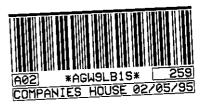
# OFREX OFFICE SUPPLIES LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31ST DECEMBER 1994

**COMPANY NUMBER: 286834** 



#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 1994

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31st December 1994.

#### Introduction

#### Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements the directors are required to:

Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.

Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent.

State whether applicable standards have been followed.

Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### 1. <u>Principal Activities</u>

The principal activity of the Company is the distribution of office and computer supplies and furniture.

#### 2. Review of Business and Future Developments

Sales in 1994 grew by 22% over the calendar year 1993. Profits were restored with an improvement of over £2 million at both operating and pre-tax levels. Growing sales and strict cost control have laid the foundation for continued profit improvement in 1995.

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 1994 (Contd)

#### 3. Dividends and Transfers from Reserves

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (1993: £Nil). The retained profit for the period of £925,000 has been transferred to reserves.

Movements in reserves are shown on page 5.

#### 4. Fixed Assets

The movements in fixed assets during the year are set out in note 9 to the accounts.

#### 5. <u>Directors</u>

The directors who served during the period were as follows:

Mr. R. D. Cowan	Mr. P. Cuvelier	Mr. H. Deegenaar
Mr. Y. Delahousse	Mr. A. F. Guilbert	Mr. A. M. Guilbert
Mr. R. C. Peck	Mr. A. Prudham	Mr. P. Williams

#### 6. Directors' Interests in Shares

No director had any interest during the period in the company's shares or debentures or in any material contract with the company.

#### 7. Disabled Persons

The Company extends its equal opportunities policy to include the recruitment, training and career development of disabled workers. Such staff are given full and fair consideration along with other candidates for all existing and promotional vacancies.

### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 1994 (Contd)

#### 8. Employee Involvement

The Company continues its practice of keeping its employees informed on matters affecting them and on the performance of the Company. This is achieved by various means, such as, general bulletins posted to notice boards and periodical departmental staff briefings.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Secretary

Date Str March 1995

### REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF OFREX OFFICE SUPPLIES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 16 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on pages 7 and 8.

#### Respective Responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 1, the Company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

#### Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at the 31st December 1994 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

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Touche Ross & Co.
Chartered Accountants
and Registered Auditors
Abbey House
74 Mosley Street
Manchester
M60 2AT

Date 14 March 1995

# OFREX OFFICE SUPPLIES LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 1994

	12 Months Ended 31.12.94		13 Months Ended 31.12.93
	Notes	£'000	£'000
Turnover	2	30499	26501
Cost of Sales		(24209)	(22245)
GROSS PROFIT		6290	4256
Distribution Costs		(3216)	(3109)
Administrative Expenses		(1655)	(1793)
OPERATING PROFIT / (LOSS)	3	1419	(646)
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(121)	(91)
PROFIT / (LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	3	1298	(737)
Tax on profit / (loss) on ordinary activities	7	(373)	259
PROFIT / (LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES TAXATION	S AFTEI	925	(478)
DIVIDENDS PAID	8	-	-
RETAINED PROFIT / (LOSS) FOR THE PERIO	D	925	(478)
STATEMENT OF RETAINED PROFITS		£'000	£'000
Retained (Losses) / Profits at beginning of period		(85)	393
Retained Profit / (Loss) for the period		925	(478)
Retained Profits / (Losses) at end of period		840	(85)

All activities derive from continuing operations. There are no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the period.

#### **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 1994**

FIXED ASSETS	Notes	1994 £'000 £	_	1993 £'000	_
Tangible Assets	9	2	2038		1618
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors	10 11	2033 5922		1809 4717	
Cash at bank and in hand		3		3	
		7958		6529	
CREDITORS: amounts fall due within one year	ing 12	(6267)		(5348)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS		_	1691		1181
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			3729		2799
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	13		(888)		(883)
		-	2841		1916
CAPITAL AND RESERVE	ES	==	<del></del>		
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	14		2001 840		2001 (85)
Equity Shareholders' Funds		-	2841		1916
These financial statements vand signed on its behalf by:	vere approved b	y the Boar	rd of Directo	rs on	8th March 1995
R. D. Cowan	Abus	<u> </u>	) ) Direct	tors	
R. C. Peck	21/1		) )		

#### **NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS**

#### 1. Principal Accounting Policies

The accounts are prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards and the historical cost convention. A summary of the more important accounting policies are set out below.

#### (a) <u>Turnover</u>

Turnover represents amounts invoiced, excluding V.A.T.

#### (b) <u>Tangible Fixed Assets</u>

Provision for depreciation is made so as to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets on a straight line basis over the expected useful economic life of the fixed assets concerned. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:

Plant and machinery	20 - 33%
Furniture, fittings and office equipment	10 - 33%
Motor vehicles	25%

Leasehold land and buildings are amortised over the period of the lease.

#### (c) Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the amount at which it is expected items of stock can be disposed of in the normal course of business, after allowing for the costs of realisation. Provision is made for obsolescent, slow moving and defective stocks when appropriate.

#### (d) <u>Deferred tax</u>

Provision is made for deferred tax, using the liability method, in respect of all material timing differences to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise. The rate used is that which is expected to be applied when the liability or asset is expected to crystallise.

#### **NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Contd)**

#### (e) PVB Policy

Under the product voucher book scheme, customers may purchase books of vouchers for specified products. The vouchers can later be exchanged for the specific product at no additional cost to the customer. The company takes credit for the income arising from the sale of the voucher at the date of the sale. The estimated cost to the company of meeting its future obligations on valid unredeemed vouchers issued in the five years up to the balance sheet date is included in 'Accruals and deferred income'.

#### (f) Foreign Currencies

Trading transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the exchange rate ruling when the transaction was entered into. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the exchange rate ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses are included in the profit and loss account in the year in which they arise.

#### (g) Finance and Operating Leases

Tangible fixed assets held under finance leases, whereby all the risks and rewards of ownership are acquired, are treated as if they had been purchased at fair value and depreciated in accordance with the company's accounting policy. The capital element of future lease payments is included within creditors and the finance element of the lease payments is charged against profit as interest using the annuity method. Operating lease rentals are charged against profit as they are incurred.

#### (h) Pensions

The regular cost of providing pensions is charged to operating profit over the employees' service lives on the basis of a constant percentage of earnings. Variations from regular cost are allocated to operating profit over the expected remaining service lives of current employees.

#### (i) <u>Cashflow</u>

No cashflow statement has been presented as the company has taken advantage of the exemption available under FRS1 for wholly owned subsidiaries of parent companies which themselves prepare a consolidated cashflow statement.

#### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Contd)

#### 2. <u>Turnover</u>

The company's turnover by geographical area was as follows:

		12 Months Ended 31,12.94 £'000	13 Months Ended 31,12,93 £'000
	The United Kingdom Other EC Countries	30335 164	26231 270
		30499	26501
3.	Operating Profit / (Loss)	<del></del>	
	Operating profit / (loss)is stated after cha	rging: <u>12 Months</u> <u>Ended 31.12.94</u> <u>£'000</u>	13 Months Ended 31.12.93 £'000
	Auditor's remuneration: Audit	18	17
	Non-Audit Services	5	3
	Operating lease rentals: land & buildings	453	484
	Depreciation of owned assets	356	562
	Depreciation of assets held under finance	leases 303	80
	Director's emoluments: Fees	-	-
	Other emoluments (including pen contributions and benefits in kind		259
	Exceptional items:  Cost associated  with acquisition of the company	-	46
	Redundancies and related costs	-	211

#### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Contd)

4.	Interest payable and similar charges	12 Months	13 Months
		Ended 31.12.94	Ended 31.12.93
		£'000	£'000
	Group Loan Interest	27	61
	Finance Lease Interest	82	23
	Bank Interest Payable	12	7
		121	91

#### 5. <u>Directors' Emoluments</u>

Fees and other emoluments (excluding pension contributions) include amounts paid to:

	12 Months Ended 31.12.94	13 Months Ended 31.12.93
The Chairman	<u>2'000</u>	£'000 -
The highest paid director	72	73

The number of directors (including the Chairman and the highest paid director) who received fees and other emoluments (excluding pension contributions) in the following

		<u>1994</u>	<u> 1993</u>
to	£5,000	5	5
to	£45,000	-	_
to	£50,000	1	_
to	£55,000	-	2
to	£60,000	2	1
to	£65,000	-	-
to	£75,000	1	1
	to to to to	to £45,000 to £50,000 to £55,000 to £60,000 to £65,000	to £5,000 5 to £45,000 - to £50,000 1 to £55,000 - to £60,000 2 to £65,000 -

#### 6. Employee Information

(a) The average number of persons employed by the company (including executive directors) during the period is analysed below:

Selling and distribution Administration	<u>1994</u> 238 44	1993 231 46
	282	277

#### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Contd)

#### 6. Employee Information (Contd)

#### (b) Employment costs of all employees included above comprised:

	12 Months Ended 31.12.94 £'000	13 Months Ended 31.12.93 £'000
Gross wages & salaries	4724	5056
Employer's national insurance an state pension contributions	d 411	450
Employer's pension contributions under the Group pension scheme (see note 18)		253
(see note 16)		Control Control
	5402	5759
	-	<del></del>
7. Tax on Profit / (Loss) on Ordinary Activ	vities	
	12 Months	13 Months
	Ended 31.12.94	Ended 31.12.93
	£'000	£'000
United Kingdom Corporation Tax based		
profit / (loss) for the period at 33% (199	93 - 33%) 373	(212)
Under / (Over) provision in respect of	-	(47)
previous years	<del></del>	
	373	(259)

The tax charge is disproportionate due to timing differences not provided in earlier years.

#### 8. <u>Dividends</u>

No dividend is to be paid on the ordinary shares of the company (1993: £Nil).

# OFREX OFFICE SUPPLIES LIMITED NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Contd)

#### 9. <u>Tangible Fixed Assets</u>

	Improvements to Leasehold Land & Buildings	Plant & Machinery	Furniture Fittings & Office	Motor Vehicles	<u>Total</u>
	<u>0000</u>	£'000	Equipment £'000	£'000	£'000
COST at 01.01.94	390	96	1675	1667	3828
Additions	22	12	281	852	1167
Disposals	-	-	(7)	(554)	(561)
at 31.12.94	412	108	1949	1965	4434
	***************************************	<del></del>			
DEPRECIATION at 01.01.94	N 156	72	1364	618	2210
Charge for year	40	19	135	465	659
Disposals	-	-	(2)	(471)	(473)
at 31.12.94	196	91	1497	612	2396
			erenneum.		
Net book value at 31.12.94	216	17	452	1353	2038
W J 1,12,7 1		<u> </u>	; J <u>L</u>		
Net book value	004		0.1.1	10.40	1616
at 31.12.93	234	24	311	1049	1618
	<del></del>		<del></del>	<del></del>	

The net book value of fixed assets of £2,038,000 (1993: £1,618,000) includes an amount of £1,229,000 (1993: 737,000) in respect of assets held under finance leases.

#### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Contd)

10.	<u>Stocks</u>	<u>1994</u> £'000	<u>1993</u> £'000
	Finished goods and goods for resale	2033	1809
		-	<del></del>
11.	Debtors: amounts falling due within one year		
	·	<u> 1994</u>	<u> 1993</u>
		£'000	£'000
	Trade debtors	5205	3985
	Amounts owed by Group undertaking:		
	Amounts owed by parent company	19	17
	Amounts owed by fellow subsidiaries	18	45
	Prepayments and accrued income	468	458
	UK Corporation Tax Receivable	212	212
		5922	4717
12.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	<u>1994</u>	<u>1993</u>
		£'000	£'000
	Bank overdraft	600	397
	Trade creditors	2667	2792
	Amounts owed to Group undertakings:		
	Amounts owed to parent company	80	75
	Loan due to parent company	332	166
	UK Corporation Tax payable	373	-
	Other creditors including social security	298	298
	Accruals and deferred income	1572	1453
	Obligations under finance leases	345	167
		6267	5348

The bank overdraft is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company.

# OFREX OFFICE SUPPLIES LIMITED NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Contd)

### 13. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	<u>1994</u> £'000	1993 £'000		
Parent Company Loan	**	332		
Obligations under finance leases				
payable within 1-2 years payable within 2-5 years	487 401	181 370		
	888	883		
	<del></del>			
Called Up Share Capital				
	1994 £	1993 £		
Authorised 2,500,000 shares of £1 each	2,500,000	2,500,000		
Allotted, called up and fully paid: 2,001,325 shares of £1 each	2,001,325	2,001,325		
Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds				
	<u>1994</u>	<u>1993</u>		
	<u>£'000</u>	£'000		
Profit / (Loss)for the financial period	925	(478)		
Dividends	-	-		
	925	(478)		
Issue of Shares	-	2000		
Net addition to shareholders' funds	925	1552		
Opening shareholders' funds	1916	394		
Closing shareholders' funds	2841	1916		

#### **NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Contd)**

#### 16. <u>Deferred Taxation</u>

Deferred taxation provided in the financial statements, and the total potential asset including the amounts for which provision has been made, are as follows:

		Amount Provided		Total Potential Asset	
	Tax effect of timing differences because of:	1994 £'000	<u>1993</u> £'000	1994 £'000	1993 £'000
	Excess of tax allowances over depreciation Losses carried forward Other	-	- - -	(25) - (205) - (230)	(62) (10) (246) (318)
17.	Capital Commitments				
	(a) Capital Expenditure		1994 £'000	1993 £'000	
	Expenditure contracted for		75	116	
	Expenditure authorised by dir but not yet contracted for	rectors	23	26	

#### (b) Commitments under Operating Leases

Amounts payable under operating leases during the year ended 31.12.95 are payable on leases expiring within the following periods after 31.12.94.

	Land & B	Land & Buildings	
	<u>1994</u>	<u>1993</u>	
	£'000	£'000	
- Two to five years	45	22	
- Over Five years	410	408	
	455	430	

#### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (Contd)

#### 18. Pensions

The company operates a defined benefits pension scheme which covers many of the company's employees. The scheme is funded by contributions from employees and the Company, the latter being charged against profits each year.

The latest actuarial valuation of the Scheme was made by a qualified actuary as at 1st April 1993. At that date the market value of the assets was £3.842M and was sufficient to cover 110% of the benefits which had accrued to Ofrex members, after allowing for assumed increases in earnings.

The employer expense in respect of the Plans was calculated in accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No: 24 (SSAP24) 'Accounting for Pension Costs' at the rate of 11.9% of pensionable earnings using the 'attained age method'. The overall assumptions include the use of a 2% real rate of return with assets valued using the discounted cashflow approach. Allowance has also been made for discretionary pension increases in arriving at the SSAP24 pension costs.

The pension cost for the company was £266,747 (1993 £253,304). This included £88,417 (1993 £57,682) in respect of amortisation of surpluses that are being recognised over the average remaining service lives of employees. A provision of £616,619 (1993 £705,036) is included in creditors, this being the excess of the accumulated pension cost over the amount funded.

#### 19. Reservation of Title

Creditors include some trade debts which are, or may be, secured by the reservation, by the supplier, of legal title to the goods supplied and to the proceeds of their sale. The amounts secured in this way depend on the legal interpretation of individual contracts and cannot, in the opinion of the directors, be readily ascertained.

#### 20. <u>Ultimate Parent Company</u>

At 31st December 1994, The Directors regard Guilbert SA, a company incorporated in France as the ultimate parent company. Copies of the financial statements of the ultimate parent company can be obtained from Guilbert SA, 126 Avenue du Poteau, 60451, Senlis Cedex, France.