## GARDENBOOK (NORWICH) LIMITED

Report and Accounts
30 September 2001
Company Number 3757827

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#### DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit their report and the accounts for the year ended 30 September 2001.

#### RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS.

The loss for the year after taxation was £10,940 (2000:loss of £22,404).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

#### **REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS**

The principal activity of the company during the year was property investment in the United Kingdom.

The directors consider that the results and state of affairs are satisfactory.

#### MARKET VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS

The company's investment properties were revalued on 30 September 2001 by the directors.

The valuations of £1,170,000, which were unchanged from the previous year, have been incorporated in these accounts.

#### DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors at 30 September 2001 were as follows:

M B Owen

S R Williams

A J Norton

HW Bilton

On 1 October 2001 A R Lovelady was appointed as a director and S R Williams resigned as a director.

The interests of directors in the share capital of the company were as follows:

	At 30 September	At 30 September	
	2001	2000	
"B" Ordinary shares			
A J Norton	5,000	5,000	
H W Bilton	5,000	5,000	

At 30 September 2001 M B Owen and S R Williams were directors of Ethel Austin Investment Properties Limited which holds the company's "A" share capital.

### DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

#### **AUDITORS**

A resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young LLP as auditors will be submitted at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the board

A R Lovelady Secretary

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## STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those accounts the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## **■ ERNST & YOUNG**

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF GARDENBOOK NORWICH LIMITED

We have audited the company's accounts for the year ended 30 September 2001 which comprise Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Reconciliation of Shareholders' Funds and the related notes 1 to 13. These accounts have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the accounts, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 30 September 2001 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Emst + Young LLP
Ernst & Young LLP
Registered Auditor
Liverpool

Date 16 April 2001

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 30 September 2001

			22 April 1999 to 30 September
		2001	2000
	Notes	£	£
TURNOVER Property expenses	2	104,428 24,758	90,077 6,190
Net rental income Administrative expenses		79,670 2,660	83,887 4,285
OPERATING PROFIT Interest payable	3 4	77,010 (87,950)	79,602 (102,006)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Taxation	5	(10,940)	(22,404)
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(10,940)	(22,404)

## STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

for the year ended 30 September 2001

		22 April
		1999 to 30
	,	September
	2001	2000
	£	£
Loss for the financial year	(10,940)	(22,404)
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of freehold investment properties	-	746
Total recognised gains and losses for the year	(10,940)	(21,658)

# BALANCE SHEET at 30 September 2001

	Notes	2001 £	2000 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	6	1,170,000	1,170,000
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	7	47,878	50,582
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	8	73,220	136,449
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(25,342)	(85,867)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,144,658	1,084,133
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	1,157,256	1,085,791
		(12,598)	(1,658)
			<del></del>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	11	20,000	20,000
Revaluation reserve	12	746	746
Profit and loss account	12	(33,344)	(22,404)
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		(12,598)	(1,658)

- Director

W Agi Voor

at 30 September 2001

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of investment properties.

The true and fair override provisions of the Companies Act 1985 have been invoked, see "investment properties" below.

#### Investment properties

Completed freehold and long leasehold investment properties are accounted for in accordance with SSAP 19, as follows:

- (i) the properties are revalued annually and the aggregate surplus or deficit is transferred to a revaluation reserve unless a deficit, or its reversal, on an individual property is expected to be permanent, in which case it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the period. The revaluation of investment properties takes into account the provisions of abstract 28 from the Urgent Issues Task Force where operating lease incentives apply to a particular investment property.
- (ii) no depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of completed freehold investment properties and completed leasehold investment properties with over 20 years to run.

Although the Companies Act would normally require the systematic annual depreciation of fixed assets, the directors believe that this policy of not providing depreciation or amortisation is necessary in order for the accounts to give a true and fair view, since the current value of investment properties, and changes in that current value, are of prime importance rather than a calculation of systematic annual depreciation. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of the many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

Freehold and long leasehold properties in the course of development are stated at cost less any permanent diminution in value. Such properties are treated as completed as soon as building and construction work has been finished.

Short leasehold investment properties are depreciated on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### Depreciation

No depreciation is provided on investment properties in accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No.19.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided for on all timing differences which are expected to reverse in the future, calculated at the rate at which it is expected that tax will be payable.

#### 2. TURNOVER

Turnover represents the amount of gross rents and charges receivable and arises from one continuing activity of property investment in the United Kingdom.

at 30 September 2001

#### 3. OPERATING PROFIT

This is stated after charging:

	2001	2000
	£	£
Directors' remuneration	-	-
Auditors' remuneration	1,025	1,000
	=	<del></del>
INTEREST PAYABLE		
	2001	2000
	£	£
Related undertakings	40,245	102,006
Bank loan	47,705	-

#### 5. TAXATION

There is no liability to UK corporation tax based on the result for the year.

#### 6. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Freehold Investment Properties

102,006

87,950

Cost or valuation:

At 1 October 2000 and 30 September 2001

1,170,000

The freehold investment properties were valued by the directors on the basis of open market value at 30 September 2001. The cost of the investment properties was £1,169,254.

If the properties were sold for the amount of their valuations, no tax liability would arise.

#### 7. DEBTORS

	2001 £	2000 £
Trade debtors	37,546	39,922
Prepayments	332	660
Other debtors	10,000	10,000
	47,878	50,582

at 30 September 2001

8.	CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year		
	·	2001	2000
		£	£
	Current instalment due on loan (note 10)	40,000	-
	Trade creditors	28,040	28,714
	Accruals	1,825	104,006
	Other creditors	3,355	3,729
		73,220	136,449
9.	CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		£	£
	Bank loan	690,000	•
_	Related undertaking	467,256	1,085,791
}	Total loans due after more than one year (note 10)	1,157,256	1,085,791
10.	DETAILS OF INDEBTEDNESS		
, 10.	DETAILS OF INDEDTEDNESS	2001	2000
}		£	2000 £
i			
]	Not wholly repayable within five years:		
•	Bank loan at commercial rates payable by instalments	730,000	
	Related undertaking	467,256	1,085,791
		1,197,256	1,085,791
	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year (note 8)	(40,000)	-
	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year (note 9)	1,157,256	1,085,791
		<del></del>	
	Amounts repayable:		
	In one year or less	40,000	-
	Between one and two years	40,000	-
	Between two and five years	120,000	•
		200,000	_
	Over five years	997,256	1,085,791
		1,197,256	1,085,791

The amounts due to the bank and related undertaking, Ethel Austin Properties Holdings Limited, are secured on the company's freehold investment properties. The loan from Ethel Austin Properties Holdings Limited is available for five years if required.

at 30 September 2001

#### 11. SHARE CAPITAL

		Authorised	Allotted, called up and fully paid	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
	No.	No.	£	£
'A' Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
'B' Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000

The 'A' and 'B' shares have equal rights.

#### 12. RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES

	Share capital £	Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
Issued in the period Surplus on revaluation of investment properties Loss for the period	20,000	- 746 -	- (22,404)	20,000 746 (22,404)
At 30 September 2000 Loss for the year	20,000	746	(22,404) (10,940)	(1,658) (10,940)
At 30 September 2001	20,000	746	(33,344)	(12,598)

#### 13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A J Norton and H W Bilton are directors of American Golf Discount Centre Limited which is a lessee of the company's investment properties. The rent received from American Golf Discount Centre Limited during the year was £42,500 (2000 £25,570). M B Owen and S R Williams were directors of Ethel Austin Properties Holdings Limited at 30 September 2001, at which date there was an amount of £467,256 (2000 £1,085,791) owing by the company to Ethel Austin Properties Holdings Limited. Interest charged in respect of this loan amounted to £40,245 (2000 £54,344).