Registered number: 09521039

INSTAVENUES LIMITED

UNAUDITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019



A29

11/12/2019 COMPANIES HOUSE

INSTAVENUES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 09521039

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

	Note		2019 £		2018 £
Fixed assets					_
Tangible assets	3		532,902		615,615
Current assets					
Debtors	4	716,746		704,057	
Cash at bank and in hand	•	52,426		84,254	
		769,172		788,311	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(1,807,763)		(1,781,534)	•
Net current liabilities			(1,038,591)		(993,223)
Total assets less current liabilities			(505,689)	-	(377,608)
Provisions for liabilities				. •	
Other provisions	6		(50,166)	•	(35,116)
Net liabilities			(555,855)	-	(412,724)
Capital and reserves				, –	
Called up share capital			12		12
Profit and loss account			(555,867)		(412,736)
Total shareholders' deficit	٠		(555,855)	_	(412,724)

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

INSTAVENUES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 09521039

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

The financial statements on pages 1 to 7 were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

B Hothi Director

Date: 29 1, 19

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1. General information

Instavenues Limited (the "Company") is a private company, limited by shares, which is incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales. The address of its registered offices is: Reflex, Cain Road, Bracknell, England, RG12 1HL.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the year:

2.2 Going concern

The Company relies on the support of The Knowledge Academy Limited to meet its cash flow requirements. At the date of signing these financial statements there are no indications that these balances will be recalled on demand and so the directors consider that it is correct to prepare these financial statements on a going concern basis.

2.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before turnover is recognised:

Rendering of services

Turnover from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of turnover can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.4 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Tangible assets

Tangible assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Long-term leasehold

- over the life of the lease

Computer equipment

- 33%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

2.6 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.9 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance Sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in the case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.11 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

3. Tangible assets

		Long-term leasehold £	Computer equipment £	Total £
	Cost		•	•
	At 1 April 2018	740,100	67,720	807,820
	Additions	7,600		7,600
			<u> </u>	
	At 31 March 2019	747,700	67,720	815,420
٠.				
	Accumulated depreciation			
	At 1 April 2018	139,534	52,671	192,205
. :	Charge for the year	75,264	15,049	90,313
	At 24 March 2040			
	At 31 March 2019	214,798	67,720	282,518
		:	-	
	Net book value			
	At 31 March 2019	532,902	•	532,902
		-		
	At 31 March 2018	600,566	15,049	615,615
			- حضاحت	
			•	• • ;*
4.	Debtors			
•		•	2019	2018
			£	£
	Trade debtors		461	4,133
	Other debtors		716,285	699,924
	•			
			716,746	704,057
	Conditions amounts falling described to the	•		
5 .	Creditors: amounts railing due within one year		·	
			2019	2018
			£	£
	Trade creditors		424,409	198,947
	Amounts owed to related entities		676,848	696,406
	Taxation and social security			22,877
	Other creditors		706,506	863,304
,			1,807,763	1,781,534
		•		
				•

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

6. Provisions

				Dilapidations £
At 1 April 2018 Charged to profit or loss		 •		35,116 15,050
At 31 March 2019	• .		•	50,166

7. Related party transactions

At the year end the Company owed £676,848 (2018: £697,006) from companies under common control.

During the year the Company made total sales of £1,179,872 (2018: £1,054,045) and purchases of £58,822(2018: £Nil) to the companies under common control.

8. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The Company was under the joint control of the Hothi family.