REGISTERED NUMBER: 06893418 (England and Wales)

Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

for

Valisrc Limited

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Company Information for the year ended 31 December 2018

DIRECTORS: G Desler Dr S Vainikka

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SECRETARY: G Desler

REGISTERED OFFICE: 16 Upper Woburn Place

London WC1H 0BS

REGISTERED NUMBER: 06893418 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS: Adler Shine LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor Aston House

Cornwall Avenue

London N3 1LF

Report of the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2018

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2018.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The company did not trade during the year under review.

DIVIDENDS

No ordinary dividends were paid. The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2018 to the date of this report.

G Desler Dr S Vainikka

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Adler Shine LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

The report of the directors has been prepared taking advantage of the small companies' exemption set out in section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Dr S Vainikka - Director

Date: 03/06 /2019

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Valisrc Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Valisrc Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its loss for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies' regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Valisrc Limited

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Christopher Taylor (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Adler Shine LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

Aston House Cornwall Avenue

London N3 1LF

Date: 7 June 2019

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2018

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
TURNOVER		-	-
Administrative expenses		110	<u>1,211</u>
OPERATING LOSS and LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		(110)	(1,211)
Tax on loss		-	
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(110)	(1,211)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOM	E	<u> </u>	· <u>-</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS F	OR THE	<u>(110</u>)	<u>(1,211</u>)

Statement of Financial Position 31 December 2018

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
Cash at bank		108	206
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	8	4,612	4,600
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>(4,504</u>)	<u>(4,394</u>)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>(4,504</u>)	<u>(4,394</u>)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Retained earnings	9	100 (4,604)	100 (<u>4,494</u>)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>(4,504</u>)	<u>(4,394</u>)

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on signed on its behalf by:

Dr S Vainikka - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2018

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2017	100	(3,283)	(3,183)
Changes in equity Total comprehensive loss	==	(1,211)	(1,211)
Balance at 31 December 2017	100	(4,494)	(4,394)
Changes in equity Total comprehensive loss	<u> </u>	(110)	(110)
Balance at 31 December 2018	100	(4,604)	(4,504)

Retained earnings

Represents accumulated comprehensive income for the year and prior periods.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Valisrc Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Cash flow exemption

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the basis that it is a qualifying entity and its ultimate parent company, ValiRx plc, includes the company's cash flows in its own consolidated financial statements. The consolidated accounts of this company are available to the public and may be obtained from 16 Upper Woburn Place, London WC1H 0BS.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Brands and licences are being amortised evenly over their estimated useful life of nil years.

Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2018

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Going concern

The company meets its day to day working capital requirements through loans from its parent undertaking, Valirx Plc ('Valirx'). Valirx carries out regular fund-raising exercises in order that it can provide the necessary working capital for its subsidiary undertakings to finance their work programmes.

The current economic environment is challenging, and the company has reported an operating loss for the year. The company ceased to trade in November 2014.

The directors of Valirx have indicated their willingness to continue to provide financial support to the company and will not require its loan to be repaid in the foreseeable future.

Therefore, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For these reasons, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

5. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 2 (2017 - 2).

6. **OPERATING LOSS**

Auditors fees for the company are borne directly by the company's parent undertaking, Valirx Plc.

7. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Brands and licences £
COST	
At 1 January 2018	
and 31 December 2018	15,000
AMORTISATION At 1 January 2018 and 31 December 2018	15,000
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2018	<u> </u>
At 31 December 2017	

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2018

8. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings	13 <u>4,599</u>	<u>4,600</u>
	4,612	<u>4,600</u>

9. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issu	ued and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal	2018	2017
		value:	£	£
100	Ordinary shares	£1	100	100

There is a single class of ordinary shares. There are no restrictions on the distribution of dividends and the repayment of capital.

10. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

11. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The directors consider the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party to be Valirx Plc, a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales.

The parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up and which the company is a member is also Valirx Plc. Copies of these financial statements can be obtained from 16 Upper Woburn Place, London WC1H 0BS.