FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 APRIL 2000

Registered number: 627599

COX & CO

CHARTERED CERTIFIED ACCOUNTANTS

Dudley

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# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# for the year ended 30 April 2000

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#### COMPANY INFORMATION

# 30 April 2000

NUMBER

627599

DIRECTORS

R F Stanyon P J Beswick Mrs M C Beswick R J Keeling

SECRETARY

Mrs J P Stanyon

REGISTERED OFFICE

10 Dudley Road

Oldbury Warley

West Midlands B69 3DN

BANKERS

Barclays Bank Plc 313 High Street West Bromwich West Midlands B70 8LP

SOLICITORS

Vernon & Shakespeare 15/17 Church Street

Oldbury Warley

West Midlands B69 3AA

AUDITORS

Cox & Co.

Chartered Certified Accountants

King Charles House

Castle Hill Dudley

West Midlands DY1 4PS

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT

#### 30 April 2000

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2000.

#### Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is that of wholesale paper merchants.

#### Business review

The directors are satisfied with the result for the year, and are of the opinion that similar results will be achieved in the forthcoming trading year.

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are shown in the profit and loss account on page 5. and related notes. The position of the company at 30 April 2000 is shown in the Balance Sheet on page 7 and related notes. The directors do not recommend a payment of an ordinary dividend.

#### Fixed assets

The freehold property was revalued by Messrs Lambert Smith Hampton, consultant surveyors, at £775,000. This resulted in a surplus of £129322 over the balance sheet value and this surplus has been brought into the financial statements.

# Directors

The directors of the company during the year and their interests in the shares of the company as recorded in the register of directors' interests were as follows

•	30 April 2000 Ordinary shares	1 May 1999 Ordinary shares
R F Stanyon	500	500
P J Beswick	498	498
Mrs M C Beswick	2	2
R J Keeling	-	-

In accordance with the Articles of Association, R F Stanyon retires by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting, and being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

continued .....

DIRECTORS' REPORT
 (continued)

30 April 2000

# Auditors

A resolution to re-appoint Cox & Co as auditors will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the board

Mrs J P Stanyon Secretary

10 Dudley Road Oldbury Warley West Midlands B69 3DN

2 November 2000

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

2 November 2000

On Aehalf of the board

R F Stanyon

Director

#### AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

#### F J BESWICK (NORTHAMPTON) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 18 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on pages 9 and 10.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

#### Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error or other irregularity. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 April 2000 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Cox & Co.

Registered Auditors

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Chartered Certified Accountants

Dudley
2 November 2000

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

# for the year ended 30 April 2000

	Note	2000 £	1999 £
Turnover	2	13,025,607	13,146,879
Cost of sales		(10,073,919)	(10,417,827)
Gross profit		2,951,688	2,729,052
Net operating expenses			
Adminstrative expenses		(2,753,645)	(2,519,092)
Operating profit	3	198,043	209,960
Investment income Interest payable	5 6	2,180 (64,834)	6,079 (70,054)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		135,389	145,985
Taxation	7	(39,734)	(46,912)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation retained for the year	16	95,655	99,073

Movements in reserves are shown in note 16.

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the above two financial years.

There were no recognised gains and losses in 2000 or 1999 other than the profit for the year.

# STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

# for the year ended 30 April 2000

	2000 £	1999 £
Profit for the financial year	95,652	99,073
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	124,149	-
Total recognized gains	219,801	99,073
NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFIT AND LO	2000 £	1999 £
Reported profit on ordinary activities before taxation	135,389	145,985
Excess of actual depreciation charge over historical cost depreciation	5,173	_
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before taxation	140,562	145,985
Historical cost retained profit	100,828	99,073

# BALANCE SHEET

# at 30 April 2000

			2000		1999
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		1,106,847		941,923
Current assets					
Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand		1,537,843 3,152,881 89,698		1,285,245 3,138,943 47,335	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	4,780,422		4,471,523	
Net current assets			1,491,888	1	,457,379
Total assets less current liabilitie	<b>9</b> \$		2,598,735	2	2,399,302
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12		(119,381)	) _	(144,925)
			2,479,354	2	2,254,377
Capital and reserves		•		-	
Called up share capital Revaluation reserve Profit and loss account	15 17 16		1,000 124 149 2,354,205	2	1,000 - 3,253,377
Total shareholders' funds	14		2,479,354	 2 =	,254,377

The financial statements on pages 5 to 18 were approved by the board of directors on  $^2$  November 2000 and signed on its behalf by:

R F Stanyon Director

# CASH FLOW STATEMENT

# for the year ended 30 April 2000

			2000		1999
	Note	£	£	£	£
Net cash inflow from operating activities	20		189,764		82,971
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	I				
Interest received		2,180		6,079	
Interest paid		(64,605)		(69,739)	
Interest element of finance lease					
rental payments		(229)		(315)	
	•		(62,654)		(63,975)
Taxation					(40.010)
Corporation tax paid			(47,584)		(42,812)
Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets		(192,311) 31,450		(96,650) 38,646	
		_	(160,861)	_	(58,004)
			(81,335)		(81,820)
Financing Debt due within a year: Bank loan		(2,747)		(25,000)	
Debt due beyond a year: Bank loan advances		(25,000)		- (271)	
Capital element of finance lease ren	ntals	(458)	_	(371)	
	•		(28,205)		(25,371)
Increase/(Decrease) in cash	21		(109,540)		(107,191)
		_	·	-	

#### NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 30 April 2000

# 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the amount derived from the provision of goods and services falling within the company's activities after deduction of trade discounts and value added tax.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation of fixed assets is calculated to write off their cost or valuation less any residual value over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Freehold buildings
Motor vehicles
Plant, fixtures and fittings
Computer equipment

25 years straight line 25% p.a reducing balance 20% p.a reducing balance 4 years straight line

#### Leases and hire purchase contracts

Tangible fixed assets acquired under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised at the estimated fair value at the date of inception of each lease or contract. The total finance charges are allocated over the period of the lease in such a way as to give a reasonably constant charge on the outstanding liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to income as incurred.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### Pensions

#### Defined benefit scheme

Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over the employees' working life with the company. The regular cost is attributed to the individual years using the projected unit method. Variations in cost which are identified as a result of actuarial valuations, are amortised over the average expected remaining working lives of employees in proportion to their expected payroll costs. Differences between the amounts funded and the amounts charged to the profit and loss account are treated as either provisions or prepayments in the balance sheet.

#### Defined contribution scheme

Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

#### NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 30 April 2000

# 1 Accounting policies (continued)

# Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided using the liability method in respect of the taxation effect of all timing differences to the extent that tax liabilities are likely to crystallise in the foreseeable future.

# 2 Turnover

The turnover for the year was derived from the company's principal activity. The whole of the turnover is attributable to the UK market.

#### 3 Operating profit

Operating profit		
	2000	1999
	£	£
Operating profit is stated		
after charging:		
Staff costs (note 4)	1,815,615	1,708,466
Auditors' remuneration	10,000	8,535
Operating leases		
Vehicle contract hire	101,852	85,861
Hire of equipment	25,242	24,322
Loss on sale of assets	13,052	6,664
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		
(note 8)		
Owned assets	111,991	89,644
Leased assets	216	271
	112,207	89,915

# NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 30 April 2000

4	Staff Costs	0000	1000
	Staff costs including directors' emoluments	2000 £	1999 £
	Wages and salaries	1,482,358	1,410,569
	Social security costs	133,250	133,124
	Pension costs	200,007	164,773
		1,815,615	1,708,466
	Average monthly number employed including executive directors:	Number	Number
	Warehouse and drivers	27	28
	Office and management	17	18
	Sales and representatives	19	19
		63	65 
	Directors	£	£
	Emoluments	425,089	421,767
	Company contributions in respect of	120,000	
	directors pensions	107,285	92,879
		532,374	514,646
	During the year the following number of directors:	Number	Number
	Accrued retirement benefits under:		
	Money purchase pension schemes	3	3
	Defined benefit pension schemes	1	1
	No director received shares under long-term i are no share options to exercise.	ncentive sche	emes and there
	Highest paid director	£	£
	Emoluments	239,089	235,767
	Company contributions in respect of		
	directors pensions	50,681	67,879
	Company pension schemes are detailed in note	19.	
5	Investment income		
		2000	1999
		£	£
	Interest receivable	2,180	6,079
_	Tel		
6	Interest payable	2000	1000
		2000 £	1999 £
	Bank interest	£ 64,605	69,739
	Hire purchase interest	229	315
		64,834	70,054

# NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 30 April 2000

-			
7	Taxa	tion	

	2000 £	1999 £
Corporation tax on profit on ordinary activities Over provision in earlier years	39,750 (16)	47,600 (688)
	39,734	46,912

# 8 Tangible fixed assets

	Motor	Computer	Plant, Equipment, Fixtures &	Freehold Land and	mak a l
Cost	Vehicles £	Equipment £	Fittings £	Buildings £	Total £
	_				
1 May 1999	457,401	-	376,627	645,678	1,479,706
Additions	119,780	49,250	23,281	-	192,311
Disposals	(94,719)	-	(535)		(95,254)
On revaluation	<u>-</u>		-	129,322	129,322
30 April 2000	482,462	49,250	399,373	775,000	1,706,085
Depreciation					
1 May 1999	260,025	-	277,758	-	537,783
Charge for year	67,927	12,312	24,218	7,750	112,207
Disposals	(50,436)		(316)		(50,752)
30 April 2000	277,516	12,312	301,660	7,750	599,238
Net book amount					
30 April 2000	204,946	36,938	97,713	767,250	1,106,847
1 May 1999	197,376		98,869	645,678	941,923

The net book amount of fixed assets includes £866 (1999 £1,082) in respect of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, the depreciation of which is shown in note 3.

Freehold land and buildings were revalued at an open market value on the basis of existing use at £775,000 by Messrs Lambert Smith Hampton, Consultant Surveyors. The surplus over net book value of £129,322 has been transferred to the revaluation reserve.

# NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 30 April 2000

9	Stocks		
		2000	1999
		£	£
	General stock	1,537,843	1,285,245
		1,537,843	1,285,245
			<del></del>
10	Debtors	2000	1999
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year	~	~
	Trade debtors	3,061,299	3,047,492
	Amounts owed by related undertakings (note 22)	33,998	31,886
	Other debtors	12,084	11,773
	Prepayments and accrued income	45,500	47,792
		3,152,881	3,138,943
11	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	Table 1	2000	1999
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	922,211	773,055
	Trade creditors	1,396,837	1,406,469
	Amounts owed to related undertakings (note 22)		213,509
	Corporation tax	39,750	47,600
	Other taxation and social security	294,630	269,569
	Other creditors	267,976	231,393
	Accruals and deferred income Obligations under finance leases	107,952	72,092
	and hire purchase contracts - note 12	543	457
		3,288,534	3,014,144

# NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 30 April 2000

12	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2000 £	1999 £
	Other liabilities		
	Bank loans Obligations under finance leases	118,750	143,750
	and hire purchase contracts	631	1,175
		119,381	144,925
	Maturity of debt	<del>Viduolen en </del>	
	In one year or less, or on demand		
	- see note 11	922,211	773,055
	Between one and two years	25,000	25,000
	Between two and five years	75,000	75,000
	In five years or more	18,750	43,750
		1,040,961	916,805
	Amounts falling due after more than five years:		
	Bank loans	18,750	43,750

The bank loans and overdraft are secured by a floating charge on the assets of the company and by a charge on the freehold property dated 18 April 1990.

# Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts

These are repayable over varying periods by monthly instalments as follows:

In the next year - see note 11	543	457
In the second to fifth years	631	1,175
	1,174	1,632

124,149

# F J BESWICK (NORTHAMPTON) LIMITED

# NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 30 April 2000

# 13 Deferred taxation

30 April 2000

There is no provision for deferred taxation in these accounts. The amount of unprovided deferred taxation is £3,077 (1999 - £4,232).

14	Reconciliation of movements	in shareholder	s' fun	ds 2000 £		1999 £
	Profit for the financial year representing a Net addition to shareholders' funds	r		95,655		99,073
	Revaluation of land and build	lings	:	129,322		-
	Opening shareholders' funds		2,	254,377		2,155,304
	Closing shareholders' funds			479,354		2,254,377
15	Called up share capital	200	0		;	1999
		Number of shares	;	<b>N</b> t	umber of shares	£
	Authorised					
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,00	00 == ===	1,000	1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid					
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,00	00 = =	1,000	1,000
16	Profit and loss account					2000 £
	1 May 1999 Retained profit for the year Transfer of amount equivalent					2,253,377 95,655
	additional depreciation on r	evalued asset:	S			5,173
	30 April 2000					2,354,205
17	Revaluation reserve					2000 £
	Surplus on revaluation of lan Transfer to profit and loss a		gs			129,322 (5,173)

#### NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 30 April 2000

#### 18 Guarantees and other financial commitments

Financial commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as at 30 April 2000 are set out below:

	2000 Land and Buildings	2000 Plant & Other	1999 Land and Buildings	1999 Plant & Other
	£	£	£	£
Expiring				
Within two to five years	35,575	125,000	35,575	105,644
After five years	40,200	-	40,200	14,570
	75,775	125,000	75,775	120,214

#### 19 Pension Schemes

# Defined contribution pension scheme

The company operates a defined contribution scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £56,604 (1999 £55,000).

# Defined benefit pension scheme

The company operates a pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company, being invested with insurance companies. Contributions to the scheme are charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over the employees' working lives with the company. The contributions are determined by a qualified actuary on the basis of triennial valuations using the projected unit method. The most recent valuation was at 1 July 1998. The assumptions which have the most significant effect on the results of the valuation are those relating to the rate of return on investments and the rates of increases in salaries and pensions. It was assumed that the investment returns would exceed salary increases by an average 1% per annum and that present and future pensions would increase at the rate of 3% per annum. The pension charge for the year was £143,403 (1999 £109,773).

The actuarial valuation showed that the actuarial value of the schemes assets represented 68% of the benefits that had accrued to members after allowing for expected future increases in earnings. The contributions of the company and employees are currently at the following percentage of earnings:

	Directors	Employees
Contribution rate of employer	16.5%	21.0%
Contribution rate of members	-	5.5%

# NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 30 April 2000

# 20 Notes to the cash flow statement

Reconciliation of operating profit to operating cash flows

of operating own aroun	2000	1999
	£	£
Operating profit	198,043	209,960
Depreciation charges	112,207	89,915
Loss on sale of fixed assets	13,052	6,664
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(252,598)	261,245
(Increase) in debtors	(13,938)	(144,014)
Increase/(Decrease) in creditors	132,998	(340,799)
Net cash inflow		
from operating activities	189,764	82,971

# 21 Notes to the cash flow statement (continued)

Analysis of changes in net debt

	At start of year	Cash flows	Other changes	At end of year
	£	£	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	47,335	42,363	-	89,698
Bank overdrafts	(748,055)	(151,903)	500,000	(399,958)
		(109,540)		
Debt due within 1 year	(25,000)	2,747	(500,000)	(522,253)
Debt due after 1 year	(143,750)	25,000	-	(118,750)
Finance leases	(1,632)	458	-	(1,174)
		28,205		
Total	(871,102)	(81,335)		(952,437)
		<del></del>		

# Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt

	2000 £	1999 £
Increase/(decrease)in cash in the year Cash inflow from increase	(109,540)	(107,191)
in debt and lease financing	28,205	25,371
Change in net debt resulting from cash flows	(81,335)	(81,820)
Net debt at 1 May 1999	(871, <b>1</b> 02)	(789,282)
Net debt at 30 April 2000	(952,437)	(871,102)

#### NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 April 2000

# 22 Related parties

The directors are also directors of F J Beswick (Paper) Limited and F J Beswick (Cotswolds) Limited. The company traded with these companies during the year on an arms-length commercial basis. Sales to these companies amounted to £735,800 for the year (1999 - £423,048) and purchases from these companies £474,789 for the year (1999 - £425,112).

At the Balance Sheet date, the company was owed £33,998 by F J Beswick (Cotswolds) Limited and owed F J Beswick (Paper) Limited £258,635.