Spring Valley Properties Limited

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

for the year ended

31 March 2010

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AUDITOR'S REPORT TO SPRING VALLEY PROPERTIES LIMITED UNDER SECTION 449 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 5, together with the financial statements of Spring Valley Properties Limited for the year ended 31 March 2010 prepared under section 396 of the Companies Act 2006

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company for the purpose of section 449 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

Basis of opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section

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CLAIRE SUTHERLAND, Senior Statutory Auditor
For and on behalf of BAKER TILLY UK AUDIT LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
Abbotsgate House
Hollow Road
Bury St Edmunds
IP32 7FA

3 November 2010

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 March 2010

	Notes	2010 £	2009 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	2	4,521,555	4,832,710
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	3	325,946	365,613
Cash at bank and in hand		643,314	576,739
		969,260	942,352
CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year	4	215,355	273,161
NET CURRENT ASSETS		753,905	669,191
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		5,275,460	5,501,901
CREDITORS amounts falling due after more than one year	5	-	90,369
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES		15,265	14,937
		5,260,195	5,396,595
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up equity share capital	7	147,500	147,500
Revaluation reserve		(673,438)	(361,439)
Other reserves		102,500	102,500
Profit and loss account		5,683,633	5,508,034
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		5,260,195	5,396,595

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime

The abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 5 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 281010 and are signed on their behalf by

Mr I G Young

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 31 March 2010

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

At the year end the company's balance sheet shows net current assets of £753,906 and net assets of £5,260,195. The company has sufficient financial resources to support the company over the next 12 months and beyond, and well placed to manage its business risks successfully despite the current uncertain economic outlook. It is therefore appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis.

TURNOVER

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts due from the company's principal activities during the year

FIXED ASSETS

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Fixtures & Fittings

10% straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Investment properties are shown at their open market value. The surplus or deficit arising from the annual revaluation is transferred to the investment revaluation reserve unless a deficit, or its reversal, on an individual investment property is expected to be permanent, in which case it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year.

This is in accordance with the FRSSE which, unlike Schedule 4 to the Companies Act 1985, does not require depreciation of investment properties. Investment properties are held for their investment potential and not for use by the company and so their current value is of prime importance. The departure from the provisions of the Act is required in order to give a true and fair view.

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 31 March 2010

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis

2 FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2009 Additions Revaluation	4,842,265 1,318 (312,000)
At 31 March 2010	4,531,583
Depreciation At I April 2009 Charge for year	9,554 474
At 31 March 2010	10,028
Net book value At 31 March 2010	4,521,555
At 31 March 2009	4,832,711

As stated in Note 1, freehold investment properties are not depreciated and this represents a departure from the Companies Act 2006. This is done in accordance with the FRSSE, in order to give a true and fair view of the company's results

FRSSE requires investment properties to be carried in the balance sheet at their open market values. The investment properties have been revalued to their open market values during the year by the directors. All other assets are held at original cost.

3 DEBTORS

Debtors include amounts of £280,397 (2009 - £343,216) falling due after more than one year

4 CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company

 $\begin{array}{ccc} 2010 & 2009 \\ & \pounds & \pounds \\ \text{Bank loans and overdrafts} & & 89,400 & 121,361 \end{array}$

5 CREDITORS amounts falling due after more than one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company

• •	2010	2009
Bank loans and overdrafts	£	£
	•	90,369
		

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 31 March 2010

6 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company was under the control of Mr I G Young throughout the current and previous year Mr I G Young is the managing director and majority shareholder

At the end of the year an amount of £64 (2009 £64 was owed to Mr I G Young)

Dividends were paid to Mr I G Young, the majority shareholder, of £40,000 during the year (2009 £40,000) Mrs S E Suckling received £3,500 (2009 £3,100) Mrs J M Powell received £3,500 (2009 £3,100) and Mrs E M Young received £17 (2008 £15)

7 SHARE CAPITAL

	2010	2009
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
147,500 Ordinary shares of £1 each	147,500	147,500
•	****	