Registered number: 07849614

UG IT CONSULTANCY LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 DECEMBER 2017 TO 31 MARCH 2019

Nextgen Accountants

5 Lindisfrane Road Dagenham Greater London RM8 2RA

UG IT CONSULTANCY LTD Unaudited Financial Statements

For the Period 1 December 2017 to 31 March 2019

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UG IT CONSULTANCY LTD Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2019

Registered number: 07849614

		Period to 31 Mar		30 Novemb	er 2017
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	4	_	495	_	136
			495		136
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	8,477		-	
Cash at bank and in hand		23,183	_	10,924	
		31,660		10,924	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(19,608)	-	(14,066)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		_	12,052	_	(3,142)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		_	12,547	_	(3,006)
NET ASSETS		_	12,547	_	(3,006)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		=		=	
Called up share capital	7		100		100
Profit and Loss Account		_	12,447	_	(3,106)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		=	12,547	=	(3,006)

UG IT CONSULTANCY LTD Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 March 2019

For the period ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf	of the board	

Mr Muhammad Ghani

26/08/2019

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

UG IT CONSULTANCY LTD Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period 1 December 2017 to 31 March 2019

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Computer Equipment

25% on straight line method

1.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

UG IT CONSULTANCY LTD

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For the Period 1 December 2017 to 31 March 2019

1.5. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised in the profit and loss account in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the profit and loss account over that period.

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the profit and loss account are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 2

4. Tangible Assets

		Computer Equipment
		£
Cost		
As at 1 December 2017		3,250
Additions		619
As at 31 March 2019		3,869
Depreciation		
As at 1 December 2017		3,114
Provided during the period		260
As at 31 March 2019		3,374
Net Book Value		
As at 31 March 2019		495
As at 1 December 2017		136
5. Debtors		
	Period to 31	30
	March 2019	November 2017
	£	£
Due within one year		
Director's loan account	8,477	
	8,477	-

UG IT CONSULTANCY LTD

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For the Period 1 December 2017 to 31 March 2019

6. (Creditors:	Amounts	Falling	Due	Within	One Yea	3 F
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	Period to 31 March 2019	30 November 2017
	£	£
Corporation tax	1 5,292	7,751
Other taxes and social security	741	-
VAT	1,175	3,915
Accruals and deferred income	2,400	2,400
	19,608	14,066
7. Share Capital		
	Period to 31 March 2019	30 November 2017
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

8. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees

Included within Debtors are the following loans to directors:

	As at 1 December 2017	Amounts advanced	Amounts repaid	Amounts written off	As at 31 March 2019
	£	£	£	£	£
Mr Muhammad Ghani	-	8,477	-	-	8,477

The above loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

9. Dividends

	Period to 31 March 2019	30 November 2017
	£	£
On equity shares:		
Final dividend paid	50,000	33,000
	50,000	33,000

10. General Information

UG IT CONSULTANCY LTD is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 07849614. The registered office is 54 Hughes Road, Ilford, Essex, IG6 2FP.

lectronic form, authenticat	ion and maimer or d	envery under section	n 1072 or the Compa	illes Act 2006.	