## **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 05331735**

# S. J. DUDSON LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 31 JANUARY 2013



# **SAINT AND CO**

Chartered Accountants
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Penrith 40 Business Park
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CA11 9GR

## **ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS**

## YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2013

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#### **ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET**

#### **31 JANUARY 2013**

		2013		2012	
	Note	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS	2		E 92E	0 726	
Intangible assets Tangible assets			5,825 2,630	8,736 3,151	
14.19.510 400010			8,455	11,887	
			<del></del>		
CURRENT ASSETS		60.004		EE 040	
Stocks Debtors		69,091 24,407		55,940 31,819	
Cash at bank and in hand		125,283		112,471	
		218,781		200,230	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one yea	r	44,512		37,446	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			174,269	162,784	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			182,724	174,671	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			81	85	
			182,643	174,586	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	_				
Called-up equity share capital	3		100	100 174,486	
Profit and loss account			182,543		
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			182,643	174,586	

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 477, and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of the Act

The director acknowledges his responsibility for

- ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

The Balance sheet continues on the following page
The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts

## ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

#### **31 JANUARY 2013**

These abbreviated accounts were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 5 September 2013

MRS S BURTON

Director

Company Registration Number 05331735

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### **YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2013**

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

#### Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Goodwill

10% straight line

#### **Fixed assets**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Fixtures & Fittings

25% reducing balance

Motor Vehicles Equipment 25% reducing balance 25% reducing balance

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

#### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2013

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the director considers that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

#### Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

#### 2 FIXED ASSETS

	Intangible Assets £	Tangible Assets £	Total £
COST At 1 February 2012 Additions	29,113 —	19,173 374	48,286 374
At 31 January 2013	29,113	19,547	48,660
DEPRECIATION At 1 February 2012 Charge for year	20,377 2,911	16,022 895	36,399 3,806
At 31 January 2013	23,288	16,917	40,205
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 January 2013	5,825	2,630	8,455
At 31 January 2012	8,736	3,151	11,887

## NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

## YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2013

3	SHARE CAPITAL				
	Authorised share capital:				
				2013 £	2012 £
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each			100	100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
		2013		2012	
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	No 100	£ 100	No 100	£ 100