
	operating leases				236,250	393,750

Pyranha Mouldings Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Premier Point

Ashton Lane South

Whitehouse Industrial Estate

Runcorn

WA7 3GG

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