## Company Registration Number: 09127982 (England and Wales)

Unaudited abridged accounts for the year ended 31 July 2018

Period of accounts

Start date: 01 August 2017

**End date: 31 July 2018** 

## **Contents of the Financial Statements**

for the Period Ended 31 July 2018

Balance sheet

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# Balance sheet As at 31 July 2018

Notes	2018	2017
	£	£
Fixed assets		
Intangible assets:	0	0
Tangible assets: 2	129,925	48,771
Investments:	0	0
Total fixed assets:	129,925	48,771
Current assets		
Stocks:	10,500	10,200
Debtors:	13,718	26,335
Cash at bank and in hand:	15,929	15,907
Investments:	0	0
Total current assets:	40,147	52,442
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year:	(59,693)	0
Net current assets (liabilities):	(19,546)	52,442
Total assets less current liabilities:	110,379	101,213
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year:	0	0
Provision for liabilities:	(14,297)	(6,417)
Total net assets (liabilities):	96,082	94,796
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital:	1	1
Share premium account:	0	0
Revaluation reserve:	0	0
Other reserves:	0	0
Profit and loss account:	96,081	94,795
Shareholders funds:	96,082	94,796

The notes form part of these financial statements

#### **Balance sheet statements**

For the year ending 31 July 2018 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The members have agreed to the preparation of abridged accounts for this accounting period in accordance with Section 444(2A).

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The directors have chosen to not file a copy of the company's profit & loss account.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 30 April 2019 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Name: Mr Kwok Chee Ho

Status: Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### for the Period Ended 31 July 2018

#### 1. Accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A (Small Entities) of Financial Reporting Standard 102

#### **Turnover policy**

Turnover is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable for good supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of goods, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation policy

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### Other accounting policies

Basis of preparationThe financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss. Taxation The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. Stocks Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition. Provisions Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises. Financial instruments A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which ease the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship. Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. Defined contribution plans Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## for the Period Ended 31 July 2018

## 2. Tangible Assets

	Total
Cost	£
At 01 August 2017	63,177
Additions	100,509
Disposals	0
Revaluations	0
Transfers	0
At 31 July 2018	163,686
Depreciation	
At 01 August 2017	14,406
Charge for year	19,355
On disposals	0
Other adjustments	0
At 31 July 2018	33,761
Net book value	
At 31 July 2018	129,925
At 31 July 2017	48,771

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## for the Period Ended 31 July 2018

#### 3. Loans to directors

Name of director receiving advance or credit:	Mr Kwok Chee Ho	
Description of the loan:	Director's loan	
		£
Balance at 01 August 2017		663
Advances or credits repaid:		663
Balance at 31 July 2018		

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