

S D McCullough Contracts Ltd
FILLETED ACCOUNTS COVER

S D McCullough Contracts Ltd

Company No. NI622494

Information for Filing with The Registrar

31 March 2017

S D McCullough Contracts Ltd
DIRECTORS REPORT REGISTRAR

The Director presents his report and the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2017.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year under review was construction.

Director

The Director who served at any time during the year was as follows:

S.D. McCullough

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on behalf of the board

S.D. McCullough
Director
09 August 2017

S D McCullough Contracts Ltd
BALANCE SHEET REGISTRAR
at 31 March 2017

Company No. NI622494

	Notes	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2	49,548	36,487
		<u>49,548</u>	<u>36,487</u>
Current assets			
Stocks	3	100,706	-
Debtors	4	4,133	-
Cash at bank and in hand		6,892	30,809
		<u>111,731</u>	<u>30,809</u>
Creditors: Amount falling due within one	5	(75,087)	(25,078)
Net current assets		<u>36,644</u>	<u>5,731</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		86,192	42,218
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more	6	(81,560)	(13,283)
Net assets		<u><u>4,632</u></u>	<u><u>28,935</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account	7	4,532	28,835
Total equity		<u><u>4,632</u></u>	<u><u>28,935</u></u>

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not delivered to the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 09 August 2017

And signed on its behalf by:

S.D. McCullough
Director
09 August 2017

S D McCullough Contracts Ltd
NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS
REGISTRAR
for the year ended 31 March 2017

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard) and the Companies Act 2006 . There were no material departures from that standard.

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with the accounting policies set out below.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost or valuation less the estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life:

Plant and machinery	20% straight line
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Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Costs, which comprise direct production costs, are based on the method most appropriate to the type of inventory class, but usually on a first-in-first-out basis. Overheads are charged to profit or loss as incurred. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less any estimated completion or selling costs.

When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of those stocks is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of stocks to net realisable value and all losses of stocks are recognised as an expense in the period in which the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of stocks is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in currencies, other than the functional currency of the Company, are recorded at the rate of exchange on the date the transaction occurred. Monetary items denominated in other currencies are translated at the rate prevailing at the end of the reporting period. all differences are taken to the profit and loss account. Non-monetary items that are measured at historic cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Provisions

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the profit and loss account in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the balance sheet.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery £	Total £
Cost or revaluation		
At 1 April 2016	59,895	59,895
Additions	31,300	31,300
At 31 March 2017	91,195	91,195
Depreciation		
At 1 April 2016	23,408	23,408
Charge for the year	18,239	18,239
At 31 March 2017	41,647	41,647
Net book values		
At 31 March 2017	49,548	49,548
At 31 March 2016	36,487	36,487

3 Stocks

	2017 £	2016 £
Work in progress	100,706	-
	100,706	-

4 Debtors

	2017	2016
	£	£
Corporation tax recoverable	4,133	-
	<u>4,133</u>	<u>-</u>

5 Creditors:

amounts falling due within one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Other loans	30,626	-
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	10,263	6,930
Corporation tax	-	12,437
Other taxes and social security	4,091	2,365
Loans from directors	28,580	1,969
Accruals and deferred income	1,527	1,377
	<u>75,087</u>	<u>25,078</u>

6 Creditors:

amounts falling due after more than one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Other loans	71,319	-
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	10,241	13,283
	<u>81,560</u>	<u>13,283</u>

7 Reserves

Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

8 Dividends

	2017	2016
	£	£
Dividends for the period:		
Dividends paid in the period	15,000	36,000
	<u>15,000</u>	<u>36,000</u>
Dividends by type:		
Equity dividends	15,000	36,000
	<u>15,000</u>	<u>36,000</u>

9 Related party disclosures

Controlling party

Immediate controlling party

S.D. McCullough

10 Additional information

Its registered number is:

NI622494

Its registered office is:

36b Carrowdore Road

Greyabbey

Newtownards

BT22 2LX

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.