

**Registered Number 05584740**

**ROCKSTAR PLANT & MACHINERY LIMITED**

**Abbreviated Accounts**

**31 December 2015**



## Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2015

	Notes	2015	2014
		£	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	2	203,063	155,066
		<u>203,063</u>	<u>155,066</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors		79,355	14,076
Cash at bank and in hand		304	27,201
		<u>79,659</u>	<u>41,277</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	3	(137,657)	(40,552)
<b>Net current assets (liabilities)</b>		<u>(57,998)</u>	<u>725</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>145,065</u>	<u>155,791</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	3	(41,029)	0
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>		(35,102)	(31,013)
<b>Total net assets (liabilities)</b>		<u>68,934</u>	<u>124,778</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	4	3	3
Profit and loss account		68,931	124,775
<b>Shareholders' funds</b>		<u>68,934</u>	<u>124,778</u>

- For the year ending 31 December 2015 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 16 February 2016

And signed on their behalf by:

**M P Johnson, Director**



**Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 31 December 2015****1 Accounting Policies****Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts**

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities effective April 2008.

**Turnover policy**

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year and derives from the provision of goods or services falling within the company's ordinary activities.

**Tangible assets depreciation policy**

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant & Machinery - 25% straight line

**Other accounting policies****Leasing and hire purchase commitments**

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce constant periodic rates of charge on the net obligations outstanding in each period.

**Deferred Tax**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold; Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable; Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

**2 Tangible fixed assets**



**Cost**

At 1 January 2015	187,736
Additions	89,108
Disposals	-
Revaluations	-
Transfers	-
At 31 December 2015	<u>276,844</u>

**Depreciation**

At 1 January 2015	32,670
Charge for the year	41,111
On disposals	-
At 31 December 2015	<u>73,781</u>

**Net book values**

At 31 December 2015	<u>203,063</u>
At 31 December 2014	<u>155,066</u>

**3 Creditors**

	<i>2015</i>	<i>2014</i>
	£	£
Secured Debts	89,960	0

**4 Called Up Share Capital**

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	<i>2015</i>	<i>2014</i>
	£	£
3 Ordinary shares of £1 each	3	3

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