Registered Number 04574539

Robek Plumbing and Heating Limited

**Abbreviated Accounts** 

31 December 2013

## Robek Plumbing and Heating Limited

## Registered Number 04574539

### Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2013

	Notes	2013		2012	
Fixed assets	2	£	£	£	£
Tangible			2,891		2,755
		_	2,891	-	2,755
Current assets					
Debtors		13,968		10,617	
Cash at bank and in hand		6,840		915	
Total current assets		20,808		11,532	
Conditions are supply falling due within any		(02.574)		(14.004)	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(23,574)		(14,284)	
Net current assets (liabilities)			(2,766)		(2,752)
Total assets less current liabilities		-	125	-	3
Provisions for liabilities			(99)		0
Total net assets (liabilities)		-	26	-	3
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	4		2 24		2 1

Shareholders funds 26

- a. For the year ending 31 December 2013 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 25 April 2014

And signed on their behalf by:

Mr RJ Lyons, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 31 December 2013

## 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of financial instruments, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

#### Changes in accounting policies

In preparing the financial statements for the current year, the company has adopted the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

#### **Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax. In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

#### Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

#### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax

rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### **Fixed Assets**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

#### **Financial Instruments**

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Plant & Machinery 25% Reducing balance
Fixtures & Fittings 25% Reducing balance
Motor Vehicles 25% Reducing balance
Equipment 25% Reducing balance

## 2 Fixed Assets

	Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation	£	£
At 01 January 2013	14,525	14,525
Additions	1,250	1,250
Disposals	(400)	(400)
At 31 December 2013	15,375	15,375
Depreciation		
At 01 January 2013	11,770	11,770
Charge for year	964	964
On disposals	(250)	(250)
At 31 December 2013	12,484	12,484
Net Book Value		
At 31 December 2013	2,891	2,891
At 31 December 2012	2,755	2,755

# 4 Share capital

	2013	2012
	£	£
Authorised share capital:		
100 Ordinary of £1 each	100	100
Allotted, called up and fully		
paid:		
2 Ordinary of £1 each	2	2