Royal Mail Investments Limited Annual Report and Financial Statements 2012-2013

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Directors' Report

The Directors present the Annual Report and Financial Statements for Royal Mail Investments Limited (the Company) These financial statements relate to the 53 weeks ended 31 March 2013 (2012 52 weeks ended 25 March 2012)

Principal activities

The Company's principal activity is to act as a holding company for the overseas subsidiaries and associate of Royal Mail Group Limited

Review of the business and future developments

The Company acts as a holding company for distribution businesses in overseas markets and the Group's insurance subsidiary and expects to continue this activity for the foreseeable future

Results and dividends

The profit after taxation for the year was £234 million (2012 £nil) The Directors do not recommend a final dividend. The Company received a dividend from its General Logistics Systems BV ('GLS') subsidiary of €300m on 1 August 2012. On 8 August 2012 an interim dividend of £234 million was declared and paid to its sole shareholder Royal Mail Group Limited. The movement in reserves is shown in note 9 to the financial statements.

Directors and their interests

The following have served as Directors of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2013 and up to the date of approval of these financial statements

Matthew Rose

Mick Jeavons

No Director has a beneficial interest in the share capital of the Company

Audit information

The Directors confirm that so far as they are aware there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware and that each Director has taken all reasonable steps to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions for Directors

A partial qualifying third party indemnity provision (as defined in section 234 of the Companies Act 2006) was and remains in force for the benefit of all the Directors of Royal Mail Investments Limited. The indemnity is granted under article 129 of the Articles of Association of the Company's ultimate parent company. Royal Mail Holdings plc. The indemnity is partial in that it does not allow the Company to cover the costs of an unsuccessful defence of a third party claim.

Principal risk and uncertainties

A fixed charge has been registered over the Company's shares in General Logistics Systems BV the Company's largest investment. The charge forms part of the security provided on Royal Mail Group Limited's £500 million. GLS Funding Loan' Further details on this facility are contained in note 17 of the 2012-13 Royal Mail Group Limited Annual Report and special purpose Financial Statements.

Going concern

The Company has net assets of £395 million at 31 March 2013

As noted in the 'Principal risks and uncertainties' section above and in note 10 to these financial statements a fixed charge has been registered over the Company's shares in General Logistics Systems B V the Company's largest investment as part of the security provided on Royal Mail Group Limited's £500 million drawn down loan facility

After analysis of all factors including those stated above, the Directors of Royal Mail Investments Limited consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis

Key Performance Indicators (KPI's)

As the Company operates as a holding company the Directors do not consider it necessary to disclose KPI's

Directors' Report (continued)

Auditor

The auditor is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006

By Order of the Board

Jon Millidge

Secretary

London

16 September 2013

Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors. Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations. Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed: subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will
 continue in business

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy, at any time, the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Royal Mail Investments Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Royal Mail Investments Limited for the year ended 31 March 2013 which comprise profit and loss account, statement of total recognised gains and losses, reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds, balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 13. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the Company's members as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of Directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors Responsibilities Statement set out on page 5, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors. Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2013 and of its profit for the year then
 ended
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Kathryn Barrow (Senior statutory auditor) for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP

Ernst + Young U

Statutory Auditor

2o September 2013

London

Profit and loss account

for the 53 week period ended 31 March 2013 and 52 week period 25 March 2012

		2013	2012
	Notes	£m	£m
Continuing operations			
Operating exceptional items			(2)
Operating loss			(2)
Profit before financing and taxation		-	(2)
Income from investments	2	234	2
Profit before taxation		234	_
Taxation charge	6		-
Profit for the financial year from continuing operations	9	234	_

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

for the 53 week period ended 31 March 2013 and 52 week period 25 March 2012

There are no recognised gains and losses other than the profit attributable to the Company of £234 million (2012 £nil). There is no statement of historic cost profits and losses as the financial statements are produced under the historic cost accounting convention.

Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds

for the 53 week period ended 31 March 2013 and 52 week period 25 March 2012

	2013	2012
	£m	£m
Opening shareholder's surplus/(deficit)	395	(64)
Total recognised profit for the financial year (see above)	234	-
Dividend paid to parent company	(234)	-
Issue of shares		459
Closing shareholder's surplus	395	395

Balance sheet at 31 March 2013 and 25 March 2012

Company number 3229377		2013	2012
	Notes	£m	£m
Fixed assets			
Investments in subsidiaries and associate	7	395	395
Total fixed assets		395	395
Net assets		395	395
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	5	5
Share premium	9	-	459
Profit and loss account	9	390	(69)
Shareholder's fund		395	395_

The financial statements on pages 7 to 13 were approved by the Board of Directors on 16 September 2013 and signed on its behalf by

Matthew Rose

Mathew S Rose

Notes to the financial statements

1. Accounting policies

The Company has applied the following accounting policies

Financial period

The financial year ends on the last Sunday in March and accordingly, these financial statements are made up to the 53 weeks ended 31 March 2013 (2012 52 weeks ended 25 March 2012)

Basis of preparation

The financial statements on pages 7 to 13 have been prepared in accordance with applicable UK Accounting Standards and law including the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. Unless otherwise stated in the accounting policies below, the financial statements have been prepared under the historic cost accounting convention.

The financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not as a Group. The Company has taken advantage of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare Group financial statements on the grounds that its ultimate parent makes its Group financial statements publicly available.

After careful consideration of all available information, the Directors are of the view that it is appropriate that these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

No new UK Accounting Standards, which affect the presentation of these financial statements, have been issued

No cash flow statement has been presented as the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company which has presented a consolidated cash flow statement within its Group financial statements

Changes in accounting policy

The accounting policies are consistent with those of the previous financial year

Interbusiness transactions

The Company operates through business units that make use of the services of other companies within the Group in order to take advantage of Group synergies having regard to the mutual dependencies that exist

Investments in subsidiaries and associate

Investments in subsidiaries and associates within the Company's financial statements are stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is generally provided in full on timing differences at the balance sheet date, at rates expected to apply when the tax liability (or asset) crystallises based on substantively enacted tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is not recognised in the following instances

- on gains on disposal of fixed assets where on the basis of available evidence it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only when there is a commitment to dispose of those replacement assets
- on unremitted earnings of subsidiaries and associate where there is no commitment to remit those earnings and
- deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the Directors consider that it is more likely than not that
 there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be
 deducted

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted

2 Income from investments

Investment income relates to dividend income of £234 million from General Logistics Systems B V a 100% owned subsidiary, (2012 £2 million received from its 100% owned subsidiary PostCap Guernsey Limited)

3 Staff costs and numbers

The Company has no employees (2012 no employees)

4. Auditor's remuneration

Auditor's remuneration amounted to £5,355 (2012 £5 225) for the audit of the statutory financial statements and was met by the immediate parent company, Royal Mail Group Limited

5 Directors' emoluments

The Directors did not receive any emoluments from the Company during the year (2012 Enil). The Directors are employees of other undertakings within the Royal Mail Holdings plc Group of companies. The Directors' remuneration for the period was paid by other undertakings. The Directors do not believe that it is practical to apportion this amount between their services as directors of the Company and their services as employees or Directors of the fellow subsidiary undertakings.

6. Taxation

(a) Taxation gains/losses recognised

	2013 £m	2012 £m
Taxation charge/(credit) in the profit and loss account	Σ	
Corporation tax charge for year	-	-
Tax over provided in previous years		
Current tax (see table below)	-	-
Deferred tax	<u>-</u>	
Total tax charge	<u> </u>	

(b) Factors affecting the current tax charge on profit on ordinary activities

The tax assessed for the year differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24% (2012 26%) The differences are explained below

	2013 £m	2012 £m
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	234	
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24% (2012 26%)	56	-
Exempt income from investments	(56)	(1)
Non-deductible impairment	-	1
Transfer pricing adjustment re interest	-	(1)
Effect of group relief		1
Losses carried forward		
Total current tax (see table above)	-	

6. Taxation (continued)

(c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

The Company has unrecognised losses carried forward the tax effect of which is approximately £8 million (2012 £9 million). These may be set against future non-trading profits. The Company has claimed no rollover relief

Finance Act 2012 reduced the main rate of corporation tax to 23% with effect from 1 April 2013. The effect of this change on deferred tax balances is included in these accounts. In the 2012 Autumn statement, the Chancellor of the Exchequer announced that the main rate of corporation tax will be 21% for the year commencing 1 April 2014 and in the March 2013 Budget he announced that the rate will be further reduced to 20% with effect from 1 April 2015. In accordance with accounting standards the effect of these rate reductions on deferred tax balances has not been reflected in these accounts due to the relevant legislation not having been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. A reduction to 20% would based on losses at 31 March 2013, reduce the Company's unrecognised deferred tax assets by £1 million.

7 Investments in subsidiaries and associate

	Subsidiaries	Associate	Total
	£m	£m	£m
Cost			
At 26 March 2012	394	24	418
At 31 March 2013	394	24	418
Impairment			
At 26 March 2012	<u>-</u>	23	23
At 31 March 2013	<u> </u>	23	23
Net book value			
At 31 March 2013	394	1	395
At 26 March 2012	394	1	395

8 Called up share capital

	2013	2012	
	£	<u> </u>	
Authorised			
Ordinary shares of £1 each	6,000,000	6,000,000	
Total	6,000,000	6,000 000	
Allotted and fully paid			
Ordinary shares of £1 each	5,000,001	5 000 001	
Total	5,000,001	5 000 001	

9 Reconciliation of shareholder's funds and movement on reserves

	Share capital £m	Share premium £m	Profit and loss account £m	2013 Total £m	2012 Total £m
At 26 March 2012 and 28 March 2011	5	459	(69)	395	(64)
Issue of shares	-	-	-	-	459
Capital reduction	_	(459)	459	-	-
Profit for the financial period	-	-	234	234	-
Dividend paid to parent company	•	-	(234)	(234)	
At 31 March 2013 and 25 March 2012	5	-	390	395	395

On 3 August 2012 the Company reduced the amount of its share premium account by £459 million with the Company reducing the deficit on its distributable reserves by the same amount at that time. The reduction of £459 million was approved by special resolution of the Company, supported by a statement of solvency made by its Directors (pursuant to section 641(1)(a) of the Companies Act 2006. The reduction was executed through a non-cash accounting entry and has no effect on total equity and the number of the Company's ordinary shares in issue or their nominal value.

10 Charges

A fixed charge has been registered over the Company's shares in General Logistics Systems B V. The charge forms part of the security provided on Royal Mail Group Limited's £500 million loan facility. At 31 March 2013 £500 million (2012 £500 million) had been borrowed under this facility. Further details on the facility are contained in note 17 of the 2012-13 Royal Mail Group Limited Annual Report and special purpose Financial Statements.

11. Related party disclosures

Royal Mail Group Limited is the immediate parent company of Royal Mail Investments Limited Royal Mail Holdings plc is the ultimate parent company

Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of one of the exemptions conferred by FRS 8 Related party disclosures, whereby certain details regarding transactions with 100% owned subsidiaries within the same Group do not have to be disclosed where Group financial statements are publicly available

11 Related party disclosures (continued)

Principal subsidiaries and associate

	Country of incorporation	% Holding	Principal activities
Subsidiaries			
General Logistics Systems B V ¹	Netherlands	100	Holding company for parcel services group
General Logistics Systems Italy S p A	Italy	100	Parcel services
General Logistics Systems Enterprise S r I	Italy	100	Parcel services
General Logistics Systems France SAS	France	100	Parcel services
General Logistics Systems Germany GmbH & Co OHG	Germany	100	Parcel services
General Logistics Systems Netherlands BV	Netherlands	100	Parcel services
General Logistics Systems Austria GmbH	Austria	100	Parcel services
General Logistics Systems Denmark A/S	Denmark	100	Parcel services
General Logistics Systems Poland Spolka z o o	Poland	100	Parcel services
General Logistics Systems Hungary Kft	Hungary	100	Parcel services
General Logistics Systems Belgium Distribution NV	Belgium	100	Parcel services
PostCap Guernsey Limited ¹	Guernsey	100	Insurance services
Associate			
G3 Worldwide Mail N V (trade name Spring) 1	Netherlands	32 45	Mail services

¹ These investments are held by the Company All other investments are held by a subsidiary of the Company

A full list of subsidiaries and associate is available from the Company's registered office. All shareholdings are equity shares and all of the above subsidiaries have a year end date of the last Sunday in March. The reporting date for G3 Worldwide Mail N.V. ('Spring') year end date is 31 December.

12 Post balance sheet event

The investment held in G3 Worldwide Mail NV (Spring) a 32 45% owned associate company was sold on 2 April 2013

13. Immediate and ultimate parent company

At 31 March 2013 the Directors regarded Royal Mail Group Limited as the immediate parent company and Royal Mail Holdings plc as the ultimate parent company. The results of the Company form part of the Royal Mail Holdings plc Group Financial Statements, which are available from the Company Secretary, 100 Victoria Embankment London EC4Y 0HQ