Company registration number: 02805109

TRAVEL LINK WORLDWIDE LIMITED

Filleted financial statements

31 March 2019

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## **Directors and other information**

**Directors** Mr Mudir Hossain Choudhury

Mr Muhammad Sami Sanaullah

Secretary Muhammad Sami Sanaullah

Company number 02805109

Registered office Unit A, Abbotts Wharf

93 Stainsby Road

London E14 6JL

Business address 46 Brick Lane

London E1 6RF

Auditor Abacus Partners (Ldn) LLP

Unit A, Abbotts Wharf 93 Stainsby Road London E14 6JL

Bankers HSBC

31 Holborn Circus

London EC1N 2HR

## Directors responsibilities statement Year ended 31 March 2019

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# Statement of financial position 31 March 2019

	2019		2018		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	32,066		16,524	
			32,066		16,524
Current assets					
Debtors	6	1,303,329		1,227,405	
Cash at bank and in hand		947,369		835,211	
		2,250,698		2,062,616	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	7	(1,453,386)		(1,273,733)	
Net current assets			797,312		788,883
Total assets less current liabilities			829,378		805,407
Net assets			829,378		805,407
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			90,000		90,000
Profit and loss account			739,378		715,407
Shareholders funds			829,378		805,407

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12 September 2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr Mudir Hossain Choudhury

Director

Mr Muhammad Sami Sanaullah Director

Company registration number: 02805109

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 March 2019

### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Unit A, Abbotts Wharf, 93 Stainsby Road, London, E14 6JL.

## 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

### 3. Accounting policies

## Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

### **Taxation**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2019

## Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

## Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 20% reducing balance Fittings fixtures and equipment - 20% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

### **Impairment**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2019

## Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

# 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 12 (2018: 12).

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2019

5.	Tangible assets				
		Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost			•	
	At 1 April 2018	51,108	46,350	9,000	106,458
	Additions	-	1,286	22,808	24,094
	Disposals		(1,035)	(9,000)	(10,035)
	At 31 March 2019	<u>51,108</u>	46,601	22,808	120,517
	Depreciation				
	At 1 April 2018	39,309	41,625	9,000	89,934
	Charge for the year	2,789	1,202	4,561 (9,000)	8,552 (10,035)
	Disposals	40.000	(1,035)	<del></del> `	
	At 31 March 2019	42,098	41,792	4,561	<u>88,451</u>
	Carrying amount	0.010	4.900	10 247	22.066
	At 31 March 2019	9,010	4,809	18,247	32,066
	At 31 March 2018	11,799	4,725		16,524
•					
6.	Debtors			•	•
				2019	2018
				£	£
	Trade debtors			1,204,073	1,104,232
	Other debtors			99,256	123,173
				1,303,329	1,227,405
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				
•	erounder amounte ranning and trialine coo your			2019	2018
				£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts			9,247	-
	Trade creditors			1,402,486	1,228,191
	Corporation tax			22,022	2,144
	Social security and other taxes Other creditors			7,653 11,978	12,630 30,768
	Other Geuliois				
				1, <u>453,386</u>	1, <u>273,733</u>

# 8. Summary audit opinion

The auditor's report for the year dated 12 September 2019 was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Nur Ahmed Chowdhury FCCA, for and on behalf of Abacus Partners (Ldn) LLP.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2019

# 9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

Balance	Balance
brought	brought
forward and	forward and
o/standing	o/standing
2019	2018
£	£
3,268	3,268

Mr Muhammad Sami Sanaullah

# 10. Controlling party

The company 100% owned by directors, Mr Muhammad S Sanaullah and Mr Mudir H Choudhury.