

Company No. 1128017

Financial Statements

For the year ended

30 September 2006

WEDNESDAY



A23 02/05/2007 COMPANIES HOUSE

644

Smith Melzack Pepper Angliss (Services) Limited Company Information

Directors

S Sandler FRICS
I A Fass FRICS
R M J Franks
L M Bonney
A Kleinman
C Povey MRICS
C H Orman FRICS
P Vernon-Smith

Secretary

S Sandler FRICS

Registered Office

7-10 Chandos Street London W1G 9AJ

Auditors

Kingston Smith LLP Devonshire House 60 Goswell Road London EC1M 7AD

Contents

	Page
Directors' report	1 - 2
Independent auditors' report	3
Profit and loss account	4
Balance sheet	5
Notes to the financial statements	6 - 12

Directors' Report For the year ended 30 September 2006

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2006

Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company throughout the year was the provision of management and administration services to professional firms and commercial organisations

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 4

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend

Future developments

The directors are of the opinion that the company will continue to trade in the forseeable future

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 October 2005

S Sandler FRICS

I A Fass FRICS

R M J Franks

L M Bonney

A Kleinman

C Povey MRICS

C H Orman FRICS

P Vernon-Smith

Directors' interests

The directors who served the company during the year had no beneficial interest in the company's shares during the period The interests of R M Franks, A Kleinman, C H Orman, S Sandler, P Vernon-Smith and C Povey in the ultimate parent undertaking are reflected in those accounts

	Ordinar	y Snares of £1 each
	30 September 2006	1 October 2005
I A Fass FRICS	-	-
R M J Franks	-	-
L M Bonney	-	-
A Kleinman	-	-
C Povey MRICS	-	-
C H Orman FRICS	-	-
S Sandler FRICS	-	-
P Vernon-Smith	-	-

Auditors

On 1 May 2006, Kingston Smith transferred their business to Kingston Smith LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated under the Limited Liability Partnership Act 2000. The company's consent has been given to treating the appointment of Kingston Smith as extending to Kingston Smith LLP under the provision of section 26(5) of the Companies Act 1989. Kingston Smith LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office and in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act it is proposed that they be re-appointed auditors for the ensuing year.

Directors' Report (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2006

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- -select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- -make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- -state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- -prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985 They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities

Statement of disclosure to auditor

- (a) so far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- (b) they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

On behalf of the board

LM Bonney

Director 3/407

page 2

Independent Auditors' Report To the Shareholders of Smith Melzack Pepper Angliss (Services) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Smith Melzack Pepper Angliss (Services) Limited for the year ended 30 September 2006 set out on pages 4 to 12 These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements

Kingston Smith LLP

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

Date 3/4/07

Devonshire House 60 Goswell Road London EC1M 7AD

Profit And Loss Account For the year ended 30 September 2006

		Year ended	9 Month period ended
		30 September 2006	30 September 2005
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	2	2,395,000	1,420,000
Administrative expenses		(2,389,171)	(1,405,830)
Operating profit	3	5,829	14,170
Other interest receivable and similar income	4	-	7
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(2,428)	(1,758)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		3,401	12,419
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	-	-
Profit for the year	12	3,401	12,419

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account

Balance Sheet As at 30 September 2006

	2006		2006 2005		2006)5
	Notes	£	£	£	£		
Fixed assets							
Tangible assets	7		53,083		54,067		
Current assets							
Debtors	8	121,083		142,367			
Cash at bank and in hand		13,851		44,158			
		134,934	-	186,525			
Creditors amounts falling due within one							
year	9	(160,959)	_	(216,935)			
Net current habilities			(26,025)		(30,410)		
Total assets less current habilities			27,058		23,657		
Capital and reserves							
Called up share capital	11		100		100		
Profit and loss account	12		26,958		23,557		
Shareholders' funds	13		27,058		23,657		

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 3/4/07

S Sandler FRICS

Director /

Notes To The Financial Statements For the year ended 30 September 2006

1 Accounting policies

11 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a subsidiary undertaking where 90 percent or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group

1.2 Changes in accounting policies

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention

13 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts

14 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows

Land and buildings Leasehold	Over remaining life of the lease
Plant and machinery	10% - 33 1/3% per annum on cost
Computer equipment	33% per annum on cost
Fixtures, fittings & equipment	10%-20% per annum on cost

15 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable.

1.6 Deferred taxation

In accordance with FRS 19, deferred tax is recognised as a liability or asset if transactions or events that give the company the obligation to pay more tax in future or a right to pay less tax in future have occurred by the balance sheet date.

2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

3	Operating profit	Year ended	Period ended
		30 September	30 September
		2006	2005
		£	£
	Operating profit is stated after charging		
	Depreciation of tangible assets	26,611	21,475
	Auditors' remuneration	7,000	5,500
	Remuneration of auditors for non-audit work	-	1,450

The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under money purchase pension schemes amount to 9 (2005 6)

Notes To The Financial Statements (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2006

4	Investment income	2006	2005
		£	£
	Bank interest	-	7
			
_		•	
5	Interest payable	Year ended	Period ended
		30 September 2006	30 September 2005
		£	£
		· ·	~
	On bank loans and overdrafts	2,428	1,758
6	Taxation	Year ended 30 September	
		2006	2005
	Current tax charge	-	-
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	3,401	12,419
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK		
	corporation tax of 30 00% (2005 - 30 00%)	1,020	3,726
	Effects of		
	Non deductible expenses	15,067	5,898
	Depreciation add back	7,983	6,442
	Capital allowances	(6,593)	(4,297)
	Other tax adjustments	(17,477)	(11,769)
		(1,020)	(3,726)
	Current tax charge	-	

There is no tax liability arising in the year (2005 £nil) due to profits being offset by group relief

Notes To The Financial Statements (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2006

7 Tangible fixed assets

9	Land and buildings Leasehold	Plant and Machinery	Fixtures, Fittings and Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 October 2005 Additions	7,792 -	67,175 7,796	278,661 17,831	353,628 25,627
At 30 September 2006	7,792	74,971	296,492	379,255
Deprectation	-			
At 1 October 2005	498	32,340	266,723	299,561
Charge for the year	1,558	9,968	15,085	26,611
At 30 September 2006	2,056	42,308	281,808	326,172
Net book value				
At 30 September 2006	5,736	32,663	14,684	53,083
At 30 September 2005	7,294	34,835	11,938	54,067
				

Included above are assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts as follows

	Plant and machinery
	£
Net book values	
At 30 September 2006	•
At 30 September 2005	4,999
Depreciation charge for the year	
At 30 September 2006	4,999
At 30 September 2005	7,499
It so depictine 2005	=

The net book value of other tangible fixed assets includes £nil (2005 £4,999) in repect of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts. The depreciation charge in respect of such assets amounted to £4,999 (2005 £7,499) for the year.

Notes To The Financial Statements (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2006

8	Debtors	2006	2005
		£	£
	Trade debtors	42	592
	Other debtors	121,041	141,775
		121,083	142,367
9		2006	2005
9	Creditors amounts falling due within one year	2006 £	2005 £
		N.	~
	Bank loans and overdrafts	-	36,182
	Net obligations under finance leases	-	6,561
	Trade creditors	73,789	77,954
	Amounts owed to parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	7,674	20,813
	Taxes and social security costs	53,650	43,482
	Other creditors	25,846	31,943
		160,959	216,935
	The bank overdraft and loans are secured by a fixed and floating charge over present and future	r the undertaking of all proper	ty and assets,
	Net obligations under finance leases		_
	Repayable within one year	_	6,561

10 Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund.

	2006	2005
	£	£
Directors' contributions	17,292	7,717
Other staff contributions	32,106	8,392
	49,398	16,109
		

Notes To The Financial Statements (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2006

11	Share capital	2006	2005
		£	£
	Authorised		
	100 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	100	100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	100 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	100	100
10	Ca.a		
12	Statement of movements on profit and loss account		Profit and loss
			account
			£
	Balance at 1 October 2005		23,557
	Profit for the period		3,401
	Balance at 30 September 2006		26,958
12	December of a constant of the short of the s	2006	2005
13	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		2005
		£	£
	Profit for the financial year	3,401	12,419
	Opening shareholders' funds	23,657	11,238
	Closing shareholders' funds	27,058	23,657
			

14 Contingent habilities

An omnibus letter of guarantee and set off is in place between the following members of Mercury Group plc - Mercury Group plc, Smith Melzack Pepper Angliss Limited, Smith Melzack Pepper Angliss (Professional Services) Limited, Smith Melzack Pepper Angliss (Management) Limited, Smith Melzack Pepper Angliss (Croydon) Limited and Smith Melzack Pepper Angliss (Services) Limited and Telco Solutions Limited At the year end the group had utilised £90,440 (2005 £262,678) of the £300,000 facility under guarantee

The Smith Melzack Pepper Angliss Limited group has a group VAT registration in place. The company is included within this group registration and so is jointly and severally liable for the total group VAT due.

The difference between the total group VAT liability and what has been provided in these accounts for VAT is £104,254 (2005 £112,182)

Notes To The Financial Statements (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2006

15 Financial commitments

At 30 September 2006 the company was committed to making the following payments under non-cancellable operating leases in the year to 30 September 2007

		2006 £	Other 2005 £
	Operating leases which expire	44.600	14.040
	Within one year	14,698	14,248
	Between two and five years	14,201	7,224
		28,899	21,472
16	Directors' emoluments	Year ended	Period ended
		30 September	30 September
		2006	2005
		£	£
	Remuneration	712,938	443,924
	Pensions to directors	17,292	7,717
		730,230	451,641
	Emoluments disclosed above include the following amounts paid to the highest paid director		
	Emoluments for qualifying services	85,732	61,150
	Company pension contributions to money purchase schemes	2,597	1,458
		88,329	62,608

Notes To The Financial Statements (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2006

17 Employees

Number of employees

The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the year was

The average monday number of employees (melading directors) during the year was	2006 Number	2005 Number
	35	31
Employment costs	2006 £	2005 £
Wages and salaries	1,482,972	849,088
Social security costs	163,609	97,576
Other pension costs	49,398	16,109
	1,695,979	962,773

18 Control

The company regards Smith Melzack Pepper Angliss (Professional Services) Limited as its immediate parent company by virtue of their 100% share holding. The ultimate parent company is Mercury Group Plc, by virtue of their 100% share holding in the immediate parent of Smith Melzack Pepper Angliss (Professional Services) Limited - Smith Melzack Pepper Angliss Limited. Group Plc accounts are available from John East & Partners Limited, Crystal Gate, 28-30 Worship Street, London, EC2A 2AH

19 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard Number 8 from the requirement to disclose transactions with group companies on the grounds that consolidated financial statements are prepared by the ultimate parent company