# **Inkling Creative Ltd**

Company No. 09513591

Information for Filing with The Registrar

31 March 2020

# **Inkling Creative Ltd Directors**

# **Report Registrar**

The Director presents his report and the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2020.

# **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company during the year under review was the provision of strategic, creative and brand communication consultancy services.

#### Director

The Director who served at any time during the year was as follows:

M.S. Hewlett

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on behalf of the board

M.S. Hewlett Director 20 November 2020 Inkling Creative Ltd Balance Sheet Registrar at 31 March 2020

Company No. 09513591	Notes	2020	2019
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	4,630	6,259
		4,630	6,259
Current assets			
Debtors	5	45,714	34,813
Cash at bank and in hand	_	37,099	32,368
		82,813	67,181
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	6	(18,675)	(16,499)
Net current assets		64,138	50,682
Total assets less current liabilities		68,768	56,941
Net assets	_	68,768	56,941
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		200	200
Profit and loss account	7	68,568	56,741
Total equity	_	68,768	56,941

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A)of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not delivered to the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 20 November 2020 And signed on its behalf by:

M.S. Hewlett Director 20 November 2020

# Inkling Creative Ltd Notes to the Accounts Registrar for the year ended 31 March 2020

#### 1 General information

Its registered number is: 09513591

Its registered office is:Its trading address is:Ground Floor, Southon House25 Glenfield Road

Station Approach Banstead Edenbridge Surrey

Kent

TN8 5LP SM7 2DG

The functional and presentational currency of the company is Sterling. The accounts are rounded to the nearest pound.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (March 2018) and the Companies Act 2006. The March 2018 edition of FRS 102 includes amendments arising from the Financial Reporting Council's triennial review of the standard. There is no material effect on the amounts recognised in these financial statements as a result of early adopting these amendments.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

#### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost or valuation less the estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life:

Plant and machinery 25% Reducing balance Furniture, fittings and equipment 25% Reducing balance

#### **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Leased assets

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease.

Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Company are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are initially recognised as assets of the Company at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet date as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance expenses and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Company's policy on borrowing costs (see the accounting policy above).

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated in the same way as owned assets.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis.

# **Defined contribution pensions**

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payments obligations.

The contributions are recognised as expenses when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

### **Provisions**

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the profit and loss account in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the balance sheet.

# 3 Employees

	2020	2019
	Number	Number
The average number of persons employed during the year :	1	1

# 4 Tangible fixed assets

			Fixtures, fittings and	
			equipment	Total
			£	£
	Cost or revaluation			
	At 1 April 2019		12,622	12,622
	Additions		<b>7</b> 91	791
	Disposals		(1,078)	(1,078)
	At 31 March 2020		12,335	12,335
	Depreciation			
	At 1 April 2019		6,363	6,363
	Charge for the year		1,536	1,536
	Disposals		(194)	(194)
	At 31 March 2020		7,705	7,705
	Net book values			
	At 31 March 2020		4,630	4,630
	At 31 March 2019		6,259	6,259
5	Debtors			
		2020		2019
		£		£
	Trade debtors	13,178		8,360
	Loans to directors	32,536		25,591
	Other debtors	-	_	862
		45,714	_	34,813
6	Creditors:			
	amounts falling due within one year			
		2020		2019
		£		£
	Trade creditors	1,890		-
	Corporation tax	13,183		13,678
	Other taxes and social security	1,480		965
	Accruals and deferred income	2,122	_	1,856
		18,675		16,499

# 7 Reserves

Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

# 8 Dividends

	2020	2019
	£	£
Dividends for the period:		
Dividends paid in the period	42,425	36,500
	42,425	36,500
Dividends by type:		
Equity dividends	42,425	36,500
	42,425	36,500

# 9 Advances and credits to directors

Included within Other debtors are the following loans to directors:

		At 1 April			At 31 March
Director	Description	2019	Advanced	Repaid	2020
		£	£	£	£
M.S. Hewlett	Loan to M Hewlett	25,591	49,047	(42,102)	32,536
		25,591	49,047	(42,102)	32,536

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