

**Registered number: 08377916**

**Southwick Solar Limited  
(formerly Sunsave 13 (Southwick) Limited)**

**Directors' report and financial statements  
for the year ended 31 December 2017**



## **Southwick Solar Limited**

### **Company information**

<b>Directors</b>	P O'Kane (appointed 23 June 2017) S Tetot (appointed 23 June 2017)
<b>Registered number</b>	08377916
<b>Registered office</b>	Mall House The Mall Faversham Kent ME13 8JL
<b>Independent auditors</b>	RSM UK Audit LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors 14th Floor 20 Chapel Street Liverpool L3 9AG

## **Southwick Solar Limited**

### **Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2017**

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

#### **Directors' responsibilities statement**

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year were:

P O'Kane (appointed 23 June 2017)  
S Tetot (appointed 23 June 2017)  
K Mangan (appointed 23 June 2017 and resigned 10 April 2018)  
C A Milner (resigned 23 June 2017)  
M A M Candlish (resigned 23 June 2017)  
C von Braun (resigned 23 June 2017)

With effect from 24 August 2017, the name of the company was changed from Sunsav 13 (Southwick) Limited to Southwick Solar Limited.

#### **Disclosure of information to auditors**

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

## **Southwick Solar Limited**

### **Directors' report (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017**

#### **Auditors**

The auditors, RSM UK Audit LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

The report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to apply the small company regime.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'S Tetot', with a stylized flourish extending from the end.

**S Tetot**  
Director

Date: 05/09/2018

## **Southwick Solar Limited**

### **Independent auditors' report to the members of Southwick Solar Limited**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Southwick Solar Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2017 which comprise the Profit and loss account and Balance sheet and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Conclusions relating to going concern**

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### **Other information**

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### **Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

## **Southwick Solar Limited**

### **Independent auditors' report to the members of Southwick Solar Limited**

#### **Other matter – prior period financial statements not audited**

The company was exempt from audit in the period ended 31 December 2016 and consequently the corresponding figures were unaudited.

#### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report or in preparing the directors' report.

#### **Responsibilities of directors**

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

## **Southwick Solar Limited**

### **Independent auditors' report to the members of Southwick Solar Limited**

#### **Use of our report**

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

*RSM UK AUDIT LLP*

Ian Taylor (Senior Statutory Auditor)  
For and on behalf of RSM UK Audit LLP, Statutory Auditor  
Chartered Accountants  
14th Floor  
20 Chapel Street  
Liverpool  
L3 9AG  
Date: *11 SEPTEMBER 2018*

## Southwick Solar Limited

### Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Turnover	2.3	421,975	-
Cost of sales		(175,348)	-
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>246,627</b>	-
Administrative expenses		(73,412)	(15,060)
<b>Operating profit/(loss)</b>		<b>173,215</b>	<b>(15,060)</b>
Interest payable and expenses	4	(109,166)	-
<b>Profit/(loss) before tax</b>		<b>64,049</b>	<b>(15,060)</b>
Tax on profit/(loss)		(13,000)	-
<b>Profit/(loss) for the financial year</b>		<b>51,049</b>	<b>(15,060)</b>

There was no other comprehensive income for 2017 (2016:£NIL).



**Southwick Solar Limited**  
**Registered number:08377916**

**Balance sheet**  
**as at 31 December 2017**

	Note	2017 £	2017 £	2016 £	2016 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Intangible assets	5		-		55,226
Tangible assets	6		<b>4,526,836</b>		<b>3,378,446</b>
			<b>4,526,836</b>		<b>3,433,672</b>
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	<b>515,277</b>		<b>68,708</b>	
Cash at bank and in hand		<b>27,442</b>		<b>2,507</b>	
		<b>542,719</b>		<b>71,215</b>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	<b>(4,931,987)</b>		<b>(3,522,718)</b>	
<b>Net current liabilities</b>			<b>(4,389,268)</b>		<b>(3,451,503)</b>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			<b>137,568</b>		<b>(17,831)</b>
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>					
Deferred tax	9	<b>(13,000)</b>		-	
Other provisions	10	<b>(91,350)</b>		-	
			<b>(104,350)</b>		-
<b>Net assets/(liabilities)</b>			<b>33,218</b>		<b>(17,831)</b>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital			<b>2</b>		<b>2</b>
Profit and loss account			<b>33,216</b>		<b>(17,833)</b>
			<b>33,218</b>		<b>(17,831)</b>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

  
**S Tetot**  
 Director

Date: 05/09/2018

The notes on pages 8 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

## **Southwick Solar Limited**

### **Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017**

#### **1. General information**

Southwick Solar Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales. Its registered office address is Mall House, The Mall, Faversham, Kent, ME13 8JL.

The company's solar farm and principal place of business is located at Poleshole Farm, Brokerswood Road, Southwick, BA14 9PS.

#### **2. Accounting policies**

##### **2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime, under the historical cost convention. The disclosure requirements of Section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

##### **2.2 Going concern**

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis the company is a going concern, which the directors consider appropriate.

The directors have formal confirmation that RI EU Holdings (UK) Limited will continue to financially support the company during the 12 months following the date the financial statements are signed.

The company has net current liabilities and is therefore dependent upon continuing finance being made available by its immediate parent company to enable it to continue to meet its obligations as they fall due.

The directors have separately reviewed integrated forecasts for the company, for the foreseeable future, which indicate that the company will be able to meet its cash flow demands and liabilities as they fall due from cash flows from operations and existing working capital.

##### **2.3 Revenue recognition**

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, Value Added Tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before turnover is recognised:

###### **Generation and embedded benefits turnover**

Turnover from the sale of electricity represents the invoice value, excluding VAT, of electricity provided to third parties and is recognised when electricity is generated. Embedded benefits are paid to generating plant located on the distribution network to reflect the lower cost of transporting electricity to the end user and are recorded at the invoice value.

###### **ROCs turnover**

Renewable Obligation Certificates (ROCs) are issued to qualifying renewable generators under terms of the OFGEM Renewable Obligation registration. These certificates may be traded separately from the electricity to which they relate. The ROCs are recorded as accrued income at fair value and recognised in turnover when the electricity to which they relate is generated. Any impairment of the ROCs due to reduction in the market price is recorded in profit and loss.

## **Southwick Solar Limited**

### **Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017**

#### **2. Accounting policies (continued)**

##### **2.4 Intangible assets**

Intangible assets represent development work which gives the company the legal right to construct and operate the solar park. The solar park is now operational and consequently the development work has been transferred into the solar park category in tangible fixed assets.

##### **2.5 Tangible fixed assets**

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

At each reporting date the company assesses whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. An impairment loss is recognised where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is not charged on assets under construction.

Solar park	-	4%
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The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

##### **2.6 Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

##### **2.7 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

##### **2.8 Financial instruments**

Debt instruments including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are measured at historical cost and are repayable on demand.

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, and loans to related parties.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

## **Southwick Solar Limited**

### **Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017**

#### **2. Accounting policies (continued)**

##### **2.9 Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

##### **2.10 Borrowing costs**

All borrowing costs are recognised in the profit and loss account in the year in which they are incurred.

##### **2.11 Operating leases: the company as lessee**

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

##### **2.12 Provisions for liabilities**

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the profit and loss account in the year that the company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the balance sheet.

Where the company, as lessee, is contractually required to restore leased property to an agreed condition prior to the release by a lessor, provision is made for such costs as they are identified.

##### **2.13 Current and deferred taxation**

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

#### **3. Employees**

The average monthly number of employees during the year was nil (2016 - nil).

## Southwick Solar Limited

### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017

#### 4. Interest payable and similar charges

	2017 £	2016 £
Other loan interest payable	107,816	-
Unwinding of discount on deconstruction provision	1,350	-
	<u>109,166</u>	<u>-</u>

#### 5. Intangible assets

	Development £
At 1 January 2017	55,226
Transferred to Solar Park	(55,226)
At 31 December 2017	<u>-</u>
<b>Net book value</b>	
At 31 December 2017	<u>-</u>
At 31 December 2016	<u>55,226</u>

## Southwick Solar Limited

### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017

#### 6. Tangible fixed assets

	Solar park £	Assets under construction £	Total £
<b>Cost or valuation</b>			
At 1 January 2017	-	3,378,446	3,378,446
Additions	1,250,235	-	1,250,235
Transfers between classes and from development	3,433,672	(3,378,446)	55,226
At 31 December 2017	<u>4,683,907</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,683,907</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>			
Charge for the year	<u>157,071</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>157,071</u>
At 31 December 2017	<u>157,071</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>157,071</u>
<b>Net book value</b>			
At 31 December 2017	<u>4,526,836</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,526,836</u>
At 31 December 2016	<u>-</u>	<u>3,378,446</u>	<u>3,378,446</u>

#### 7. Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors	39,695	-
Other debtors	208,861	57,995
Prepayments and accrued income	266,721	10,714
	<u>515,277</u>	<u>68,709</u>

Included in other debtors is £130,172 (2016: £8,764) held in a solicitors client account.

## Southwick Solar Limited

### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017

#### 8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade creditors	193,353	71,823
Amounts owed to other participating interests	-	281,636
Other creditors	4,672,354	-
Accruals and deferred income	66,280	3,169,260
	<u>4,931,987</u>	<u>3,522,719</u>

Other creditors includes £3,458,132 advanced by BRI EU Finance Limited and £1,214,222 advanced by RI EU Holdings (UK) Limited.

#### 9. Deferred taxation

	2017 £
Charged to profit or loss	13,000
<b>At the end of the year</b>	<u><b>13,000</b></u>

The deferred taxation balance is made up as follows:

	2017 £	2016 £
Accelerated capital allowances	13,000	-
	<u>13,000</u>	<u>-</u>

#### 10. Provisions

	Deconstruction provision £
Capitalised on energisation	90,000
Charged to profit and loss during the year	1,350
<b>At 31 December 2017</b>	<u><b>91,350</b></u>

The company's lease over the land, on which it has constructed a solar park, requires it to return the land to its original condition at the expiry of the lease. This provision comprises the present value of the estimated cost of complying with the terms of the lease.

## Southwick Solar Limited

### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017

#### 11. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2017 the company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2017 £	2016 £
Not later than 1 year	43,756	42,897
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	183,950	180,343
Later than 5 years	1,448,737	1,496,382
	<u>1,676,443</u>	<u>1,719,622</u>

The company signed a 30 year lease on 2 September 2016 over the land on which it has constructed a solar park.

The company may break the lease any time after 2 September 2036 by giving the landlord 12 months prior written notice, provided that the company complies with the covenants imposed by the lease.

The lease includes a mechanism to uplift the rent annually to reflect an increase in the retail prices index (RPI). The operating lease commitment shown above assumes the RPI will rise at 2% per annum over the remaining lease term.

#### 12. Controlling party

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party in this group is considered to be Renewable Income EU, a sub-fund of Blackrock Infrastructure Funds Public Limited Company, an investment company registered in Ireland which accounts for investments at fair value and does not prepare consolidated financial statements.

The immediate parent company as at 31 December 2017 is RI EU Holdings (UK) Limited, an investment company registered in England & Wales which accounts for investments at fair value and does not prepare consolidated financial statements. The accounts are available from the registered office at 12 Throgmorton Avenue, London, EC2N 2DL