

The Insolvency Act 1986

**Liquidator's Statement of
Receipts and Payments
Pursuant to Section 192 of
The Insolvency Act 1986****S.192**

For Official Use

To the Registrar of Companies

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Company Number

1881197

Name of Company

Polarbray Engineering Limited

I / ~~We~~Neil Francis Hickling
No 1 St Swithin Street
Worcester
WR1 2PYthe liquidator~~(s)~~ of the company attach a copy of my/~~our~~ statement of receipts and
payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed



Date

16 MAR 2011

Smith & Williamson Limited
No 1 St Swithin Street
Worcester
WR1 2PY

Ref PO431/CA3

THURSDAY		
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	A47	17/03/2011 53
COMPANIES HOUSE		

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company Polarbray Engineering Limited

Company Registered Number 1881197

State whether members' or
creditors' voluntary winding up Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up 04 September 2009

Date to which this statement is
brought down 03 March 2011

Name and Address of Liquidator

Neil Francis Hickling
No 1 St Swithin Street
Worcester
WR1 2PY

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.

Liquidator's statement of account
under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations			
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought Forward	85,463 16
06/09/2010	Barclays Bank plc	Bank Interest Gross	3 65
06/12/2010	Barclays Bank plc	Bank Interest Gross	3 31
Carried Forward			85,470 12

NOTE No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

Disbursements			
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought Forward	58,355 93
30/09/2010	Smith & Williamson Limited	Liquidators Fees	500 00
30/09/2010	Smith & Williamson Limited	VAT Receivable	87 50
03/11/2010	Smith & Williamson Limited	Liquidators Fees	500 00
03/11/2010	Smith & Williamson Limited	VAT Receivable	87 50
18/11/2010	H M Revenue & Customs	Corporation Tax	2 31
10/12/2010	Smith & Williamson Limited	Liquidators Fees	1,000 00
10/12/2010	Smith & Williamson Limited	VAT Receivable	185 94
10/12/2010	Smith & Williamson Limited	Statutory Advertising	62 50
10/12/2010	Smith & Williamson Limited	Preparation of S of A fees	1,794 00
10/12/2010	Smith & Williamson Limited	VAT Receivable	313 95
31/12/2010	Smith & Williamson Limited	Liquidators Fees	2,500 00
31/12/2010	Smith & Williamson Limited	VAT Receivable	437 50
02/02/2011	Smith & Williamson Limited	Liquidators Fees	1,500 00
02/02/2011	Smith & Williamson Limited	VAT Receivable	300 00
Carried Forward			67,627 13

NOTE No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

Analysis of balance

Total realisations
Total disbursements

Balance £

This balance is made up as follows

- 1 Cash in hands of liquidator
- 2 Balance at bank
- 3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account

- 4 Amounts invested by liquidator
Less The cost of investments realised
Balance
- 5 Accrued Items

Total Balance as shown above

		£
		85,470 12
		67,627 13
Balance £		17,842 99
		0 00
		17,842 99
		0 00
£	0 00	
	0 00	
		0 00
		0 00
		17,842 99

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

- (1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

	£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges)	27,205 00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	68,582 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	0 00
Unsecured creditors	67,908 00

- (2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash	100 00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0 00

- (3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Tax losses being purchased by Parent Company £3,000

- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

See above

- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

Uncertain