Company Registration No. 04529049 (England and Wales)
GROUP LIMITED
NDED 31 MARCH 2019
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# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

#### **AS AT 31 MARCH 2019**

		2019	)	2018	}
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		1,149		1,853
Investments	4		20		20
			1,169		1,873
Current assets					
Debtors	5	21,877		64,291	
Cash at bank and in hand		50,217		162,407	
		72,094		226,698	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(3,977)		(37,724)	
Net current assets			68,117		188,974
Total assets less current liabilities			69,286		190,847
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		85		85
Capital redemption reserve			15		15
Profit and loss reserves			69,186		190,747
Total equity			69,286		190,847

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 16 September 2019

Mr K W Lawrence

Director

Company Registration No. 04529049

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

The Odyssey Group Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 1 Hankham Place, Dittons Road, Stone Cross, Pevensey, East Sussex, BN24 5ER.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\pounds$ .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is adjusted for year end work in progress.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Office building 10% straight line
Plant and machinery 33% straight line
Fixtures, fittings & equipment 20% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.4 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The company considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Entities in which the company has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities.

#### 1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

#### 1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all material timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### 1.11 Retirement benefits

The company makes contributions to the personal pension schemes of some of its employees. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable.

#### 1.12 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in the income statement for the period.

#### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 1 (2018 - 4).

#### 3 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and Plant and buildingsnachinery etc		Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 April 2018	47,364	16,365	63,729
Additions	-	417	417
At 31 March 2019	47,364	16,782	64,146
Depreciation and impairment			
At 1 April 2018	47,364	14,512	61,876
Depreciation charged in the year	=	1,121	1,121
At 31 March 2019	47,364	15,633	62,997
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2019	-	1,149	1,149
At 31 March 2018		1,853	1,853

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

4	Fixed asset investments		
		2019 £	2018 £
			20
	Investments	20 =====	20 <b>====</b>
	Fixed asset investments not carried at market value  Fixed asset investments are stated at cost. In the opinion of the director cost is the best	t estimate of n	narket value.
	·		
	Movements in fixed asset investments		
			Investments
			other than loans
	Cost or valuation		£
	At 1 April 2018 & 31 March 2019		20
	Complete amount		
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2019		20
	At 31 March 2018		20
	ALST Walch 2010		===
5	Debtors		
J	Debitors	2019	2018
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	3,395	11,526
	Other debtors	18,482	52,765
		21,877	64,291
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2019	2018
		2019 £	£ 2018
	Trade creditors	71	12,421
	Taxation and social security	(143)	2,857
	Other creditors	4,049	22,446
		3,977	37,724

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

7	Called up share capital		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	8,500 Ordinary Shares of 1p each	85	85

The ordinary share capital of the company consists of 5,100 'A' shares, 2,500 'B' shares and 900 'D' shares. All shares have equal rights.

#### 8 Directors' transactions

The loans made to the Director are detailed below

Description	% Rate	Opening balance £	Closing balance
Mr KW Lawrence -	-	13,900	13,900
		13,900	13,900

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.