FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year ended 30 APRIL 2015

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COMPANIES HOUSE

Company no 2810116

THE GREATER LONDON FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 APRIL 2015

Company registration number:

2810116

Registered office:

161 Chertsey Road

Twickenham Middlesex TW1 1ER

Directors:

J M Jaffe D J Murray G R B Pitzer

Secretary:

N Z Boutros

Bankers:

Barclays Bank PLC

PO Box 13 8 George Street Richmond Surrey TW9 1JU

Auditor:

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Registered Auditors Chartered Accountants Grant Thornton House

Melton Street Euston Square London NW1 2EP

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 APRIL 2015

| INDEX | PAGE |
|-----------------------------------|---------|
| | |
| Report of the directors | 1 – 2 |
| Strategic report | 3 |
| Independent auditor's report | 4 – 5 |
| Principal accounting policies | 6 – 7 |
| Profit and loss account | 8 |
| Balance sheet | 9 |
| Notes to the financial statements | 10 – 13 |

THE GREATER LONDON FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2015.

Directors

The directors in office throughout the year are listed below. All served throughout the year, except where stated otherwise.

J M Jaffe D J Murray G R B Pitzer

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors, Strategic Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

THE GREATER LONDON FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Auditors

Grant Thornton UK LLP, having expressed their willingness to continue in office, will be deemed reappointed for the next financial year in accordance with Section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006 unless the Company receives notice under Section 488(1) of the Act.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

G R B Pitzer

Director

6th August 2015

THE GREATER LONDON FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED STRATEGIC REPORT

Principal activities

The principal activities of the company are property development, investment in property businesses and the provision of property related finance.

Business review

During the year under review the company has been actively involved in property development, buying 3 residential properties and mixed residential and commercial unit for resale. One of the residential units was sold during the year.

In March 2015 the company granted a loan on £1,000,000 to an unrelated party. This loan is secured against property and is repayable within 12 months.

From the companies trading there was a profit for the year after taxation amounting to £134,000 (2014: £137,000). The directors paid a dividend of £138,000 (2014: £nil) leaving a deficit of £4,000 (2014: surplus £137,000) transferred from reserves.

The directors are continually looking for other residential property opportunities and envisage a satisfactory level of activity for the forthcoming year.

The Strategic Report was approved by the Board of Directors on 6th August 2015 and signed on its behalf by

G R B Pitzer Director



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE GREATER LONDON FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of The Greater London Finance Company Limited for the year ended 30 April 2015 which comprise the principal accounting policies, the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 April 2015 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom General Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Report of the Directors and Strategic Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE GREATER LONDON FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Great Thomas UK LLP

Gary Jones Senior Statutory Auditor for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants London

6th August 2015

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards.

The Company, being a subsidiary undertaking where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available, is exempt from the requirement to draw up a cash flow statement in accordance with FRS 1.

The principal accounting policies of the company are set out below.

Turnover

Turnover includes interest and associated fees due on the provision of property related finance and proceeds from the sale of trading properties.

Other operating income

Other operating income represents amounts receivable from investments in property development businesses.

Stock

Property trading stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less additional costs to completion and disposal.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the company an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Investments

Investments are carried at their historical cost. Profit from the sale of investments is recognised within other operating income.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet on when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liability and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

THE GREATER LONDON FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are not recognised as a liability on the balance sheet but disclosed if the possibility of an outflow of economic benefit to settle the obligation is more than remote.

THE GREATER LONDON FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended 30 APRIL 2015

| | Note | 2015 £'000 | 2014 £'000 |
|---|------|---------------|---------------|
| Turnover | 1 | 485 | 1,050 |
| Cost of Sales | _ | (349) | (839) |
| Gross Profit | | 136 | 211 |
| Other operating income | | - | 41 |
| Administration expenses | _ | 56 | (48) |
| Operating Profit | 2 | 192 | 204 |
| Interest payable | 3 _ | (24) | (30) |
| Profit on ordinary activities before taxation | | 168 | 174 |
| Tax on profit on ordinary activities | 5 _ | (34) | (37) |
| Profit on ordinary activities after taxation | 12 | 134 | 137 |

All transactions arise from continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the financial year.

BALANCE SHEET AT 30 APRIL 2015

| | Note | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|------|---------|-------|
| | | £'000 | £'000 |
| Fixed assets | | | |
| Investments | 6 _ | 339 | 439 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Stock | 7 | 4,375 | _ |
| Debtors | 8 | 1,004 | 150 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 3 | 26 |
| | _ | 5,382 | 176 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 9 _ | (109) | (84) |
| Net current assets | _ | 5,273 | 92 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 5,612 | 531 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year | 10 | (5,325) | (240) |
| | _ | 287 | 291 |
| | | | |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Called up share capital | 12 | 1 | 1 |
| Profit and loss account | 12 | 286 | 290 |
| Shareholders' funds | 13 _ | 287 | 291 |

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 6th August 2015.

M Jaffe - Director

Company registration no: 2810116

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 APRIL 2015

| 1 | Turnover | | |
|---|---|-------|-------|
| | | 2015 | 2014 |
| | | £'000 | £'000 |
| | Interest receivable | 52 | 46 |
| | Management fees receivable | - | 31 |
| | Rental income | 34 | - |
| | Sale of trading properties | 399 | 973 |
| | | 485 | 1,050 |
| | All turnover arose solely in the United Kingdom. | | |
| 2 | Operating profit | | |
| | The profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging: | 2045 | 2011 |
| | | 2015 | 2014 |
| | | £'000 | £'000 |
| | Audit fee | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | Interest payable | | |
| | | 2015 | 2014 |
| | | £'000 | £'000 |
| | Interest payable to group companies | 24 | 30 |

4 Directors and employees

The company had no employees during the year (2014: none).

The directors received no remuneration from the company during the year (2014: £nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 APRIL 2015

5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

| The tax charge is based on the profit for the year and represents: | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| United Kingdom corporation tax at 20% (2014: 21%) | 34 | 37 |
| Tax on profit on ordinary activities | 34 | 37 |
| Reconciliation of charge for the year | 2015 £'000 | 2014 £'000 |
| Profit on ordinary activities before tax | 168 | 174 |
| Tax thereon at standard rate of 20% (2014: 21%) | 34 | 37 |
| Current tax charge for period | 34 | 37 |

The directors are unaware of any other significant factors that may affect the company's future tax charges.

6 Fixed asset investments

| | investments £'000 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Cost or valuation | |
| At 1 May 2014 | 439 |
| Transfer to trading stock | (30) |
| Disposals | (35) |
| Impairment | (35) |
| At 30 April 2015 | 339 |
| Net book amount at 30 April 2015 | 339 |
| Net book amount at 30 April 2014 | 439 |

At 30 April 2015 the company had more than 10% of the allotted share capital of the following:

| | Country of incorporation | Class of share | Total issued share capital | Proportion held by company |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Flexinet Limited | England and Wales | Ordinary | £1000 | 24% |
| Cheval Bridging Finance Limited | England and Wales | Ordinary | £100 | - 24% |

During the year, after due consideration, the directors decided the investment in Flexinet Limited had a nil carrying value, the investment was not realisable and subsequently the book value of the investment was written off.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 APRIL 2015

| • | Stock | | |
|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| | | 2015 | 201 |
| | | £'000 | £'00 |
| | Property trading stock | 4,375 | |
| | | | |
| | Debtors | | |
| | Debiois | 2015 | 201 |
| | | £'000 | £'00 |
| | Amounts falling due within one year | | |
| | Trade debtors | 4 | |
| | Amounts owed by affiliated undertakings | - | 15 |
| | Other debtor | 1,000 | |
| | | | 15 |
| | | | |
| | The company granted a loan of £1,000,000 on the 31st March 2015 to an unresecured against property and bears interest at 10% per month for a duration of | | loan is |
| | secured against property and ocars interest at 10% per month for a duration of | i iz monuis. | |
| | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | • | |
| | Cronitors: amounts talling dile Within one Vear | | |
| | oreattors, amounts failing due within one year | | |
| | oreators, amounts raining due within one year | 2015 | 201 |
| | oreators, amounts raining due within one year | 2015 £'000 | |
| | oreattors, amounts raining due within one year | | |
| | | £'000 | £'00 |
| | Amounts owed to parent company | | £'00 |
| | Amounts owed to parent company Corporation tax Trade creditors | £'000 23 34 41 | £'00 |
| | Amounts owed to parent company Corporation tax | £'000 23 34 41 11 | £'00 |
| | Amounts owed to parent company Corporation tax Trade creditors | £'000 23 34 41 | £'000 6 2 |
| | Amounts owed to parent company Corporation tax Trade creditors Other creditors | £'000 23 34 41 11 | £'00 6 2 |
| D | Amounts owed to parent company Corporation tax Trade creditors | £'000 23 34 41 11 | £'000 6 2 |
| • | Amounts owed to parent company Corporation tax Trade creditors Other creditors | £'000 23 34 41 11 | £'000 6 2 |
| | Amounts owed to parent company Corporation tax Trade creditors Other creditors | £'000 23 34 41 11 109 | £'000 6 2 8 |
| | Amounts owed to parent company Corporation tax Trade creditors Other creditors Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year | £'000 23 34 41 11 109 | £'000 66 22 88 201 £'000 |
| | Amounts owed to parent company Corporation tax Trade creditors Other creditors | £'000 23 34 41 11 109 2015 £'000 | £'000 66 22 88 201 £'000 |
| 0 | Amounts owed to parent company Corporation tax Trade creditors Other creditors Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Amounts owed to parent company | £'000 23 34 41 11 109 2015 £'000 | £'000 6 2 8 201 £'000 |
| 0 | Amounts owed to parent company Corporation tax Trade creditors Other creditors Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year | £'000 23 34 41 11 109 2015 £'000 | £'000 6 2 8 201 £'000 24 |
| | Amounts owed to parent company Corporation tax Trade creditors Other creditors Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Amounts owed to parent company | £'000 23 34 41 11 109 2015 £'000 5,325 | £'000 6 2 8 2011 £'000 24 |
| | Amounts owed to parent company Corporation tax Trade creditors Other creditors Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Amounts owed to parent company | £'000 23 34 41 11 109 2015 £'000 5,325 | 2014 £'000 2014 £'000 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 APRIL 2015

12 Reserves

| Reserves | Profit and loss account £'000 |
|---------------------|--|
| At 1 May 2014 | 290 |
| Profit for the year | 134 |
| Dividends | (138) |
| At 30 April 2015 | 286 |

13 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

| | 2015 £'000 | 2014 £'000 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Profit for the financial year | 134 | 137 |
| Dividends | (138) | - |
| Net increase in shareholders' funds | (4) | 137 |
| Shareholders' funds at 1 May 2014 | 291 | 154 |
| Shareholders' funds at 30 April 2015 | 287 | 291 |

14 Capital commitments

The company had no capital commitments at 30 April 2015 or 30 April 2014.

15 Contingent liabilities

The company had no contingent liabilities at 30 April 2015 or 30 April 2014.

16 Transactions with related parties

The company granted a loan of £3,000,000 on 2 February 2011 to Cheval Holdings Limited, a related party. The loan was fully repaid during the year and £nil (2014: £240,000) remained outstanding at the balance sheet date. The loan had an interest rate of 9% per annum and the interest charge receivable in the period is £42,000 (2014: £46,000).

The company was granted a loan of £3,000,000 on 2 February 2011 from Currie Motors Limited, the company's immediate parent undertaking. The loan was fully repaid during the year and £nil (2014: £240,000) remained outstanding at the balance sheet date. This loan bears interest at 4% per annum and the interest charge payable in the period is £21,000 (2014: £24,000).

Other interest payable to other group companies is £3,000 (2014: £6,000).

There are no other related party transactions.

17 Ultimate parent undertaking

The directors consider that the ultimate parent undertaking and ultimate controlling related party of this company is Curfin (Netherlands Antilles) B.V, incorporated in Curacao with the registered address being: Kaya Richard J. Beaujon Z/N, Curacao, P.O Box 837.