Registered number: 03101222

7 HIGH LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

7 High Ltd Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

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7 High Ltd Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2019

Registered number: 03101222

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		17,420		45,703
				•	
			17,420		45,703
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	4	1,769,665		1,304,551	
Investments	5	30,000		30,000	
Cash at bank and in hand		402,602	_	217,078	
		2,202,267		1,551,629	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(230,003)	-	(86,780)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			1,972,264	_	1,464,849
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			1,989,684		1,510,552
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES				-	
Deferred Taxation	7		(3,310)		(9,141)
NET ASSETS			1,986,374		1,501,411
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		•		•	
Called up share capital	8		2,002		2,002
Profit and Loss Account			1,984,372	-	1,499,409
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,986,374		1,501,411

7 High Ltd Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 December 2019

For the year ending 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the
 preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board
Mr Andrew Clarke
Director
29th September 2020

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

7 High Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery 25% reducing balance
Motor Vehicles 25% reducing balance

1.4. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income

7 High Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 1 (2018: 1)

3. Tangible Assets

3. Tangible Assets	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
As at 1 January 2019	64,915	68,536	133,451
Additions	6,437	-	6,437
Disposals		(68,536)	(68,536)
As at 31 December 2019	71,352	-	71,352
Depreciation			
As at 1 January 2019	48,125	39,623	87,748
Provided during the period	5,807	-	5,807
Disposals	-	(39,623)	(39,623)
As at 31 December 2019	53,932	-	53,932
Net Book Value		=======================================	
As at 31 December 2019	17,420	-	17,420
As at 1 January 2019	16,790	28,913	45,703
4. Debtors			
		2019	2018
		£	£
Due within one year			
Trade debtors		-	64,978
Other debtors - Section 455		381,285	144,836
Other debtors - Loan		15,000	15,000
Other debtors - M Clarke loan		3,000	3,000
Other debtors - S Houliston loan		7,500	7,500
Other debtors - 777 Racing Ltd		185,000	-
Other debtors - Deposit for company car		5,000	-
Director's loan account	-	1,172,880	1,069,237
	=	1,769,665	1,304,551
5. Current Asset Investments			
		2019	2018
		£	C
		T.	£
Unlisted investments	_	30,000	30,000

7 High Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year 2019 2018 £ £ Corporation tax 156,254 77,656 Other taxes and social security 320 VAT 30,428 8,374 Other creditors - Coda Agency Ltd 21,431 Other creditors - Loan 20,000 Accruals and deferred income 1,570 750 230,003 86,780 **Deferred Taxation** The provision for deferred taxation is made up of accelerated capital allowances 2019 2018 £ £ Deferred tax 3,310 9,141 3,310 9,141 **Share Capital** 2019 2018 Allotted, Called up and fully paid 2,002 2,002 **Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees** Included within Debtors are the following loans to directors: As at 1 **Amounts Amounts Amounts** As at 31 repaid January 2019 advanced written off December 2019 £ £ £ £ £ Mr Andrew Clarke (13,741) 1,172,880

The above loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

General Information

7 High Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 03101222. The registered office is Park House, 10 Park Street, Bristol, BS1 5HX.

117,384

1,069,237

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.	٦,