

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

To alter clauses in the articles of association

Part A

Enter details of the community interest company

Company name. Unity 12 CIC

Company number 05194437

WED FRIDAY



A5LZGIKR
A01 16/12/2016 #418
COMPANIES HOUSE
A5JF26G3
A16 09/11/2016 #13
COMPANIES HOUSE

At a general meeting of the above company, duly convened and held at
Unity 12, 9-19 Rose Road, Southampton, SO14 6TE

On the following date Tuesday 4th October 2016 at 11.30am

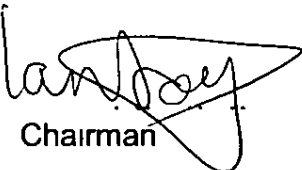
The following two resolutions listed in Part B were passed as special resolutions

Part B

RESOLUTION

That

- (1) The following clauses in the articles of association shall be amended as follows
 - to alter the membership clauses so that SPECTRUM Centre for Independent Living CIC is recorded as the only member,
 - to ensure that Disabled People always comprise at least 75% Disabled People,
 - to change the number of Directors allowed to a minimum of 3 and a maximum of 11
 - to generally update the memorandum and articles of association to reflect the Companies Act 2006 and current CIC regulator model constitutions
- (2) The articles of association shall be altered so as to take the form of the articles of association attached to this resolution are in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, any articles of association of the company previously registered with the Registrar of Companies.


Chairman

04/10/16
Date

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

To alter the asset-locked body

Part A

Enter details of the community interest company

Company name Unity 12 C.I.C.

COMPANIES HOUSE

Company number. 05194437

At a general meeting of the above company, duly convened and held at:
Unity 12, 9-19 Rose Road, Southampton. SO14 6TE

On the following date. Tuesday 4th October 2016

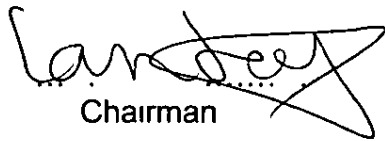
The following two resolutions listed in Part B were passed as special resolutions

Part B

RESOLUTION

That

- (1) The specified asset-locked body clauses in the memorandum or articles of association shall be amended as follows
 - to update the list of asset locked bodies, as follows:
 - 1 SPECTRUM Centre for Independent Living CIC Company Registration Number 02106145
 - 2 SPECTRUM Continuing Care CIC Company Registration Number 06875240;
- (2) The articles of association shall be altered so as to take the form of the articles of association attached to this resolution are in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, any articles of association of the company previously registered with the Registrar of Companies.


Chairman

04/10/16
Date

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

To alter the objects of the company

Part A

Enter details of the community interest company

Company name Unity 12 C.I.C.

Company number 05194437

At a general meeting of the above company, duly convened and held at:
Unity 12, 9-19 Rose Road, Southampton, SO14 6TE on

On the following date: Tuesday 4th October 2016 at 11 30am

The following two resolutions listed in Part B were passed as special resolutions

Part B

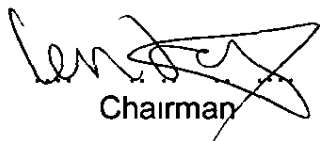
RESOLUTION

That

- (1) The objects clause in the memorandum or articles of association shall be amended as follows
 - 1 Provide means by which disabled people may take control over their own lives, achieve full participation in all spheres of society, and effect changes in how they are viewed and treated
 - 2 Provide encouragement, assistance, advice, support and facilities to individuals or groups wishing to live independently, by means of exercising choice and exerting control over their own life and lifestyle, and to raise the expectations of disabled people, individually and collectively, and to ensure that their voice be heard
 - 3 To promote the active participation of Disabled People in all aspects of society by providing premises, conference facilities, meeting rooms, office space and other facilities for the whole community, which meets the specific access needs of Disabled People, enabling Disabled People and other Service Users to live more independently



- (2) The articles of association shall be altered so as to take the form of the articles of association attached to this resolution are in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, any articles of association of the company previously registered with the Registrar of Companies


Chairman

04/10/16
Date

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

COMMUNITY INTEREST COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

**ARTICLES
OF
ASSOCIATION
OF
UNITY 12
COMMUNITY INTEREST COMPANY**

ADOPTED BY SPECIAL RESOLUTION ON 4TH OCTOBER 2016

**The Companies Act 2006
Community Interest Company Limited by Shares**

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The Companies Act 2006

Articles of Association

of

Unity 12 CIC

INTERPRETATION

1. Defined terms

The interpretation of these Articles is governed by the provisions set out in the Schedule to the Articles.

COMMUNITY INTEREST COMPANY AND ASSET LOCK

2. Community Interest Company

The Company shall be a community interest company.

3. Asset Lock

3.1 The Company shall not transfer any of its assets other than for full consideration.

3.2 Provided the conditions in Article 3.3 are satisfied, Article 3.1 shall not apply to:

- (a) the transfer of assets to any specified asset-locked body, or (with the consent of the Regulator) to any other asset-locked body; and
- (b) the transfer of assets made for the benefit of the community other than by way of a transfer of assets into an asset-locked body.

3.3 The conditions are that the transfer of assets must comply with any restrictions on the transfer of assets for less than full consideration which may be set out elsewhere in the Memorandum and Articles of the Company.

3.4 If:

- 3 4 1 the Company is wound up under the Insolvency Act 1986;
- and

3.4.2 all its liabilities have been satisfied

any residual assets shall be given or transferred to the asset-locked body specified in Article 3.5 below.

- 3.5 For the purposes of this Article 3, the following asset-locked body is specified as a potential recipient of the Company's assets under Articles 3.2 and 3.4:

Name: SPECTRUM Centre for Independent Living CIC

Company Registration Number: 02106145

Registered Office: 9-19 Rose Road, Southampton. SO14 6TE

Name: SPECTRUM Continuing Care CIC

Company Registration Number: 06875240

Registered Office: 9-19 Rose Road, Southampton SO14 6TE

4. Not for profit

The Company is not established or conducted for private gain: any surplus or assets are used principally for the benefit of the community.

OBJECTS, POWERS AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

5. Objects

The objects of the Company are to carry on activities which benefit the community and in particular (without limitation) to:

1. Provide means by which disabled people may take control over their own lives, achieve full participation in all spheres of society, and effect changes in how they are viewed and treated.
2. Provide encouragement, assistance, advice, support and facilities to individuals or groups wishing to live independently, by means of exercising choice and exerting control over their own life and lifestyle, and to raise the expectations of disabled people, individually and collectively, and to ensure that their voice be heard

3. To promote the active participation of Disabled People in all aspects of society by providing premises, conference facilities, meeting rooms, office space and other facilities for the whole community, which meets the specific access needs of Disabled People, enabling Disabled People and other Service Users to live more independently.

6. Powers

To further its objects the Company may do all such lawful things as may further the Company's objects and, in particular, but, without limitation, may borrow or raise and secure the payment of money for any purpose including for the purposes of investment or of raising funds.

7. Liability of shareholders

The liability of the shareholders is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares held by them.

8. Share Capital

The Company's share capital is £1000 divided into 1000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each.

DIRECTORS

DIRECTORS' POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

9. Directors' general authority

Subject to the Articles, the Directors are responsible for the management of the Company's business, for which purpose they may exercise all the powers of the Company.

10. Shareholders' reserve power

- 10.1 The shareholders may, by special resolution, direct the Directors to take, or refrain from taking, specific action.
- 10.2 No such special resolution invalidates anything which the Directors have done before the passing of the resolution.

11. Chair

The Directors may appoint one of their number to be the chair of the Directors for such term of office as they may determine and may at any time remove him or her from office.

12. Directors may delegate

12.1 Subject to the Articles, the Directors may delegate any of the powers which are conferred on them under the Articles or the implementation of their decisions or day to day management of the affairs of the Company.

12.1.1 to such person or committee;

12.1.2 by such means (including by power of attorney);

12.1.3 to such an extent;

12.1.4 in relation to such matters or territories; and

12.1.5 on such terms and conditions;

as they think fit.

12.2 If the Directors so specify, any such delegation may authorise further delegation of the Directors' powers by any person to whom they are delegated.

12.3 The Directors may revoke any delegation in whole or part, or alter its terms and conditions.

13. Committees

13.1 Committees to which the Directors delegate any of their powers must follow procedures which are based as far as they are applicable on those provisions of the Articles which govern the taking of decisions by Directors.

13.2 The Directors will make rules of procedure for all committees which prevail over rules derived from the Articles if they are not consistent with them. These rules will be called 'Terms of Reference', and will include the main Directors Board Meeting, which will also be known as 'the Management Committee'.

- 13.3 Sub-Committees appointed by the Management Committee should include at least two (2) Directors as members of the Sub-Committee.

DECISION-MAKING BY DIRECTORS

14. Directors to take decisions collectively

Any decision of the Directors must be either a majority decision at a meeting or a decision taken in accordance with Article 20. In the event of the Company being a single director company, a majority decision is made when that single Director makes a decision.

15. Calling a Directors' meeting

- 15.1 Two Directors may (and the Secretary, if any, must at the request of two Directors) call a Directors' meeting.
- 15.2 A Directors' meeting must be called by at least seven Clear Days' notice unless either:
- 15.2.1 all the Directors agree; or
 - 15.2.2 urgent circumstances require shorter notice.
- 15.3 Notice of Directors' meetings must be given to each Director.
- 15.4 Every notice calling a Directors' meeting must specify.
- 15.4.1 the place, day and time of the meeting, and
 - 15.4.2 if it is anticipated that Directors participating in the meeting will not be in the same place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting.
- 15.5 Notice of Directors' meetings need not be in Writing.
- 15.6 Notice of Directors' meetings may be sent by Electronic Means to an Address provided by the Director for the purpose.
- 15.7 Notices of Directors' meetings should be provided in a format known to be accessible to them, where this has been specified by the Director.

16. Participation in Directors' meetings

16.1 Subject to the Articles, Directors participate in a Directors' meeting, or part of a Directors' meeting, when:

16.1.1 the meeting has been called and takes place in accordance with the Articles; and

16.1.2 they can each communicate to the others any information or opinions they have on any particular item of the business of the meeting.

16.2 In determining whether Directors are participating in a Directors' meeting, it is irrelevant where any Director is or how they communicate with each other.

16.3 If all the Directors participating in a meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is.

17. Quorum for Directors' meetings

17.1 At a Directors' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting.

17.2 The quorum for Directors' meetings shall be 50% of Directors or three (3) Directors (whichever is the higher).

17.3 If the total number of Directors for the time being is less than the quorum required, the Directors must not take any decision other than a decision:

17.3.1 to appoint further Directors; or

17.3.2 to call a general meeting so as to enable the shareholders to appoint further Directors.

18. Chairing of Directors' meetings

The Chair, if any, or in his or her absence another Director nominated by the Directors present shall preside as chair of each Directors' meeting.

19. Voting

- 19.1 Questions arising at a Directors' meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes.
- 19.2 In all proceedings of Directors each Director must not have more than one vote.
- 19.3 In case of an equality of votes, the Chair shall have a second or casting vote.
- 19.4 Directors may vote as follows:
- 19.4.1 For. This indicates that the Director is voting in favour of the resolution or motion; or
- 19.4.2 Against. This indicates that the Director is voting against the resolution or motion; or
- 19.4.3 Abstain. This indicates that the Director either has a conflict of interest in the resolution or motion, or has no specific opinion on the resolution or motion. In the event of a vote to abstain, the vote will be recorded as an abstention in the minutes and the vote will not count towards determining if the resolution or motion has been passed or lost – a vote to abstain therefore counts as zero vote in favour and zero vote against when establishing the total votes for and against. ; or
- 19.4.4 No Vote. The Director chooses not to record a vote on the resolution or motion.
- 19.5 A declaration by the chair that a resolution or motion has been:
- 19.5.1 carried unanimously; or
- 19.5.2 carried by a particular majority, or
- 19.5.3 lost
- 19.6 An entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting, shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution or motion.
- 20. Decisions without a meeting**
- 20.1 The Directors may take a unanimous decision without a Directors' meeting by indicating to each other by any means, including

without limitation by Electronic Means, that they share a common view on a matter. Such a decision may, but need not, take the form of a resolution in Writing, copies of which have been signed by each Director or to which each Director has otherwise indicated agreement in Writing.

20.2 A decision which is made in accordance with Article 20.1 shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting duly convened and held, provided the following conditions are complied with:

20.2.1 approval from each Director must be received by one person being either such person as all the Directors have nominated in advance for that purpose or such other person as volunteers if necessary ("the Recipient"), which person may, for the avoidance of doubt, be one of the Directors;

20.2.2 following receipt of responses from all of the Directors, the Recipient must communicate to all of the Directors by any means whether the resolution has been formally approved by the Directors in accordance with this Article 20.2;

20.2.3 the date of the decision shall be the date of the communication from the Recipient confirming formal approval,

20.2.4 the Recipient must prepare a minute of the decision in accordance with Article 49.

21. Conflicts of interest

21.1 Whenever a Director finds himself or herself in a situation that is reasonably likely to give rise to a Conflict of Interest, he or she must declare his or her interest to the Directors unless, or except to the extent that, the other Directors are or ought reasonably to be aware of it already

21.2 If any question arises as to whether a Director has a Conflict of Interest, the question shall be decided by a majority decision of the other Directors.

21.3 Whenever a matter is to be discussed at a meeting or decided in accordance with Article 20 and a Director has a Conflict of Interest in respect of that matter then, subject to Article 22, he or she must:

- 21.3.1 remain only for such part of the meeting as in the view of the other Directors is necessary to inform the debate;
 - 21.3.2 not be counted in the quorum for that part of the meeting; and
 - 21.3.3 withdraw during the vote and have no vote on the matter.
- 21.4 When a Director has a Conflict of Interest which he or she has declared to the Directors, he or she shall not be in breach of his or her duties to the Company by withholding confidential information from the Company if to disclose it would result in a breach of any other duty or obligation of confidence owed by him or her.
- 22. Directors' power to authorise a conflict of interest**
- 22.1 The Directors have power to authorise a Director to be in a position of Conflict of Interest provided:
- 22.1.1 in relation to the decision to authorise a Conflict of Interest, the conflicted Director must comply with Article 21;
 - 22.1.2 in authorising a Conflict of Interest, the Directors can decide the manner in which the Conflict of Interest may be dealt with and, for the avoidance of doubt, they can decide that the Director with a Conflict of Interest can participate in a vote on the matter and can be counted in the quorum;
 - 22.1.3 the decision to authorise a Conflict of Interest can impose such terms as the Directors think fit and is subject always to their right to vary or terminate the authorisation.
- 22.2 If a matter, or office, employment or position, has been authorised by the Directors in accordance with Article 22.1 then, even if he or she has been authorised to remain at the meeting by the other Directors, the Director may absent himself or herself from meetings of the Directors at which anything relating to that matter, or that office, employment or position, will or may be discussed
- 22.3 A Director shall not be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he or she derives from any matter, or from any office, employment or position, which has been authorised by the Directors in accordance with Article 22.1 (subject to any limits or conditions to which such approval was subject).

23. Register of Directors' interests

The Directors shall cause a register of Directors' interests to be kept. A Director must declare the nature and extent of any interest, direct or indirect, which he or she has in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company or in any transaction or arrangement entered into by the Company which has not previously been declared.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

24. Methods of appointing Directors

- 24.1 Those persons notified to the Registrar of Companies as the first Directors of the Company shall be the first Directors.
- 24.2 The number of Directors shall not be less than three, or more than eleven
- 24.3 Each member of the company shall appoint an equal number of Directors to act as their representatives.
- 24.4 Any person who is willing to act as a Director, and is permitted by law to do so, may be appointed to be a Director providing their appointment is in accordance with the Articles of Association rules:
- (a) by ordinary resolution of the members; or
 - (b) by a decision of the Directors.
- 24.5 Provided that the appointment does not cause the number of Directors to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with Article **Error! Reference source not found.** as the maximum number of Directors.
- 24.6 Provided that the percentage of Directors who are Disabled People does not fall below 75%.
- 24.7 Should the number of Directors who are Disabled People fall to less than 75% of the total number of Directors for the time being then unless a further Director(s) is/are appointed in accordance with these Articles then the last Director to be appointed who is not a Disabled Person shall be automatically deemed to have resigned from office with immediate effect.

24.8 A Director may not be appointed if that Director or the spouse or co-habitee of that Director is an employee of the Company or an employee of any project set up and run by the Company or any subsidiary of the Company or that Director or the spouse or co-habitee of that Director is involved directly or indirectly in any other organisation(s) which are providing services to the Company from which s/he receives payment from the Company in excess of £5,000 per annum;

24.8.1 If a Director should contravene the provisions of Article 24.8 during the time that they are a Director, that Director shall resign their position until such contravention ceases;

24.9 In any case where, as a result of death, the Company has no members and no Directors, the personal representatives of the last member to have died have the right, by notice in writing, to appoint a person to be a member.

24.9.1 for the purposes of Article 24.9, where two or more members die in circumstances rendering it uncertain who was the last to die, a younger member is deemed to have survived an older member.

25. Termination of Director's appointment

A person ceases to be a Director as soon as

- (a) that person ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision of the Companies Act 2006, or is prohibited from being a Director by law;
- (b) a bankruptcy order is made against that person, or an order is made against that person in individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy;
- (c) a composition is made with that person's creditors generally in satisfaction of that person's debts;
- (d) notification is received by the Company from the Director that the Director is resigning from office, and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms (but only if at least two Directors will remain in office when such resignation has taken effect); or

- (e) the Director is absent without the permission of the Directors from all the Directors meetings held within a period of six months and the Directors resolve that his or her office be vacated, or
- (f) the Director brings the Company into disrepute; or
- (g) the Directors decide, at a meeting of Directors, that a Director should be removed from office. However such a decision shall not be taken unless the Director in question has been given:
 - at least fourteen clear days' notice in writing of the proposal to remove that person from office, specifying the circumstances alleged to justify removal from office; and
 - a reasonable opportunity of being heard by, or of making representations in writing to, the Directors.
- (h) If any Director is removed under this Article, the member who nominated him or her shall be entitled to propose a replacement; unless
- (i) A member ceases to be a member, whereupon all Directors acting as representatives of the member will cease to be Directors, and be required to resign.

26. Directors' remuneration

26.1 Directors may undertake any services for the Company that the Directors decide.

26.2 Subject to the Articles and in particular Article 3 Directors are entitled to such remuneration as the Directors determine:

- (a) for their services to the Company as Directors; and
- (b) for any other service which they undertake for the Company.

26.3 Subject to the Articles and in particular Article 3, a Director's remuneration may:

- (a) take any form; and

- (b) include any arrangements in connection with the payment of a pension, allowance or gratuity, or any death, sickness or disability benefits, to or in respect of that Director.

26.4 Unless the Directors decide otherwise, Directors' remuneration accrues from day to day.

26.5 Unless the Directors decide otherwise, Directors are not accountable to the Company for any remuneration which they receive as Directors or other officers or employees of the Company's subsidiaries or of any other body corporate in which the Company is interested.

26.6 No Director shall be able to vote where the sole subject of the vote is his or her individual remuneration.

27. Directors' expenses

The Company may pay any reasonable expenses which the Directors properly incur in connection with their attendance at:

- (a) meetings of Directors or committees of Directors;
- (b) general meetings; or
- (c) separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the Company,

or otherwise in connection with the exercise of their powers and the discharge of their responsibilities in relation to the Company.

SHARES

28. All shares to be fully paid up and issued at nominal value to a member.

28.1 No share is to be issued for less than the aggregate of its nominal value and any premium to be paid to the Company in consideration for its issue.

28.2 This does not apply to shares taken on the formation of the Company by the subscribers to the Company's Memorandum.

28.3 No share shall be issued to a person except a member.

28.4 For the avoidance of doubt, the terms: 'member' and 'shareholder' are interchangeable – all members are shareholders, and all shareholders are members.

29. Powers to issue different classes of share

29.1 Subject to the Articles, but without prejudice to the rights attached to any existing share, the Company may issue shares with such rights or restrictions as may be determined by ordinary resolution

29.2 The Company may issue shares which are to be redeemed, or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the Company or the holder, and the Directors may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of any such shares.

30. Company not bound by less than absolute interests

Except as required by law, no person is to be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and except as otherwise required by law or the Articles, the Company is not in any way to be bound by or recognise any interest in a share other than the holder's absolute ownership of it and all the rights attaching to it.

31. Share certificates

31.1 The Company must issue each shareholder, free of charge, with one or more certificates in respect of the shares which that shareholder holds.

31.2 Every certificate must specify:

- (a) in respect of how many shares, of what class, it is issued;
- (b) the nominal value of those shares;
- (c) that the shares are fully paid; and
- (d) any distinguishing numbers assigned to them.

31.3 No certificate may be issued in respect of shares of more than one class.

31.4 If more than one person holds a share, only one certificate may be issued in respect of it.

31.5 Certificates must:

- (a) have affixed to them the Company's common seal; or
- (b) be otherwise executed in accordance with the Companies Acts

32. Replacement share certificates

32.1 If a certificate issued in respect of a shareholder's shares is:

- (a) damaged or defaced; or
- (b) said to be lost, stolen or destroyed,

that shareholder is entitled to be issued with a replacement certificate in respect of the same shares.

32.2 A shareholder exercising the right to be issued with such a replacement certificate:

- (a) may at the same time exercise the right to be issued with a single certificate or separate certificates,
- (b) must return the certificate which is to be replaced to the Company if it is damaged or defaced; and
- (c) must comply with such conditions as to evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee as the Directors decide.

33. Share transfers

33.1 Shares may be transferred by means of an instrument of transfer in any usual form or any other form approved by the Directors, which is executed by or on behalf of the transferor

33.2 No fee may be charged for registering any instrument of transfer or other Document relating to or affecting the title to any share.

33.3 The Company may retain any instrument of transfer which is registered.

33.4 The transferor remains the holder of a share until the transferee's name is entered in the register of shareholders as holder of it.

33.5 The Directors may refuse to register the transfer of a share to a person of whom they do not approve.

- 33.6 They may also refuse to register the transfer unless it is lodged at the registered office of the Company or at such other place as the Directors may appoint and is accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer, and by such other information, as they may reasonably require.
- 33.7 If the Directors refuse to register such a transfer, they shall, within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.
- 33.8 The provisions of this Article apply in addition to any restrictions on the transfer of a share which maybe set out elsewhere in the Memorandum or Articles of the Company.

34. Purchase of own shares

Subject to the articles, the Company may purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) and may make a payment in respect of the redemption or purchase of its own shares otherwise than out of the distributable profits of the Company or the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares. Any share so purchased shall be purchased at its nominal value.

35. Transmission of shares

- 35.1 If title to a share passes to a transmittee, the Company may only recognise the transmittee as having any title to that share.
- 35.2 A transmittee who produces such evidence of entitlement to shares as the Directors may properly require:
- (a) may, subject to the Articles, choose either to become the holder of those shares or to have them transferred to another person; and
 - (b) subject to the Articles, and pending any transfer of the shares to another person, has the same rights as the holder had.
- 35.3 But transmittees do not have the right to attend or vote at a general meeting, or agree to a proposed written resolution, in respect of shares to which they are entitled, by reason of the holder's death or bankruptcy or otherwise, unless they become the holders of those shares.

36. Exercise of transmitters' rights

- 36.1 Transmitters who wish to become the holders of shares to which they have become entitled must notify the Company in Writing of that wish.
- 36.2 If the transmitter wishes to have a share transferred to another person, the transmitter must execute an instrument of transfer in respect of it.
- 36.3 Any transfer made or executed under this Article is to be treated as if it were made or executed by the person from whom the transmitter has derived rights in respect of the share, and as if the event which gave rise to the transmission had not occurred.

37. Transmitters bound by prior notices

- 37.1 If a notice is given to a shareholder in respect of shares and a transmitter is entitled to those shares, the transmitter is bound by the notice if it was given to the shareholder before the transmitter's name has been entered in the register of shareholders.

DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS

38. Procedure for declaring dividends

- 38.1 Subject to the Companies Acts, the Regulations and the Articles, the Company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends, and the Directors may, provided that such decision is authorised by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders, decide to pay interim dividends.
- 38.2 For the avoidance of doubt the payment of dividends shall be considered to be a transfer of assets other than for full consideration and shall not be permitted other than in the circumstances prescribed in Article 3.
- 38.3 A dividend must not be declared unless the Directors have made a recommendation as to its amount. Such a dividend must not exceed the amount recommended by the Directors.
- 38.4 No dividend may be declared or paid unless it is in accordance with shareholders' respective rights.

- 38.5 Unless the shareholders' resolution to declare or Directors' decision to pay a dividend, or the terms on which shares are issued, specify otherwise, it must be paid by reference to each shareholder's holding of shares on the date of the resolution or decision to declare or pay it.
- 38.6 If the Company's share capital is divided into different classes, no interim dividend may be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear.
- 38.7 The Directors may pay at intervals any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment
- 38.8 If the Directors act in good faith, they do not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on shares with deferred or non-preferred rights.

39. Payment of dividends and other distributions

- 39.1 Where a dividend or other sum which is a distribution is payable in respect of a share, it must be paid by one or more of the following means:
- (a) transfer to a bank or building society account indicated by the distribution recipient either in Writing or as the Directors may otherwise decide;
 - (b) sending a cheque made payable to the distribution recipient by post to the distribution recipient at the distribution recipient's registered Address (if the distribution recipient is a holder of the share), or (in any other case) to an Address indicated by the distribution recipient either in Writing or as the Directors may otherwise decide,
 - (c) sending a cheque made payable to such person by post to such person at such Address as the distribution recipient has indicated either in Writing or as the Directors may otherwise decide; or
 - (d) any other means of payment as the Directors agree with the distribution recipient either in Writing or by such other means as the Directors decide.

39.2 In the Articles, "the distribution recipient" means, in respect of a share in respect of which a dividend or other sum is payable:

- (a) the holder of the share; or
- (b) if the share has two or more joint holders, whichever of them is named first in the register of members; or
- (c) if the holder is no longer entitled to the share by reason of death or bankruptcy, or otherwise by operation of law, the transmittee.

40. No interest on distributions

The Company may not pay interest on any dividend or other sum payable in respect of a share unless otherwise provided by:

- (a) the terms on which the share was issued; or
- (b) the provisions of another agreement between the holder of that share and the Company.

41. Unclaimed distributions

41.1 All dividends or other sums which are:

- (a) payable in respect of shares; and
 - (b) unclaimed after having been declared or become payable,
- may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Directors for the benefit of the Company until claimed.

41.2 The payment of any such dividend or other sum into a separate account does not make the Company a trustee in respect of it.

41.3 If:

- (a) twelve years have passed from the date on which a dividend or other sum became due for payment; and
 - (b) the distribution recipient has not claimed it,
- the distribution recipient is no longer entitled to that dividend or other sum and it ceases to remain owing by the Company.

42. Non-cash distributions

42.1 Subject to the terms of issue of the share in question, the Company may, by ordinary resolution on the recommendation of the Directors, decide to pay all or part of a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by transferring non-cash assets of equivalent value (including, without limitation, shares or other securities in any company).

42.2 For the purposes of paying a non-cash distribution, the Directors may make whatever arrangements they think fit, including, where any difficulty arises regarding the distribution:

- (a) fixing the value of any assets;
- (b) paying cash to any distribution recipient on the basis of that value in order to adjust the rights of recipients; and
- (c) vesting any assets in trustees.

43. Waiver of distributions

Distribution recipients may waive their entitlement to a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by giving the Company notice in Writing to that effect, but if:

- (a) the share has more than one holder; or
- (b) more than one person is entitled to the share, whether by reason of the death or bankruptcy of one or more joint holders, or otherwise,

the notice is not effective unless it is expressed to be given, and signed, by all the holders or persons otherwise entitled to the share.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

44. Authority to capitalise & appropriation of capitalised sums

44.1 Subject to the Articles, the Directors may, if they are so authorised by an ordinary resolution:

- (a) decide to capitalise any profits of the Company (whether or not they are available for distribution) which are not required for paying a preferential dividend, or any sum standing to the

credit of the Company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve; and

- (b) appropriate any sum which they so decide to capitalise (a "capitalised sum") to the persons who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend (the "persons entitled") and in the same proportions

44.2 Capitalised sums must be applied:

- (a) on behalf of the persons entitled; and
- (b) in the same proportions as a dividend would have been distributed to them.

44.3 Any capitalised sum may be applied in paying up new shares of a nominal amount equal to the capitalised sum which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct.

44.4 A capitalised sum which was appropriated from profits available for distribution may be applied in paying up new debentures of the Company which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct.

44.5 Subject to the Articles the Directors may:

- (a) apply capitalised sums in accordance with Articles 44.3 and 44.4 partly in one way and partly in another,
- (b) make such arrangements as they think fit to deal with shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions under this Article (including the issuing of fractional certificates or the making of cash payments); and
- (c) authorise any person to enter into an agreement with the Company on behalf of all the persons entitled which is binding on them in respect of the allotment of shares and debentures to them under this Article.

DECISION-MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS

45. Meetings

- 45.1 The Directors may call a general meeting at any time.
- 45.2 General meetings must be held in accordance with the provisions regarding such meetings in the Companies Act.
- 45.3 A person who is not a shareholder of the Company shall not have any right to vote at a general meeting of the Company; but this is without prejudice to any right to vote on a resolution affecting the rights attached to a class of the Company's debentures.
- 45.4 Article 45.3 shall not prevent a person who is a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a member from voting at a general meeting of the Company.

46. Written resolutions

- 46.1 A written Resolution enables the Company to seek approval for a resolution by writing to all Full Members and asking them to vote by completing and returning their vote to the Company, instead of attending a general meeting.
- 46.2 Subject to Article 46.4, a written resolution of the Company passed in accordance with this Article 46 shall have effect as if passed by the Company in general meeting:
- 46.2.1 A written resolution is passed as an ordinary resolution if it is passed by a simple majority of the total voting rights of eligible shareholders.
- 46.2.2 A written resolution is passed as a special resolution if it is passed by shareholders representing not less than 75% of the total voting rights of eligible shareholders. A written resolution is not a special resolution unless it states that it was proposed as a special resolution.
- 46.3 In relation to a resolution proposed as a written resolution of the Company the eligible shareholders are the shareholders who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution on the Circulation Date of the resolution
- 46.4 A shareholders' resolution under the Companies Acts removing a Director or an auditor before the expiration of his or her term of office may not be passed as a written resolution.
- 46.5 A copy of the written resolution must be sent to every shareholder together with a statement informing the shareholder how to signify

their agreement to the resolution and the date by which the resolution must be passed if it is not to lapse. Communications in relation to written notices shall be sent to the Company's auditors in accordance with the Companies Acts.

46.6 A shareholder signifies their agreement to a proposed written resolution when the Company receives from him or her an authenticated Document identifying the resolution to which it relates and indicating his or her agreement to the resolution.

46.6.1 If the Document is sent to the Company in Hard Copy Form, it is authenticated if it bears the shareholder's signature.

46.6.2 If the Document is sent to the Company by Electronic Means, it is authenticated [if it bears the shareholder's signature] or [if the identity of the shareholder is confirmed in a manner agreed by the Directors] or [if it is accompanied by a statement of the identity of the shareholder and the Company has no reason to doubt the truth of that statement] or [if it is from an email Address notified by the shareholder to the Company for the purposes of receiving Documents or information by Electronic Means].

46.7 A written resolution is passed when the required majority of eligible shareholders have signified their agreement to it.

46.8 A proposed written resolution lapses if it is not passed within 28 days beginning with the Circulation Date.

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS AND MISCELLANEOUS

47. Means of communication to be used

47.1 Subject to the Articles, anything sent or supplied by or to the Company under the Articles may be sent or supplied in any way in which the Companies Act 2006 provides for Documents or information which are authorised or required by any provision of that Act to be sent or supplied by or to the Company.

47.2 Subject to the Articles, any notice or Document to be sent or supplied to a Director in connection with the taking of decisions by Directors may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that

Director has asked to be sent or supplied (including any notified access requirements) with such notices or Documents for the time being.

- 47.3 A Director may agree with the Company that notices or Documents sent to that Director in a particular way are to be deemed to have been received within an agreed time of their being sent, and for the agreed time to be less than 48 hours.

48. Irregularities

The proceedings at any meeting or on the taking of any poll or the passing of a written resolution or the making of any decision shall not be invalidated by reason of any accidental informality or irregularity (including any accidental omission to give or any non-receipt of notice) or any want of qualification in any of the persons present or voting or by reason of any business being considered which is not referred to in the notice unless a provision of the Companies Acts specifies that such informality, irregularity or want of qualification shall invalidate it

49. Minutes

- 49.1 The Directors must cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose:

49.1.1 of all appointments of officers made by the Directors;

49.1.2 of all resolutions of the Company and of the Directors (including, without limitation, decisions of the Directors made without a meeting); and

49.1.3 of all proceedings at meetings of the Company and of the Directors, and of committees of Directors, including the names of the Directors present at each such meeting;

and any such minute, if purported to be signed (or in the case of minutes of Directors' meetings signed or authenticated) by the chair of the meeting at which the proceedings were had, or by the chair of the next succeeding meeting, shall, as against any shareholder or Director of the Company, be sufficient evidence of the proceedings.

- 49.2 All members/shareholders have the right to inspect the minutes on giving reasonable notice. The Directors may authorise the removal

of any section of the minutes before they are inspected if, and only if, that section includes confidential personnel information which the Directors consider inappropriate to disclose.

- 49.3 The minutes must be kept for at least ten years from the date of the meeting, resolution or decision.

50. Records and accounts

The Directors shall comply with the requirements of the Companies Acts as to maintaining a shareholders' register, keeping financial records, the audit or examination of accounts and the preparation and transmission to the Registrar of Companies and the Regulator of:

- 50.1 annual reports;

- 50.2 annual returns; and

- 50.3 annual statements of account

- 50.4 Except as provided by law or authorised by the Directors or an ordinary resolution of the Company, no person is entitled to inspect any of the Company's accounting or other records or documents merely by virtue of being a shareholder.

51. Company Secretary

- 51.1 Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act 2006, the Directors shall appoint an individual to act as Company Secretary for such term and at such remuneration and upon such other conditions as they may think fit.

- 51.2 The Directors may decide to remove a person from the office of Company Secretary at any time.

52. Treasurer

- 52.1 Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act 2006, the Directors shall appoint an individual to act as Treasurer for such term and at such remuneration and upon such other conditions as they may think fit

- 52.2 The Directors may decide to remove a person from the office of Treasurer at any time.

53. Execution of Documents and Contracts

- 53.1 Any document purporting to be a deed or instrument made under seal must be signed by two Directors or one Director and the Company Secretary.

54. Accounts, Annual Reports and Statutory Reports

- 54.1 The Directors shall comply with the requirements of the Companies Act and any other applicable law as to keeping financial records, the audit or examinations of accounts and the preparation and transmission to the Registrar of Companies of annual reports and accounts.
- 54.2 The Directors shall comply with the requirements of the CIC Regulator, and any other regulatory requirement to submit reports or notifications.
- 54.3 Subject to paragraph 54.4 the Company's statutory books and accounting records shall be open to inspection by the Members during usual business hours.
- 54.4 The Company may in general meeting impose reasonable restrictions as to the time at which and the manner in which the statutory books and accounting records of the Company may be inspected by Members.

55. Indemnity

- 55.1 Subject to Article 55.2, a relevant Director of the Company or an associated company may be indemnified out of the Company's assets against:
- (a) any liability incurred by that Director in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company or an associated company;
 - (b) any liability incurred by that Director in connection with the activities of the Company or an associated company in its capacity as a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of the Companies Act 2006); and
 - (c) any other liability incurred by that Director as an officer of the Company or an associated company.

55.2 This Article does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law.

55.3 In this Article.

- (a) companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate; and
- (b) a “relevant Director” means any Director or former Director of the Company or an associated company.

56. Insurance

56.1 The Directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any relevant Director in respect of any relevant loss.

56.2 In this Article:

- (a) a “relevant Director” means any Director or former Director of the Company or an associated company;
- (b) a “relevant loss” means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant Director in connection with that Director’s duties or powers in relation to the Company, any associated company or any pension fund or employees’ share scheme of the Company or associated company; and
- (c) companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate.

57. Exclusion of model articles

The relevant model articles for a company limited by shares are hereby expressly excluded.

SCHEDULE

INTERPRETATION

1. In the Articles, unless the context requires otherwise, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Term	Meaning
“Address”	includes a number or address used for the purposes of sending or receiving Documents by Electronic Means;
“Articles”	means the Company's articles of association;
“asset-locked body”	means (i) a community interest company or a charity or a Permitted Industrial and Provident Society; or (ii) a body established outside the United Kingdom that is equivalent to any of those;
“bankruptcy”	includes individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy;
“Chair”	has the meaning given in Article 11;
“Circulation Date”	in relation to a written resolution, has the meaning given to it in the Companies Acts;
“Clear Days”	in relation to the period of a notice, that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;
“community”	is to be construed in accordance with the section 35(5) of the Companies

	(Audit, Investigations and Community Enterprise) Act 2004;
“Companies Acts”	means the Companies Acts (as defined in section 2 of the Companies Act 2006), in so far as they apply to the Company;
“Company”	Unity 12 CIC;
“Conflict of Interest”	any direct or indirect interest of a Director (whether personal, by virtue of a duty of loyalty to another organisation or otherwise) that conflicts or might conflict with the interests of the Company;
“Director”	means a director of the Company, and includes any person occupying the position of director, by whatever name called;
“distribution recipient”	has the meaning given in Article 39;
“Document”	includes, unless otherwise indicated, any document sent or supplied in Electronic Form;
“Electronic Form and Electronic Means”	have the meanings respectively given to them in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006;
“fully paid”	in relation to a share, means that the nominal value and any premium to be paid to the Company in respect of that share have been paid to the Company;
“Hard Copy Form”	has the meaning given in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006;
“holder”	in relation to shares means the person whose name is entered in the register of shareholders as the holder of the shares,

“instrument”	means a Document in Hard Copy Form;
“Memorandum”	the Company’s memorandum of association;
“paid”	means paid or credited as paid;
“participate”	in relation to a Directors’ meeting, has the meaning given in Article 16;
“Permitted Industrial and Provident Society”	means an industrial and provident society which has a restriction on the use of its assets in accordance with regulation 4 of the Community Benefit Societies (Restriction on Use of Assets) Regulations 2006 or regulation 4 of the Community Benefit Societies (Restriction on Use of Assets) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2006;
“the Regulator”	means the Regulator of Community Interest Companies,
“the Regulations”	means the Community Interest Company Regulations 2005 (as amended);
“Secretary”	the secretary of the Company (if any);
“shareholder”	means a person who is the holder of a share;
“shares”	means shares in the Company;
“specified”	means specified in the memorandum or articles of association of the Company for the purposes of this paragraph;
“subsidiary”	has the meaning given in section 1159 of the Companies Act 2006;
“transfer”	includes every description of disposition, payment, release or

distribution, and the creation or extinction of an estate or interest in, or right over, any property;

“transmittee”

means a person entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of a shareholder or otherwise by operation of law; and

“Writing”

means the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in Electronic Form or otherwise

2. Subject to clause 3 of this Schedule, any reference in the Articles to an enactment includes a reference to that enactment as re-enacted or amended from time to time and to any subordinate legislation made under it.
3. Unless the context otherwise requires, other words or expressions contained in these Articles bear the same meaning as in the Companies Acts as in force on the date when these Articles become binding on the Company.

CIC 14

Application¹ to alter the objects of a Community Interest Company²

Company Number

05194437

*Please
complete in
typescript,
or in bold
black
capitals.*

Company Name in full

Unity 12 CIC

SECTION A: COMMUNITY INTEREST COMPANY STATEMENT - Beneficiaries

1. We/I, the undersigned, declare that the company will carry on its activities for the benefit of the community, or a section of the community.³ [Insert a short description of the community or section of the community which it is intended that the company will benefit in the space provided below⁴].

The company's activities will benefit to ...

Disabled People who live in South East or South West England. By Disabled People we include people with physical, sensory or learning impairments, people with hidden impairments, people with mental health conditions, cancer survivors and people with HIV/AIDS - Our change of objects do not affect our community of interest.

COMPANY NUMBER

05194437

SECTION B:

COMMUNITY INTEREST COMPANY STATEMENT – Activities & Related Benefit

Please indicate how it is proposed that the company's activities will benefit the community or a section of the community. Please provide as much detail as possible to enable the CIC Regulator to make an informed decision about whether your company is eligible to remain as a CIC. It would be useful if you were to explain how you think your company will be different from a commercial company providing similar services or products for individual or personal gain.

Activities (Tell us here what the company is being set up to do)	How will the activity benefit the community? (The community will benefit by. .)
1. Provide means by which disabled people may take control over their own lives, achieve full participation in all spheres of society, and effect changes in how they are viewed and treated	The community will benefit by having accessible conference, meeting and office facilities which are affordable to enable them to meet and work collectively with other organisations to improve services and facilities for Disabled People to live independently.
See attached sheet for activities 2 & 3.	See attached sheet
If the company makes any surplus it will be used for . Furthering the services available to enable Disabled People to live independently	

(Please continue on separate continuation sheet if necessary.)

COMPANY NUMBER

06875240

SECTION C:

STATEMENT REGARDING THE PROPOSED ALTERATION TO A COMMUNITY INTEREST COMPANY'S OBJECTS

1. We/I, the undersigned, declare that the company in respect of which this application is made will not be on the alteration of its objects:
 - (a) a political party;
 - (b) a political campaigning organisation; or
 - (c) a subsidiary of a political party or of a political campaigning organisation.⁵
2. We/I, the undersigned, declare that the following steps were taken to bring the proposed alteration of the objects of the company to the notice of persons affected by the company's activities.⁶ [*Insert a short description of the steps undertaken in the space below.*]

We will ensure all our users are communicated to, detailing the changes to our objects, reassuring them that the services they receive will now be affected, and helping them to understand the changes are simply to reword our existing objects so that they align to those of our parent company and enable us to work more closely together and provide a wider range of services in the future.

SECTION D: SIGNATORIES

Each person who is a director of the company must sign the declarations.⁷

Signed

Ian [Signature]

Date

4/10/16

Signed

S. J. Polster

Date

6/10/16

Signed

Date

Signed

Date

Signed

Date

(Please continue on separate continuation sheet if necessary.)

CHECKLIST

These declarations must be accompanied by the following documents – have you included them with your application?

- (a) A Form CC04 to notify the change of the company's objects
- (b) A special resolution to alter the company's objects in its articles
- (c) A printed copy of the articles of the company, as altered
- (d) Any completed continuation sheets

You do not have to give any contact information in the box opposite but if you do, it will help the Registrar of Companies to contact you if there is a query on the form. The contact information that you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

Ian Loynes	
Unity 12, 9-19 Rose Road, Southampton. SO14 6TE	
Tel 023 8020 2625	
DX Number	DX Exchange

When you have completed and signed the form please send it to the Registrar of Companies at:

*Companies registered in **England and Wales*** Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ (DX 33050 Cardiff)

*Companies registered in **Scotland*** Companies House, 4th Floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh EH3 9FF (DX235 Edinburgh)

*Companies registered in **Northern Ireland*** Companies House, 2nd Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, BT2 8BG

NOTES

¹ This form will be placed on the public record. Any information relevant to the application that you do not wish to appear on the public record, should be described in a separate letter addressed to the CIC Regulator and delivered to the Registrar of Companies with the other documents.

² The alteration of the articles of a community interest company with respect to the statement of the company's objects does not have effect except in so far as it is approved by the CIC Regulator (regulation 13 of the Community Interest Company Regulations 2005 ("the Regulations")).

³ The community interest test is referred to in section 35 of the Companies (Audit, Investigations and Community Enterprise) Act 2004 and is expanded upon in regulations 3, 4 & 5 of the Regulations.

⁴ E.g. "the residents of Oldtown" or "those suffering from XYZ disease"

⁵ An "excluded company" cannot be a CIC. Regulation 6 of the Regulations further defines what is an excluded company (political party, political campaigning organisation or subsidiary of either). If you are unsure whether an entity falls into any of these categories, you should refer to the definitions of the terms "political party", "political campaigning organisation" and "subsidiary" (and the related terms "election", "governmental authority", "public authority" and "referendum") in regulation 2 of the Regulations

⁶ The CIC must deliver to the CIC Regulator a statement of the steps that have been taken to bring the proposed alteration of the objects to the notice of persons affected by the company's activities (regulation 14(1)(b) of the Regulations)

⁷ This is required by section 14(2) of the Regulations.

CIC14 Continuation sheet

Company Number: 05194437

SECTION B:

COMMUNITY INTEREST COMPANY STATEMENT - Activities and related benefit

Activities (Tell us here what the company is being set up to do)	How will the activity benefit the community? (The community will benefit by ..)
Continued from original CIC 14 layout	
2. Provide encouragement, assistance, advice, support and facilities to individuals or groups wishing to live independently, by means of exercising choice and exerting control over their own life and lifestyle, and to raise the expectations of disabled people, individually and collectively, and to ensure that their voice be heard	The community will benefit by providing a 'one-stop-shop' community facility where different organisations providing services and support to Disabled People can have affordable and accessible office and meeting space to provide advice, support and information to Disabled People, their carers and family to meet a wide variety of different needs which becomes much easier and more effective with different organisations working together under one roof.
3 To promote the active participation of Disabled People in all aspects of society by providing premises, conference facilities, meeting rooms, office space and other facilities for the whole community, which meets the specific access needs of Disabled People, enabling Disabled People and other Service Users to live more independently	The community will benefit by providing conference space, meeting rooms and office space which have been specifically designed by Disabled People to be accessible to their needs. Because of this, Disabled People in Southampton will have suitable facilities to enable them to work together without the many barriers commonly experienced in building that have not been designs specifically for the use of Disabled People.
If the company makes any surplus it will be used for . Furthering the services available to enable Disabled People to live independently.	