

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 09967885

Meneaus Ltd

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

2 April 2020

Meneaus Ltd

Statement of Financial Position

2 April 2020

		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	81,105	89,307
Current assets			
Stocks		5,192	12,197
Debtors	6	19,019	21,589
Cash at bank and in hand		11,880	22,921
		-----	-----
		36,091	56,707
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	42,776	48,976
		-----	-----
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(6,685)	7,731
		-----	-----
Total assets less current liabilities		74,420	97,038
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	109,303	125,068
		-----	-----
Net liabilities		(34,883)	(28,030)
		-----	-----
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		(34,983)	(28,130)
		-----	-----
Shareholders deficit		(34,883)	(28,030)
		-----	-----

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 2 April 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Meneaus Ltd

Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

2 April 2020

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 28 January 2021 ,
and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Ms L Gatier

Director

Company registration number: 09967885

Meneaus Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 2 April 2020

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Amble Inn, 182 Station Road, Harpenden, AL5 4UL.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and fittings	-	20% reducing balance
Motor vehicles	-	25% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 9 (2019: 11).

5. Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost			
At 3 April 2019	112,661	10,000	122,661
Additions	1,379	–	1,379
	-----	-----	-----
At 2 April 2020	114,040	10,000	124,040
	-----	-----	-----
Depreciation			
At 3 April 2019	30,854	2,500	33,354
Charge for the year	7,706	1,875	9,581
	-----	-----	-----
At 2 April 2020	38,560	4,375	42,935
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Carrying amount			
At 2 April 2020	75,480	5,625	81,105
	-----	-----	-----
At 2 April 2019	81,807	7,500	89,307
	-----	-----	-----

6. Debtors

	2020 £	2019 £
Other debtors	19,019	21,589
	-----	-----

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade creditors	27,717	25,894
Social security and other taxes	12,500	19,414
Other creditors	2,559	3,668
	-----	-----
	42,776	48,976
	-----	-----

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	—	6,511
Other creditors	109,303	118,557
	-----	-----
	109,303	125,068
	-----	-----

9. Financial instruments

For financial instruments measured at fair value, the basis for determining fair value must be disclosed. When a valuation technique is used, the assumptions applied in determining fair value for each class of financial assets or financial liabilities must be disclosed. If a reliable measure of fair value is no longer available for ordinary or preference shares measured at fair value through profit or loss, this must also be disclosed.

10. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2020		
	Balance	Advances/ (credits) to the	Balance
	brought forward	directors	outstanding
	£	£	£
Ms L Gatier	(59,279)	4,627	(54,652)
Mr G Gatier	(59,278)	4,627	(54,651)
	-----	-----	-----
	(118,557)	9,254	(109,303)
	-----	-----	-----
	2019		
	Balance	Advances/ (credits) to the	Balance
	brought forward	directors	outstanding
	£	£	£
Ms L Gatier	(69,634)	10,355	(59,279)
Mr G Gatier	(69,633)	10,355	(59,278)
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	(139,267)	20,710	(118,557)
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11. Related party transactions

There are Directors Investments of £109,303 due back to the Directors.

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