WINEWORLD LONDON PLCC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST JULY 2007



Wineworld London plc Contents

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Wineworld London plc Company Information

Directors

Alexander Anderson (Chairman) Michael Loubser Roger Wood Rupert Ellwood

Secretary

Jason Melrose

Registered Office

1 Bank End London SE1 9BU

Company Number

2663676

Bankers

Bank of Scotland London Chief Office PO Box 54873 London SW1Y 5WX

Auditor

Tenon Audit Limited Charnwood House Gregory Boulevard Nottingham NG7 6NX

Wineworld London plc Report of the Directors for the year ended 31 July 2007

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2007

Principal activities

Wineworld London plc trades as "Vinopolis" Its principal activities are a wine tasting based visitor attraction and corporate event venue There have not been any significant changes in the company's principal activities in the year under review and the directors are not aware of any likely major changes

Business review and future developments

The major feature of Vinopolis is the Wine Odyssey, a pay-to-enter audio-visual tour of the world's wine regions, cultures, history and flavours, aimed principally at adults with tasting tables throughout the vaulted halls in which the tour is set Another significant activity is corporate hospitality and events. In addition Vinopolis houses various retail facilities, including a Majestic shop and The Whisky Exchange.

Vinopolis also has a 40% share in both Vinum Restaurant Company Limited and The Brew Wharf Company Limited These companies are responsible for the operation of Cantina Vinopolis, the fine dining restaurant, Wine Wharf, the wine bar, Bar Blue, the cocktail bar and Brew Wharf, the microbrewery with its bar and restaurant

The continuing extension of Vinopolis facilities from a largely wine orientated operation to a broader drinks and food venue for entertainment is proving to be a commercial success. Further opportunities are in the pipeline, via the opportunity to develop the arches adjoining our current service yard, for which a planning application has been submitted, though some considerable capital expenditure will be required before any benefits are enjoyed.

Results and dividends

As shown in the group's profit and loss account on page 6, and for the second successive year, the group has achieved an operating profit. The consolidated operating profit is £3,223,395 (2006 £605,447) for the year. The profit before taxation is £3,154,636 (2006 £450,088)

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2006 - Nil)

The consolidated balance sheet on page 7 and the company balance sheet on page 8 of the financial statements show that the company's financial position at the year end is, in net asset terms, strengthened on prior year

The company's cash levels have increased by £339,430 and the bank borrowings have been reduced by £1,375,000

Key performance indicators ("KPI's")

With very high levels of fixed costs associated with such a site the company's main KPI remains that of sales revenue generated by the site. As can be seen on page 11 of the financial statements the tour and other related income has increased by over 21% from the previous year and the corporate events income has increased by over 10% from the previous year. This in turn means that the KPI of operating margin after direct costs, the operating profit, is 13% in 2007 compared to 8%

The company's key measurement of effectiveness of its operations on a weekly basis is that of tour income and corporate events income. The tour weekly revenues have grown to approximately £45,000 as at 30th September 2007 compared to approximately £40,000 as at 30 September 2006, an increase of some 12% over the past 12 months. The corporate events revenues depend significantly upon the pre-Christmas bookings as well as arranging events throughout the year which maximise the capacity provided in the events and Tour rooms.

Furthermore it is imperative that such increased revenues are not achieved at the expense of eroding gross profit margins and so a further critical KPI to the business is that of gross profit margins. Again as can be seen from page 6 of the accounts the gross profit margin has been maintained at 57%

Wineworld London plc Report of the Directors for the year ended 31 July 2007 (Continued)

Operating risks

The Company aims to continue along the same lines of improved trading experienced over the past twelve months and to take advantage of any further opportunities arising from development of the site. But there are inherent risks in operating such a business, all of which, whether individually or combined, could cause the trading position of the Company to become more difficult. At present the directors consider the following to be the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Company

- ► Economic recession
- ► Changes to government regulations, including legislation in respect of employee matters, environmental matters, health and safety, and accessibility
- ▶ Natural disasters, acts of terrorism and consequent impact upon travel
- ► Competition from new and existing visitor attractions and corporate event venues

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company makes little use of financial instruments other than an operational bank account and also exposure to price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk is not material for the assessment of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of the Company

Directors and their interests

The directors who served the Company throughout the year were as follows

Alexander Anderson*
Michael Loubser*
Roger Wood*
Malcolm Ball - resigned 26 October 2007
Rupert Ellwood - appointed 25 October 2007

*Non -executive directors

At the year end, the following director held options to subscribe for ordinary "A"shares under the Share Option Plan as follows

	Number of Ordinary Shares under option	Exercise price per Ordinary Share	First exercise date	Expiry Date
Malcolm Ball	3,500,000	1p	1 November 2007	1 November 2014
	1,575,000	2p	1 November 2009	1 November 2016

Going concern

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the forseeable future. For this reason they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Employees

The board wish to thank all staff for their valuable assistance in supporting Vinopolis throughout the year

Wineworld London plc Report of the Directors fro the year ended 31 July 2007

Supplier payment policy

The Company's policy for the year ending 31 July 2008 is to continue to pay its debts in accordance with the terms of its suppliers, and to take settlement discount where and when available. The number of days purchases represented by creditors at the end of the year was 66 (2006) 63)

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of the financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions

In so far as the directors are aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information

Tenon Audit Limited have expressed their willingness to continue in office. A resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting

By Order of the Board

Jason Melrose Secretary

1 Bank End London SE1 9BU

Date 19 November 2007

Tenon audit

Wineworld London plc Report of the Auditor

Independent auditor's report to the members of Wineworld London plc

We have audited the group and parent company financial statements of Wineworld London plc for the year ended 31 July 2007 which companse the consolidated profit and loss account, the consolidated balance sheet, the company balance sheet, the consolidated cash flow statement and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As described in the Statement of directors' responsibilities the Company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read other information contained in the Annual Report and consider whether it is consistent with the audited parent company financial statements. The other information comprises only the Directors' report, the Corporate governance report and the unaudited part of the Board's report on directors' remuneration. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the parent company financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

- ▶ the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice, of the state of affairs of the Company and Group as at 31 July 2007 and of the Group profit for the year then ended,
- ▶ have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and

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the information given in the Directors' report is consistent with the financial statements

Tenon Audit Limited Registered Auditor Chamwood House Gregory Boulevard

Nottingham NG7 6NX

Date 30 November 2007

Wineworld London plc Consolidated Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st July 2007

	2007			2006
Notes	Results before exceptional items	Exceptional items (note 3)	Total £	Total £
2	8,406,058	-	8,406,058	7,341,089
	(3,568,691)	-	(3,568,691)	(3,146,899)
	4,837,367	-	4,837,367	4,194,190
3	(3,780,391)	2,045,617	(1,734,774)	(3,599,911)
	1,056,976 120,802	2,045,617	3,102,593 120,802	594,279 11,168
3	1,177,778	2,045,617	3,223,395	605,447
4	29,062 496	-	29,062 496	4,266 1,241
5	1,207,336 (85,635) (12,682)	2,045,617 - -	3,252,953 (85,635) (12,682)	610,954 (147,299) (13,567)
	1,109,019	2,045,617	3,154,636	450,088
7	(31,373)	-	(31,373)	(5,462)
18	1,077,646	2,045,617	3,123,263	444,626
	 2 3 4 5 7 	Notes exceptional items £ 2	Notes Results before exceptional items (note 3) £ Exceptional items (note 3) £ 2 8,406,058	Notes Results before exceptional items functe 3) Exceptional items functe 3) Total function 2 8,406,058 - 8,406,058 (3,568,691) - (3,568,691) 4,837,367 - 4,837,367 3 (3,780,391) 2,045,617 (1,734,774) 1,056,976 2,045,617 3,102,593 120,802 - 120,802 3 1,177,778 2,045,617 3,223,395 4 29,062 - 29,062 496 - 496 1,207,336 2,045,617 3,252,953 5 (85,635) - (85,635) (12,682) - (12,682) 1,109,019 2,045,617 3,154,636 7 (31,373) - (31,373)

All amounts relate to continuing activities

Consolidated Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the year ended 31 July 2007

	2007 £	2006 £
Profit for the year	3,123,263	444,626
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of long lease land and buildings	4,253,620	-
Total recognised gains relating to the year	7,376,883	444,626

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st July 2007

		200	7	200	16
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		13,032,952		9,436,728
Investments	9		279,780		202,537
			13,312,732		9,639,265
Current assets					
Stock	10	59,584		74,966	
Debtors	11	2,190,420		1,407,939	
Cash at bank and in hand		231,184		641,752	
_		2,481,188		2,124,657	
Creditors amounts falling due					
within one year	12	(2,662,501)		(2,621,966)	
Net current habilities			(181,313)		(497,309)
Total assets less current liabilities			13,131,419		9,141,956
Creditors amounts falling due					
after more than one year	13		-		(3,387,420)
Net assets			13,131,419		5,754,536
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital - equity interests	15		17,136,832		17,136,832
Share premium account	16		13,616,081		13,616,081
Revaluation reserve	17		4,253,620		-
Profit and loss account	18		(21,875,114)		(24,998,377)
Shareholders' funds	19		13,131,419		5,754,536

Approved by the board on 19 November 2007 and signed on its behalf by

Roger Wood

Director

A Anderson

Director

The notes on pages 11 to 21 form part of these financial statements

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Wineworld London plc Company balance sheet as at 31 July 2007

		200	7	200	6
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		13,032,952		9,436,728
Investments	9		125,042		125,042
			13,157,994		9,561,770
Current assets					
Stock	10	59,584		74,966	
Debtors	11	2,190,420		1,407,939	
Cash at bank and in hand		231,182		641,750	
		2,481,186		2,124,655	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	12	(2,662,501)		(2,621,966)	
Net current liabilities			(181,315)		(497,311)
Total assets less current habilities			12,976,679		9,064,459
Creditors amounts falling due					
after more than one year	13				(3,387,420)
Net assets			12,976,679		5,677,039
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital - equity interests	15		17,136,832		17,136,832
Share premium account	16		13,616,081		13,616,081
Revaluation reserve	17		4,253,620		-
Profit and loss account	18		(22,029,854)		(25,075,874)
Shareholders' funds	19		12,976,679		5,677,039

Approved by the board on 19 November 2007 and signed on its behalf by

Roger Wood
Director

A Sheleren.

A Anderson Director

The notes on pages 11 to 21 form part of these financial statements

Wineworld London plc Consolidated cash flow statement for the year ended 31st July 2007

		200	7	2006	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Net cash inflow from operating activities	22		1,033,399		1,239,713
Returns on investments and servicing of finance					
Interest received		29,062		4,266	
Interest paid		(51,719)		(121,708)	
Facility fees and other bank charges		(33,916)		(25,591)	
6					
Net cash outflow from returns and					
on investments and servicing of finance			(56,573)		(143,033)
· ·			, , ,		, , ,
Capital expenditure and financial					
investment					
Purchase of associated undertakings		-		(40)	
Net cash outflow from capital			•		(40)
expenditure and financial investments					. ,
				_	
Net cash inflow before financing			976,826		1,096,640
Financing		(4 275 222)		(252.222)	
Repayment of bank loans	24	(1,375,000)		(350,000)	
Capital element of finance lease rental payments	24	(12,394)		(46,219)	
Net cash outflow from financing			(1,387,394)		(396,219)
/D \	22		(440.5(2)	-	700.404
(Decrease)/increase in cash	23		(410,568)		700,421
				=	

The notes on pages 11 to 21 form part of these financial statements

Wineworld London plc Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st July 2007

1 Accounting policies

Accounting basis and standards

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of long lease land and buildings and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards

Group accounts

These consolidated financial statements present information about the group. The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 230 of the Companies Act 1985 from presenting its own profit and loss account. The Company's interests in its associated undertakings are accounted for under the equity method of accounting in accordance with FRS 9. The Company's share of the results are included in the consolidated profit and loss account and its investment is included in the consolidated balance sheet, based on the Company's share of the net assets.

Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced value of goods sold and services provided net of value added tax, adjusted for deferred income

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

The company has adopted FRS15 "Tangible Fixed Assets" During the year ended 31st July 2007 the Company's long lease land and buildings were revalued. All other tangible fixed assets are stated at cost

The cost of tangible fixed assets is their purchase price, plus any incidental costs of acquisition

Depreciation on fixed assets is provided at rates estimated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset over its expected useful life as follows

Long lease buildings

over the remaining life of the lease

Fit-out multimedia Plant and machinery 4% to 10% straight line 15% straight line

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

25% straight line 25% to 33% straight line

Grants receivable

Grants related to expenditure on tangible assets are treated as deferred income and will be credited to the profit and loss account at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grants relate once the five year period in which there is a possibility of clawback has elapsed (see note 13)

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes all direct costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price, less additional costs to completion and disposal

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred by the balance sheet date with certain limited exceptions

Deferred tax is calculated on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or subsequently enacted at the balance sheet date

Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Sterling at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the end of the financial year. All exchange differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

Pension scheme arrangements

The company makes contributions to a defined contribution scheme, the assets of which are held separately from the assets of the company. The pension costs charge represents contributions payable to the scheme

Leased assets

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the revelent period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st July 2007 (Continued)

Accounting policies (continued)

Investments

Investments in associate companies are capitalised in the balance sheet at the original purchase price. The share of results since acquisition are taken to the profit and loss account and to the carrying value in the balance sheet, in accordance with FRS9.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2 Turnover

Turnover is attributable to the principal activities of the Group which arose wholly in the United Kingdom

	2007	2006
	£	£
Tour & other related income	3,226,940	2,652,600
Corporate hospitality	5,179,118	4,688,489
	8,406,058	7,341,089
	·····	

The segmental information does not include profit before tax or net assets since, in the opinion of the directors, no meaningful segmentation can be made

3 Operating profit

2007	2006
£	£
13,000	12,500
608,691	588,493
48,705	102,916
(2,045,617)	•
	608,691 48,705

Included within administration expenses is £2,045,617 in respect of an English Partnership grant credited to the profit and loss account in the year following the expiry of the clawback period. The assets in respect of this grant were fully depreciated in prior periods

4 Interest receivable

	Bank interest receivable Share of associates interest receivable	29,062 496	4,266 1,241
		29,558	5,507
5	Interest payable and similar charges		
	Bank loan and short term loan interest Facility fees and other bank charges	51,719 33,916	121,708 25,591
	Share of associates interest payable and similar charges	85,635 12,682	147,299 13,567
		98,317	160,866

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st July 2007 (Continued)

6 Directors and employees

7

Staff costs (including directors) during the year were as follows	2007 £	2006 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	1,441,083 121,867 13,254	1,345,175 118,330 15,538
	1,576,204	1,479,043
The average monthly number of persons employed by the group, including directors, during 106). At the end of the year the number of persons employed by the group was 110 (2006).		120 (2006
Directors emoluments:		
	2007	2006
	£	£
Directors' emoluments consist of Fees and emoluments for management services	146,498	126,799
Group contributions to money purchase pension schemes	5,250	4,900
	151,748	131,699
Taxation		
(a) Analysis of charge in year		
(a) Thialysis of charge in year	2007	2006
	£	£
Current tax		
UK corporation tax at 30% (2006 - 30%)	-	-
Share of associates' current tax	29,814	9,146
Total current tax	29,814	9,146
Deferred tax		
Deferred taxation	-	-
Share of associates' deferred tax	1,559	(3,684)
Total deferred tax	1,559	(3,684)
Total taxation	31,373	5,462

Wineworld London plc Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st July 2007 (Continued)

7 Taxation (continued)

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	3,154,636	450,088
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2005) 30%)	946,391	135,026
Effects of		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation for the year in excess of capital allowances	(610,402) 192,454	2,897 189,644
Relieved against losses brought forward Marginal relief in associates	(494,649) (4,995)	(327,915)
Unrelieved losses carried forward in associates		15,602
Under/(over) provision in prior years on associates profits Difference between expected corporation tax rate and actual corporation tax rate on associates profits (see note 7(c))	1,015	(3,600) (2,508)
Current charge for the year	29,814	9,146

(c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

The associate company had taxable profits which fell within the small companies tax rate band in the prior year. As a consequence the associate company paid tax at 19% of taxable profits in 2006.

At 31 July 2007 the company had unrelieved tax losses of £11,026,167 to carry forward and utilise against future corporation tax liabilities. These losses give rise to an unprovided deferred tax asset of £3,307,850.

There are no other known factors which may affect future tax charges

8 Tangible assets

Group and Company

	Long lease land and buildings £	Fit-out £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost				-	
At 1st August 2006	12,236,483	8,732,798	574,075	787,927	22,331,283
Revaluation	(1,236,483)	<u>. </u>	-	-	(1,236,483)
At 31st July 2007	11,000,000	8,732,798	574,075	787,927	21,094,800
Depreciation					
At 1st August 2006	5,360,399	6,215,464	542,407	<i>77</i> 6,285	12,894,555
Charge for the year	129,704	484,382	31,668	11,642	657,396
Revaluation	(5,490,103)	<u> </u>	·		(5,490,103)
At 31st July 2007	-	6,699,846	574,075	787,927	8,061,848
Net Book Value					
At 31st July 2007	11,000,000	2,032,952	<u> </u>	-	13,032,952
At 31st July 2006	6,876,084	2,517,334	31,668	11,642	9,436,728

The net book value of tangible assets includes an amount of £151,060 (2006 £199,765) in respect of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts

The long lease land and buildings were revalued by Matthews and Goodman LLP on 31st July 2007 to £11,000,000 on a market value basis

Wineworld London plc Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st July 2007 (Continued)

8 Tangible assets (continued)

If the long lease land and buildings had not been revalued, it would have been included at the following amounts

	2007 £
Historical cost Accunulated depreciation based on historical cost	12,236,483 (5,490,103)
	6,746,380

9 Fixed asset investments

The investments of the Group and Company were as follows

	Group		Company	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
	£	£	£	£
Subsidiary undertaking	<u>-</u>	-	2	2
Associates	279,780	202,537	125,040	125,040
At 31st July 2007	279,780	202,537	125,042	125.042
At 31st July 2007	2/9,/80	202,537	125,042	125,042

Principal group investments

The parent company and the group have investments in the following subsidiary undertaking and associate which principally affected the profits or net assets of the group

Name	County of Incorporation	Class of share	Proportion held	Nature of business
Subsidiary undertaking Vinopolis Limited	England	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Associates				
Vinum Restaurant Company Limited	England	Ordinary "B"	40%	Restaurant & Wine Bars
The Brew Wharf Company Limited	England	Ordinary	40%	Restaurant & Bar
Subsidiary undertaking				
· -			200 <i>7</i> £	2006 £
Cost				
As at 1 August 2006 and 31 July 2007			2	2
Associate				
			Group £	Company £
Cost				
As at 1 August 2006			227,537	125,040
Share of retained profit for the year			77,243	
At 31 July 2007			304,780	125,040
Amounts written off				
As at 1 August 2006 and 31 July 2007			25,000	
Net Book Value				
At 31 July 2007			279,780	125,040
At 31st July 2006			202,537	125,040
			<u> </u>	Page 15

Wineworld London plc Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st July 2007 (Continued)

Stocks 10 Group and Company 2007 2006 £ Finished goods and goods for resale 59,584 74,966 11 Debtors £ £ Trade debtors 1,143,516 1,111,358 Other debtors 751,605 50,000 Prepayments and accrued income 295,299 246,581 2,190,420 1,407,939 12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year £ £ Trade creditors 890,519 794,715 Social security and other taxes 168,604 163,084 Other creditors 289,795 Bank of Scotland term loan 225,000 500,000 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 12,394 Accruals and deferred income 1,088,583 1,151,733 2,662,501 2,621,966 The overdraft with the Bank of Scotland is subject to the same terms on security and interest as those which apply to the loan described in note 13 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year £ £

The grant was provided-by-English Partnerships as funding for the refurbishment of the Company's properties. They are entitled to clawback payments equivalent to 50% of any increase in the open market value of the property either two years or five years following completion of the refurbishment works or on disposal, after taking into account any sums already paid. They have a floating and a fixed charge over the long leasehold land and buildings of the Company, both charges ranking behind Bank of Scotland and certain providers of funds to the Company.

Deferred income grant

Bank of Scotland term loan

2,287,420

1,100,000

3,387,420

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st July 2007 (Continued)

13 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year (continued)

Ine Bank of Scotland term Ioan and overdraft are secured by means of a fixed and floating charge over the long leasehold land and buildings of the Company. The realisation value of the long leasehold land and buildings charged in favour of Bank of Scotland shall not be less than 150% of the amount of the facility outstanding at any time. The facility is repayable by yearly instalments so that the loan is repaid in full on or before 31 December 2008. The Company pays interest quarterly in arrears at an annual rate which is the sum of (1) the Margin (2.25%) and (2) the Bank of Scotland base rate as that fluctuates.

	Zama of ocoming Date rate as that nacedates		
	Borrowings are repayable as follows		
		Group and C 2007	Company 2006
		£	£
	Bank loans		
	Between one and two years Between two and five years	•	550,000 550,000
	between two and five years		330,000
		-	1,100,000
	On demand or within one year	225,000	500,000
		225,000	1,600,000
		=======================================	1,000,000
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts		
	Between one and two years	-	-
	On demand or within one year	-	12,394
		-	12,394
14	Capital commitments		
	At 31st July 2007 the Company had the following capital commitments		
	Contracted for but not provided for	265,000	-
15	Share capital		
	Authorised		
	50,624,408 (2006 - 50,624,408) ordinary shares of 25p each	12,656,102	12,656,102
	734,389,800 (2006 - 734,389,800) "A"ordinary shares of 1p each	7,343,898	7,343,898
		20,000,000	20,000,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	 =	-
		44.4.4.4	40.0.0.00
	48,975,603 (2006 - 48,975,603) ordinary shares of 25p each 489,293,085 (2006 - 489,293,085) "A"ordinary shares of 1p each	12,243,901 4,892,931	12,243,901 4,892,931
	, in the first property of the contract of the con		
		17,136,832	17,136,832
		 =	

Details of the terms and conditions attaching to all shares are detailed within the Articles of Association which are available from Companies House

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st July 2007 (Continued)

16 Share premium account

				Group and 2007 £	Company 2006 £
	At 1st August 2006 & 31 July 2007			13,616,081	13,616,081
17	Revaluation reserve				
	At 1st August 2006 Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets			- 4,253,620	-
				4,253,620	
18	Profit and loss account				
		Gro	oup	Com	pany
		2007 £	2006 £	2007 £	2006 £
	At 1st August 2006 Result for the year	(24,998,377) 3,123,263	(25,443,003) 444,626	(25,075,874) 3,046,020	(25,527,120) 451,246
	At 31st July 2007	(21,875,114)	(24,998,377)	(22,029,854)	(25,075,874)

19 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	Gro	ир	Comp	oany
	2007	2006	2007	2006
	£	£	£	£
Result for the year	3,123,263	444,626	3,046,020	451,246
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	4,253,620	-	4,253,620	-
Net increase in shareholders' funds	7,376,883	444,626	7,299,640	451,246
Opening shareholders' funds	5,754,536	5,309,910	5,677,039	5,225,793
Closing shareholders' funds	13,131,419	5,754,536	12,976,679	5,677,039
				

20 Transactions with directors and related party transactions

(a) Thistledown Investments Limited

Thistledown Investments Limited, a leasing company owned by Alexander Anderson - the Non Executive Chairman, provided finance by way of leases to the company during the year on commercial terms standard to finance companies

	2007	2006
	£	£
During the year the following transactions took place with Thistledown	Investments Limited	
Plant and machinery leasing	12,387	46,219
Leasing interest	111	3,772
Consultancy	44,000	38,800
Loan interest and fees	(16,099)	•
Total transactions	40,399	88,791
		

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2007 (Continued)

- 20 Transactions with directors and related party transactions (continued)
- (a) Thistledown Investmeths Limited (continued)

At the year end there were amounts outstanding to Thistledown Investments Limited of

2007	2006
£	£
	-
16,099	-
766,099	-
-	4,406
2,652	18,250
-	12,394
2,652	35,050
	£ 750,000 16,099 766,099 - 2,652 -

All these transactions were undertaken at arms length

(b) Leybourne Securities Limited

Roger Wood, a non executive director, is a director of Leybourne Securities Limited

During the year the following transactions took place with Leybox	urne Securities Limited	
Consultancy	15,000	10,000
Total transactions	15,000	10,000
At the year end there were amounts outstanding to Leybourne Sec	urities Limited of	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year		
Trade creditors	-	3,505
Accruals and deferred income	1,250	1,738
	1,250	5,243

All these transactions were undertaken at arms length

2006

£

2007 £

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2007 (Continued)

20 Transactions with directors and related party transactions (contin

(c)	GRT Holdings Lim	ited and G R T Farm	ing & Financial Pty Limited
-----	------------------	---------------------	-----------------------------

Michael Loubser, a non executive director, is a director of G R T Holdings Limited and G R T Farming & Financial Pty Limited

2007	2006
£	£

During the year the following transactions took place with $G\ R\ T$ Holdings Limited and $G\ R\ T$ Farming & Financial Pty Limited

Cost of sales	15,042	11,547
Consultancy	15,000	10,000
Total transactions	30,042	21,547

At the year end there were amounts outstanding to G R T Holdings Limited and G R T Farming & Financial Pty Limited of

	2007 £	2006 £
Creditors amounts falling due within one year Accruals and deferred income	1,250	5,833
	1,250	5,833

All these transactions were undertaken at arms length

(d) Vinum Restaurant Company Limited and The Brew Wharf Company Limited

During the year the company traded with both Vinum Restaurant Company Limited and The Brew Wharf Company Limited, companies in which Wineworld London plc is a shareholder

During the year the following transactions were made to/(from)

	2007	2006	2007	2006
	£	£	£	£
	The Brew Wharf Company Limited		Vinum Restaurant Company Limited	
Rent received	115,911	69,473	245,631	216,910
Utility recharges	27,207	28,098	98,140	73,362
Sales	•	-	-	375
Purchases	(45,218)	(8,374)	(147,251)	(123,131)
Total transactions	97,900	89,197	196,520	167,516

The year end balances include the following amounts due from/(to)

		The Brew Wharf Company Limited		
Debtors Trade debtors Other debtors	15,702	52,118 -	8,134	40,471 50,000
	15,702	52,118 0	8,134	90,471

All these transactions were undertaken at arms length

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2007 (Continued)

21 Pension commitments

The company makes contributions to a defined contribution scheme, the assets of the scheme being held separately from the assets of the Company The pension cost charge represents contributions payable to the scheme and amounted to £13,254 (2006 £15,538) There were no outstanding contributions at the year end

22 Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities

	2007	2006
	£	£
Operating profit	3,223,395	605,447
Share of associate operating profit	(120,802)	(11,168)
Depreciation -		
Owned tangible assets	608,691	588,493
Assets held under finance leases	48,705	102,916
Decrease/(Increase) ın stock	15,382	(44,706)
Decrease/(Increase) in debtors	(782,481)	(277,746)
Decrease/(Increase) in creditors	(1,959,491)	276,477
Net cash inflow from operating activities	1,033,399	1,239,713
Reconciliation of net cash flow to the movement in net debt		
	2007	2006
	£	£
Increase in cash in the year	(410,568)	700,421
Cash outflow from decrease in debt and lease financing	1,387,394	396,219
Change in net debt resulting from cash flows New finance leases	976,826	1,096,640
Net debt at 1st August 2006	(970,642)	(2,067,282)
Net debt at 31st July 2007	6,184	(970,642)

24 Analysis of changes in net debt

23

	At 1st August 2006	Cash flow	Other non-cash changes £	At 31st July 2007 £
Net overdraft and cash in hand	641,752	(410,568)	-	231,184
Finance leases	(12,394)	12,394	-	_
Debt due within one year	(500,000)	275,000	-	(225,000)
Debt due after one year	(1,100,000)	1,100,000	-	•
	(970,642)	976,826		6,184

25 Ultimate parent company and controlling party

In the opinion of the directors, there is no individual controlling party