Compones
House
Registered number 01614118

SLOUGH MOTOR COMPANY LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30th September 1995

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Directors' report and financial statements

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Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 30th September 1995.

Activities

The main activities of the company are the sale, export, hire and maintenance of motor vehicles and ancillary services.

Results

The results for the year are set out on page 4.

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Significant changes in fixed assets

Movements in fixed assets are set out in note 8.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year were:

M J Warnes

L B Friedman

C Redfern

T F Bradbury

M J Warnes and L B Friedman are directors of the ultimate parent company, Bestodeck Limited, and their interests in the shares of the group companies are shown in that company's financial statements.

C Redfern and T F Bradbury hold no shares in group companies.

L B Friedman retires from the board and, being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

Auditors

Taylors are willing to continue in office and a resolution for their re-appointment will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

On behalf of the board

4th June 1996

Registered Office: 51 Queen Anne Street, London, W1M 9FA

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors' report to the shareholders of Slough Motor Company Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 13 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 7.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

As stated in note 1 on page 7 no depreciation is provided on freehold buildings. Accordingly the company has not complied with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No. 12 and Schedule 4, Paragraph 32 (1) of the Companies Act 1985.

Except for the matter above, in our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30th September 1995 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

TAYLORS

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

51 Queen Anne Street, London W1M 9FA.

4th June 1996

Profit And Loss Account for the year ended 30th September 1995	Note	1995 £	1994 £
Turnover	1	33,483,025	31,048,117
Cost of sales		28,311,383	26,148,840
Gross profit		5,171,642	4,899,277
Distribution and administrative expenses	2	4,887,817	4,701,646
		283,825	197,631
Other income	3	1,446	-
		285,271	197,631
Interest payable	. 4	201,073	130,224
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	5	84,198	67,407
Taxation	6	15,000	8,632

Recognised gains and losses

Profit for the financial year

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit attributable to shareholders of the company.

16

69,198

58,775

Balance Sheet

at 30th September 1995

1995

Note £ £ £

Fixed assets
Tangible assets 8 2,179,043 2,112,025

Current assets

 Stock
 1
 2,314,220
 2,288,541

 Debtors
 9
 901,031
 1,094,385

 Cash at bank and in hand
 2,815
 2,395

3,218,066 3,385,321

Creditors

Amounts falling due within one year 10 3,731,821 3,800,291

Net current liabilities (513,755) (414,970)

Total assets less current liabilities 1,665,288 1,697,055

Creditors

Amounts falling due after more than one year 11 643,984 744,949 Loan from parent company 12 150,000 150,000

(793,984) (894,949)

871,304 802,106

Capital and reserves

 Called up share capital
 14
 50,100
 50,100

 Revaluation reserve
 15
 216,524
 216,524

Profit and loss account 604,680 535,482

Total shareholders' funds 871,304 802,106

Shareholders' funds are attributable to:

Non-equity shareholders' funds 100 100 Equity shareholders' funds 871,204 802,006

871,304 802,106

1994

£

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 4th June 1996 and were signed on its behalf by:

L B FRIEDMAN Director

Cash Flow	Statement
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Cash Flow Statement					
for the year ended 30th September 1995					
			1995		1994
•	Note	£	£	£	£
Operating profit			285,271		197,631
Operating activities					
Depreciation charges		134,646		136,239	
Decrease/(increase) in stock		(25,679)		183,876	
Decrease/(increase) in debtors		193,354		(76,476)	
Increase in creditors		14,730		45,485	
			317,051		289,124
					
Net cash inflow from operating activitie	s		602,322		486,755
Returns on investment and servicing of	finance				
Interest received	,	-		_	
Interest paid		(201,073)		(130,224)	
-					
Net cash outflow from returns on					
investment and servicing of finance			(201,073)		(130,224)
The second is a second					
Taxation Corporation tax paid		(15 000)		(0.000)	
Group relief refunded		(15,000)		(9,000) 6,368	
Group Tener Tennaca		-		0,500	
			(15,000)		(2,632)
			, , , , , ,		(, , ,
Investing activities					
Proceeds of sale of fixed assets		308,793		209,011	
Payments to acquire fixed assets		(510,457)		(959,953)	
					
Not and outflow from investing activiti			(201 (64)		(750,040)
Net cash outflow from investing activition	es		(201,664)		(750,942)
					-
Net cash inflow/(outflow) before finance	cing		184,585		(397,043)
			201,200		(277,012)
Financing					
(Decrease)/increase in loans	17	(137,004)		454,166	
7.7			(107.004)		454 166
Net cash inflow from financing			(137,004)		454,166
					
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	18		47,581		57,123
increase in vasir and cash equivalents	10		77,501		J1,143

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1. Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules as modified by the revaluation of properties except that no depreciation has been provided on freehold buildings.

Turnover

This represents the value of goods sold, services provided and commissions receivable by the company, excluding value added tax.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Fixtures, fittings, plant and equipment

- 10% to 20% per annum

Car hire vehicles

- 3% per month

Leasehold property

- over the unexpired period of the lease

No depreciation is provided on freehold buildings.

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stock held on consignment is accounted for in the balance sheet only when title has passed to the company or when the commercial risk of obsolescence rests with the company.

Leased assets

Rental payments are written off in the year in which they are incurred.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Provision is made for deferred tax only to the extent that it is probable that an actual liability will crystallise.

Not	tes (continued)		
		1995	1994
_		£	£
2.	Distribution and administrative expenses		
	Distribution costs	3,391,811	3,212,756
	Administrative expenses	1,496,006	1,488,890
	· Administrative Gripenius		1,400,000
		A 997 917	4 701 646
		4,887,817	4,701,646
			
3.	Other income		
	Interest	1,146	
	Rent	300	-
	None		
		1,446	-
			=
4.	Interest payable		
	Bank overdraft	80,409	43,881
	Loans repayable within five years	62,435	33,484
	Loans repayable wholly or partly in more than five years	58,229	52,859
	Double repulsion whose or partly in more than wie your		
		201.072	120 224
		201,073	130,224
5.	Profit on ordinary activities		
٠.	Trone on ordinary desirings		
	This is stated after charging:		
	Auditors' remuneration	9,000	9,000
	Operating lease charges:	0.005	5.506
	Equipment Other	8,025	5,736
		169,705	156,335
	Depreciation and amounts written off tangible fixed assets	134,646	136,239
			
6.	Taxation		
	Based on the profit for the year:		
	Corporation tax at 25%	15,000	15,000
	Adjustment in respect of prior year		(6,368)
	J		
		15 000	0 620
		15,000	8,632
			

Not	tes (continued)			1995	1994
7.	Staff numbers and costs			No.	No.
, •	The average number of persons employed during the year, analysed by category, w		ng directors)		
	Production Distribution Administrative			75 74 33 ——	67 89 21 ——
				102	==
	The aggregate payroll costs of these pers	ons were as follows:		£	£
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs			,232 7,362 .,822	2,286,907 221,873 38,165
			2,860),416 	2,546,945
8.	Tangible assets	Freehold properties £	Fixtures, fittings, plant and equipment	Car hire vehicles £	Total £
	Cost or valuation At beginning of year Additions Disposals	1,323,962	895,931 116,848 (5,620)	374,777 393,609 (344,407)	2,594,670 510,457 (350,027)
	At end of year	1,323,962	1,007,159	423,979	2,755,100
	Depreciation At beginning of year Provided this year Disposals		447,776 106,127 (724)	34,869 28,519 (40,510)	482,645 134,646 (41,234)
	At end of year		553,179	22,878	576,057
	Net book values 30th September 1995	1,323,962	453,980	401,101	2,179,043
	30th September 1994	1,323,962	448,155	339,908	2,112,025

Net book value of fixed assets held under hire purchase contracts was £ Nil (1994 £9,757).

Not	es (continued)	1995	1994
8.	Tangible assets (continued)	£	£
	Freehold properties comprise		
	Cost Valuation - 1988	923,962 400,000	923,962 400,000
		1,323,962	1,323,962
	The historical cost of these properties was	1,107,438	1,107,438
	As stated in the Accounting Policies, no depreciation is provided on freehold	l buildings.	
	All other tangible assets are stated at historical cost.		
9.	Debtors		
	Trade debtors Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	880,387 1,018 19,626 ———— 901,031	1,075,226 580 18,579
		=======================================	
10.	Creditors falling due within one year		
	Trade creditors Other creditors Hire purchase Social security and other taxes Amounts owed to group undertakings Accruals Bank overdraft (secured - see note 13) Short term loans (secured - see note 13) Long term loans (secured - see note 13) Corporation tax payable	1,917,629 282,985 440,845 452,081 474,201 64,380 84,700 15,000	1,690,893 218 8,707 292,807 489,048 597,137 521,362 100,419 84,700 15,000
		3,731,821	3,800,291
			

	tes (continued)	1995 £	1994 £
11.	Creditors falling due after more than one year Long term loans (secured - see note 13)	643,984	744,949
	Long term roans (secured - see note 13)		744,949

12. Ultimate parent company

The company's ultimate parent company is Bestodeck Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The loan of £150,000 is, at present, free of interest.

13. Bank overdraft and loans

14.

The aggregate amount of secured borrowings is as follows:

Falling due within five years:		
Bank overdraft	474,201	521,362
Short term loans	64,381	100,419
Long term loans	423,500	423,500
		
	962,082	1,045,281
Falling due after more than five years:		
Long term loans	305,184	406,149

The bank overdraft and loans are secured by fixed and floating charges over the company's assets.

The long term loans are repayable as follows:

- a) Monthly instalments of £1,505 inclusive of interest.
- b) Monthly instalments of £1,958; interest variable with Finance House base rate.
- c) Monthly instalments of £5,062 inclusive of interest.

	1995 £	1994 £
Share capital	r	T.
Authorised		
'A' ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
'B' ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
		
	50,100	50,100
Allotted, issued and fully paid	-	
'A' ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
'B' ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	50,100	50,100
		

Note	es (continued)	1995	1994
15.	Revaluation reserve	£	£
	At beginning and end of year	216,524	216,524
	There is no present intention of disposing of the revalued properties; accordingly no provision has been made in these financial statements for taxation of £72,000 which would arise in the event of such a disposal.		
16.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		
	Profit for the financial year Other movement	69,198 -	58,775
	Net addition to shareholders' funds	69,198	58,775
	Opening shareholders' funds	802,106	743,331
	Closing shareholders' funds	871,304	802,106
17.	Analysis of changes in financing during the year		
	Loans		
	At start of year Net cash inflow	930,068 (137,004)	475,902 454,166
	At end of year	793,064	930,068
18.	Analysis of changes in cash and cash equivalents during the year		
	Balance at start of year Net cash inflow	(518,967) 47,581	(576,090) 57,123
	Balance at end of year	(471,386)	(518,967)

Notes (continued)

19. Contingent liability

The company is the representative member of a group registration for value added tax purposes and, accordingly, is jointly and severally liable for any such tax due by other group members.

20. Financial commitments

Pensions

21.

The company contributes to a fully insured defined benefit scheme, operated by a fellow subsidiary company, under which amounts to be paid as retirement benefits are determined by an employee's earnings and/or years of service. Contributions are written off to the profit and loss account in the accounting period in which they are required.

Operating leases

The company has annual commitments expir	ing as follows:			
		1995		1994
	£	£	£	£
	Land and		Land and	
	Buildings	Other	Buildings	Other
Within one year	-	8,320	-	-
In two to five years	169,705		171,800	-
After five years	109,703		171,000	_
				
	169,705	8,320	171,800	-
			1995	1994
			£	£
Deferred taxation				
The total potential liability, none of which he financial statements, is as follows:	as been provided in the	hese		
Revaluation of properties			72,000	72,000