Company registration number: 08983629

Sparc247 Limited
Unaudited financial statements
30 June 2017

THURSDAY



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Directors and other information

Directors

Mr L Fielding

Mr C Hawkins (Resigned 30 June 2017)

Company number

08983629

Registered office

21 Ghyllroyd Drive Birkenshaw

Bradford **BD11 2ET**

Accountants

Gregory & co 80 Bowling Hall Road Bradford

BD4 7TH

Statement of financial position 30 June 2017

	Note	30 June 2017 • £ £		30 April £	30 April 2016 £ £	
	NOTE	~	~	~	~	
Fixed assets Tangible assets	5	11,464		10,789		
			11,464		10,789	
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	6	35,097 49,709		41,299 30,782		
Creditors: amounts falling due	7	84,806		72,081		
within one year	•	(35,445)		(34,013)		
Net current assets			49,361		38,068	
Total assets less current liabilities			60,825		48,857	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		-		(833)	
Net assets			60,825		48,024	
Capital and reserves Called up share capital			100		100	
Profit and loss account			60,725		47,924	
Shareholder funds			60,825		48,024	

For the period ending 30 June 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The shareholder has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

Company registration number: 08983629

Sparc247 Limited

Statement of financial position 30 June 2017

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 to October 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr L Fielding Director

Statement of changes in equity Period ended 30 June 2017

	Called up Share	Profit and Loss	
	Capital £	Account £	Total £
At 1 May 2015	100	9,928	10,028
Profit for the period	-	54,406	54,406
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	54,406	54,406
Dividends paid and payable	-	(16,410)	(16,410)
Total investments by and distributions to owners		(16,410)	(16,410)
At 30 April 2016 and 1 May 2016	100	47,924	48,024
Profit for the period	-	66,833	66,833
Total comprehensive income for the period		66,833	66,833
Dividends paid and payable	-	(54,032)	(54,032)
Total investments by and distributions to owners		(54,032)	(54,032)
At 30 June 2017	100	60,725	60,825

Notes to the financial statements Period ended 30 June 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 21 Ghyllroyd Drive, Birkenshaw, Bradford, BD11 2ET.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 May 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 10.

Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for sale of goods and services in the ordinary nature of the business, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements Period ended 30 June 2017

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment - 20% straight line
Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Notes to the financial statements Period ended 30 June 2017

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments. Financial instruments are recognised when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include amounts due from group undertakings, other debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the financial asset is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors and loans from fellow group companies are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Defined contribution plans

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

4. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

Trong before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting).		
	Period	Year
	ended	énded
	30 June	30 April
	2017	2016
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible assets	4,201	3,701

Notes to the financial statements Period ended 30 June 2017

5. Tangible assets

		Fixtures, Fittings and Equipment £	Motor Vehicles £	Total £
	Cost			
	At 1 May 2016	5,690	10,250	15,940
	Additions	-	5,500	5,500
	Disposals	-	(1,250)	(1,250)
	At 30 June 2017	5,690	14,500	20,190
	Depreciation		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
	At 1 May 2016	2,276	2,875	5,151
	Charge for the year	· 1,138	3,063	4,201
	Disposals	-	(626)	(626)
	At 30 June 2017	3,414	5,312	8,726
	Carrying amount At 30 June 2017	2,276	9,188	11,464
	At 30 April 2016	3,414	7,375	10,789
6.	Debtors		30 June 2017	30 April 2016
			£	£
	Trade debtors		4,478	26,926
	Other debtors		30,619	14,373
			35,097	41,299
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
7.	Creditors, amounts failing due within one year		30 June	30 April
			2017	2016
			£	£
	Corporation tax		16,650	12,611
	Social security and other taxes		6,183	7,403
	Other creditors		12,612	13,999
			35,445	34,013

Notes to the financial statements Period ended 30 June 2017

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

30 June	30 April
2017	2016
£	£
-	833

9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors advanced loans amounting to £12,195 to the company. No interest has been charged on these loans.

10. Transition to FRS 102

Other creditors

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 May 2015.

Reconciliation of equity

No transitional adjustments were required.

Reconciliation of profit or loss for the period

No transitional adjustments were required.