COMPANIES HOUSE

SLOUGH MOTOR COMPANY LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30th November 2005



Directors' report and financial statements

Contents	Page
Directors' report	1
Statement of directors' responsibilities	2
Independent auditor's report to the shareholders	3
Profit and loss account	4
Balance sheet	5
Cash flow statement	6
Notes	7 - 12

Directors' report

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 30th November 2005

Activities

The main activities of the company are the sale, export, hire and maintenance of motor vehicles and ancillary services.

Results

These are detailed in the profit and loss account on page 4. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Business review and future developments

On 8 April 2005, MG Rover Group Limited ['Rover'] went into administration and the Administrators announced that it was unlikely that Rover would be able to honour it's obligations to dealers. The Administrators also announced that the Rover manufacturers warranty would no longer be supported. This has been a major contributory factor in the loss suffered by the company for the year. The Directors have addressed these issues, made provision in these financial statements, continue to explore business opportunities in the motor trade and have re-franchised two of it's three Rover sites to Ford. The Directors are confident that their current operational plans will enable the company to return to profitability in the foreseeable future.

Significant changes in fixed assets

Movements in fixed assets are set out in note 8.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year were:

M J Warnes

L B Friedman

C Redfern

T F Bradbury

M J Warnes and L B Friedman are directors of the ultimate parent company, Bestodeck Limited, and their interests in the shares of the group companies are shown in that company's financial statements.

C Redfern and T F Bradbury hold no shares in group companies.

C Redfern and T F Bradbury retire from the board and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Auditors

A resolution to re-appoint The Leaman Partnership LLP as auditors for the ensuing year will be proposed at the annual general meeting in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

On behalf of the board

L B FRIEDMAN

22 June 2006

Registered Office: 51 Queen Anne Street, London, W1G 9HS

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Slough Motor Company Limited Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of Slough Motor Company Limited For the year ended 30 November 2005

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 12 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and the accounting policies set out on page 7.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the Directors and the Auditors

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

It is our responsibility to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Qualified opinion arising from disagreement about accounting treatment

As shown in note 15 to the accounts, deferred taxation has been provided on the revaluation of freehold properties. This is not in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 19 'Deferred Tax' as the company has not entered into a binding agreement to sell the re-valued properties.

Except for the failure to comply with Financial Reporting Standard 19, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 November 2005, and of its loss for the year then ended, and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

The Leaman Partnership LLP Chartered Accountants &

The Leaner Portrolip LLP

Registered Auditors 51 Queen Anne Street London W1G 9HS

22 June 2006

Profit And Loss Account for the year ended 30th November 2005	Note	2005 £	2004 £
Turnover	1	53,314,977	55,632,248
Cost of sales		43,911,946	45,450,479
Gross profit		9,403,031	10,181,769
Distribution and administrative expenses	2	9,641,049	9,842,209
		(238,018)	339,560
Other income	3	1,531	138
Operating (loss)/profit		(236,487)	339,698
Interest payable	4	352,918	326,770
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	5	(589,405)	12,928
Taxation	6	(8,632)	(17,256)
Loss for the financial year	18	(598,037)	(4,328)

All the activities of the company are classed as continuing.

Balance Sheet

at 30 th November 2005			2005		2004
	Note	£	2005 £	£	2004 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	8		3,992,669		2,050,195
Current assets Stock Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	<i>I</i> 9	4,880,622 2,494,210 4,105		6,225,314 2,063,445 4,105	
		7,378,937		8,292,864	
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	10	8,199,694		8,437,402	
Net current liabilities			(820,757)		(144,538)
Total assets less current liabilities			3,171,912		1,905,657
Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year Loan from parent company	11 12	255,290 150,000		464,461 150,000	
			(405,290)		(614,461)
Provision for liabilities and charges Deferred taxation	15		(686,996)		1,291,196
Net assets			2,079,626		1,291,196
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Revaluation reserve Profit and loss account	14 15		50,100 1,602,991 426,535		50,100 216,524 1,024,572
Total shareholders' funds	18		2,079,626		1,291,196
Shareholders' funds are attributable to: Non-equity shareholders' funds Equity shareholders' funds			100 2,079,526		100 1,291,096
			2,079,626		1,291,196

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 22 June 2006 and were signed on its behalf by:

L B FRIEDMAN
Director

Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 30 th November 2005			2005		2004
	Note	£	£	£	£
Net cash(outflow)/ inflow from operating activities	16		(214,754)		53,866
Returns on investment and servicing of fin	ance				
Interest received Interest paid	3 4	1,531 (352,918)		138 (326,770)	
Net cash outflow from returns on investment and servicing of finance			(351,387)		(326,632)
Taxation Corporation tax paid			(33,903)		(193)
Capital expenditure Payments to acquire fixed assets			(194,495)		(317,025)
Net cash outflow before financing	17		(794,539)		(589,984)
Financing (Decrease)/increase in loans	17		(157,171)		604,461
(Decrease)/increase in cash	17		(951,710)		14,477
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movem	ent in net de	ebt			
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the year			(951,710)		14,477
Cash outflow/(inflow) from increase in deb	t		157,171		(604,461)
Movement in net debt in the year			(794,539)		(589,984)
Net debt at start of year			(1,305,318)		(715,334)
Net debt at end of year	17		(2,099,857)		(1,305,318)

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1. Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules as modified by the revaluation of properties.

Turnover

This represents the value of goods sold, services provided and commissions receivable by the company, excluding value added tax.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Fixtures, fittings, plant and equipment - 10% to $33^{1}/_{3}\%$ per annum Freehold property - 2% to 10% per annum

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stock held on consignment is accounted for in the balance sheet only when title has passed to the company or when the commercial risk of obsolescence rests with the company.

Leased assets

Rental payments are written off in the period in which they are incurred.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Provision is made for deferred tax on revaluation of properties

		2005	2004
		${f \pounds}$	£
2.	Distribution and administrative expenses		
	Distribution costs	6,813,642	7,041,330
	Administrative expenses	2,827,407	2,800,879
		9,641,049	9,842,209
3.	Other income		
	Interest	1,531	138

Not	es (continued)		
		2005 £	2004 £
		~	~
4.	Interest payable		
	Bank overdraft Loans repayable within five years	63,160 289,758	76,623 250,147
		352,918	326,770
5.	(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities		
	This is stated after charging:		
	Auditors' remuneration	22,000	20,000
	Operating lease charges: Other	462,650	551,655
	Depreciation and amounts written off tangible fixed assets	325,484	321,613
6.	Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities		
	UK corporation tax based on the results for the year at -% $(2004 - 20.6\%)$	<u>-</u>	19,500
	Under/(over) provision in prior years	8,632	(2,244)
	Total current tax	8,632	17,256
7.	Staff numbers and costs	No.	No.
	The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors during the year, analysed by category, was as follows:)	
	Production	33	40
	Distribution	148	162
	Administrative	44	40
		225	242
	The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:	£	£
	Wages and salaries	5,200,080	5,092,896
	Social security costs	580,150	575,712
	Other pension costs	143,615	132,316
		5,923,845	5,800,924
			

Notes (continued)

8. Tangible assets

		Fixtures,	
		fittings,	
	Freehold	plant and	
	properties	equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost or valuation			
At beginning of year	1,323,962	2,662,883	3,986,845
Additions	-	194,495	194,495
Re-valuation	1,914,044	-	1,914,044
Disposals	-	(116,789)	(116,789)
At end of year	3,238,006	2,740,589	5,978,595
Depreciation	_ 		
At beginning of year	151,931	1,784,719	1,936,650
Provided this year	14,976	310,508	325,484
Re-valuation	(159,419)	-	(159,419)
Disposals	-	(116,789)	(116,789)
At end of year	7,488	1,978,438	1,985,926
			
Net book values			
30 th November 2005			
	3,230,518	762,151	3,992,669
			
30 th November 2004	1,172,031	878,164	2,050,195

The properties were valued by Caxtons, Chartered Surveyors, on 27 June 2005 at a value of £3,238,006.

Freehold properties comprise	2005 £	2004 £
Cost Valuation - 1988 Valuation - 2005	3,238,006	923,962 400,000
	3,238,006	1,323,962
The historical cost of these properties was	1,107,438	1,107,438

All other tangible assets are stated at historical cost.

Not	es (continued)	2007	0004
		2005 £	2004 £
9.	Debtors		
	Trade debtors Other debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Prepayments and accrued income	503,414 3,459 1,686,821 300,516 2,494,210	530,616 2,776 1,226,391 303,662 2,063,445
10.	Creditors falling due within one year		
	Trade creditors Other creditors Social security and other taxes Amounts owed to group undertakings Accruals Bank overdraft (secured - see note 13) Term loans (secured - see note 13) Corporation tax	3,760,390 393 576,614 438,062 1,568,262 1,656,672 192,000 7,301 8,199,694	5,828,342 507 421,784 429,724 879,511 704,962 140,000 32,572 8,437,402
11.	Creditors falling due after more than one year		
	Term loans (secured - see note 13)	255,290	464,461

12. Related party transactions

The company's ultimate parent company and controlling party is Bestodeck Limited, a company registered in England. The group has no ultimate controlling party.

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions provided by FRS 8 and has not reported transactions with other group companies.

The loan of £150,000 from Bestodeck Limited is, at present, free of interest.

Notes (continued)

13.	Bank overdraft and loans	2005 £	2004 £
	The aggregate amount of secured borrowings is as follows:		
	Falling due within five years: Bank overdraft Term loans	1,656,672 447,290	704,962 604,461
		2,103,962	1,309,423
	The bank overdraft and loans are secured by fixed and floating charges over certain	in of the company's	s assets.
	The long term loans are repayable by instalments as follows:		
	Monthly instalments Inclusive of interest	11,667	11,667
14.	Share capital		
	Authorised 'A' ordinary shares of £1 each 'B' ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000 100	50,000 100
		50,100	50,100
	Allotted, issued and fully paid 'A' ordinary shares of £1 each 'B' ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000 100 50,100	50,000 100 50,100
15.	Revaluation reserve		
	At 1 December 2004 Increase in year Deferred tax	216,524 2,073,463 (686,996)	216,524
	At 30 November 2005	1,602,991	216,524
	There is no present intention of disposing of the re-valued properties.		
16.	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities		
	Operating (loss)/profit Rent and other operating income Depreciation charges Decrease in stock Increase in debtors Decrease in creditors	(236,487) (1,531) 325,484 1,344,692 (430,765) (1,216,147) (214,754)	339,698 (138) 321,613 753,810 (324,569) (1,036,548) 53,866

Notes (continued)

17.	Analysis of net debt	1-December 2004	Cashflow	30-November 2005
	Cash at bank Overdrafts	4,105 (704,962)	(951,710)	4,105 (1,656,672)
	Bank loans	(700,857) (604,461)	(951,710) 157,171	(1,652,567) (447,290)
	Net debt	(1,305,318)	(794,539) ———	(2,099,857)
18.	Statement of total recognised gains and losses		2005 £	2004 £
	Loss for the financial year Re-valuation of freehold properties (see note 15) Opening shareholders' funds		(598,037) 1,386,467 1,291,196	(4,328) 1,295,524
	Closing shareholders' funds		2,079,626	1,291,196

19. Contingent liability

The company is the representative member of a group registration for value added tax purposes and, accordingly, is jointly and severally liable for any such tax due by other group members.

20. Financial commitments

Pensions

The parent company operates a group personal pension plan under which contributions are paid into individual policies. Contributions paid by the company are written off to the profit and loss account in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

Operating leases

The company has annual commitments expiring as follows:

The company has aimual commences expring us follows.	2005 £ Land and Buildings	2004 £ Land and Buildings
Within one year In two to five years After five years	47,233 5,500 413,000	77,650 417,500
	465,733	495,150